In the South-East, the total number of IDPs increased, with 9,800 newly displaced people (for a total 419,200 IDPs).

In Bago Region (East), about 9,700 IDPs from at least 10 villages in Shwegyin and Kyaukkyi Townships were displaced within the townships due to intense fighting and shelling on 16 March, including 970 IDPs from Kyaukkyi Township who were secondarily displaced. Of the total, 2,800 IDPs later returned to their places of origin.

In Kayah State, nearly 1,900 IDPs displaced by intensified fighting and indiscriminate shelling and airstrikes were verified in Loikaw Township, of whom 340 were secondarily displaced.

In Mon State, 1,100 IDPs from Thaton Township were displaced by shelling to the jungle and villages within the township.

In Kayin State, 600 IDPs from Kawkareik Township were displaced to Hlaingbwe Township due to security concerns, armed conflict, and heavy shelling. In Shan State (South), 400 IDPs from Pekon and Pinlaung Townships were displaced to Pinlaung Township due to intensified fighting and indiscriminate shelling and airstrikes; and in Tanintharyi Region, 300 IDPs from Tanintharyi Township were displaced to Myeik Township due to armed conflict and growing insecurity.

**WEEKLY DISPLACEMENT FIGURES**

Source: UN in Myanmar

**WEEKLY HIGHLIGHTS**

People who are estimated to be displaced by conflict in SE Myanmar (as of 20 Mar 2023).

The boundaries and names shown as well as the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.