

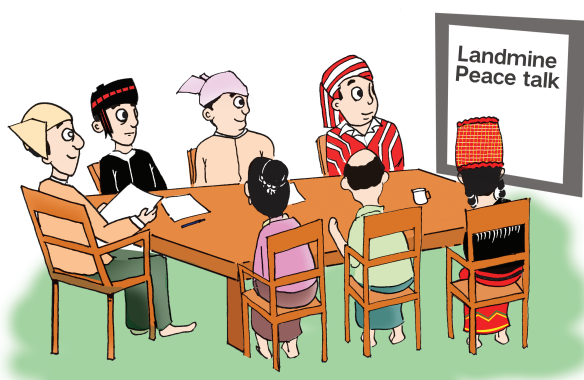
Townships with Known Landmine Contamination and Casualties in Myanmar (2017)

Casualties compared to other countries in Asia

Since 2007, Myanmar has suffered the third highest number of antipersonnel landmine casualties when compared to other countries in the Asian region.



Landmine casualties since the start of peace talks

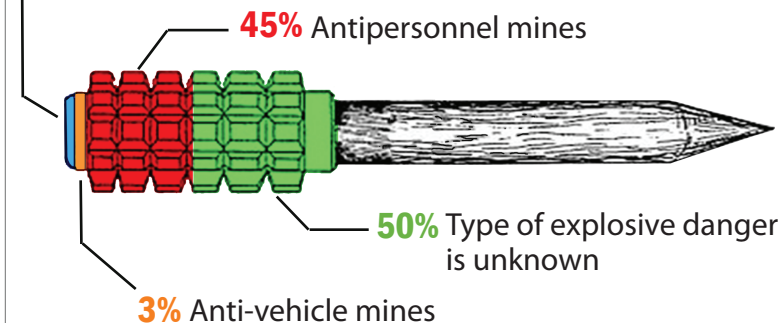


Almost 1200 people have been killed or injured by antipersonnel landmines since the previous government launched peace talks with ethnic armed groups in August 2011. More than 90% of these casualties were in Kachin, Kayin, Shan State and East Bago Region.

Type of explosive devices

In 90% of the cases where the explosive danger is known, it is an antipersonnel landmine.

2% Unexploded Ordinance



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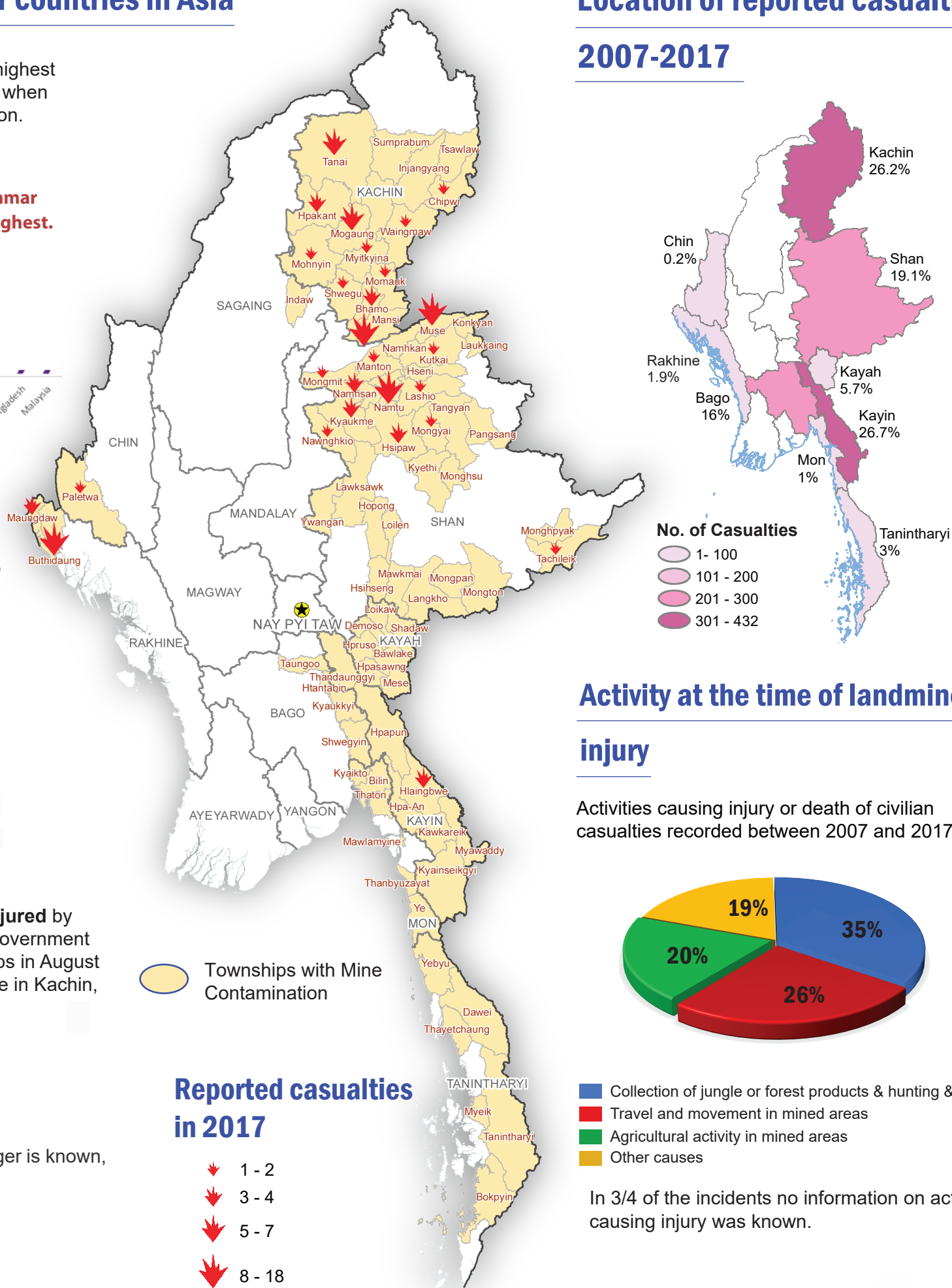
Data Source: Landmine Monitor

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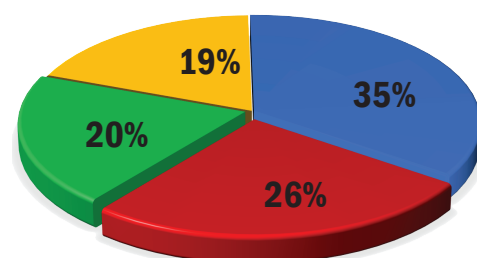
Location of reported casualties

2007-2017



Activity at the time of landmine injury

Activities causing injury or death of civilian casualties recorded between 2007 and 2017;



- Collection of jungle or forest products & hunting & fishing
- Travel and movement in mined areas
- Agricultural activity in mined areas
- Other causes

In 3/4 of the incidents no information on activity causing injury was known.

Gender of civilian landmine casualties

Based on reported information from 2007-2017, landmine casualties are often adult males. Casualties among women and children are expected to increase in the post-conflict time.

Adult males 60%

Adult Females 4%

Children 5%

Unknown 31%



Based on data compiled by the Landmine Monitor on casualties from 2007 to the present: