

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

Situation Report – 128

Data as received by WHO from national authorities by 10:00 CEST, 27 May 2020

Highlights

WHO has published a case-control protocol for the <u>assessment of risk factors for coronavirus</u> <u>disease 2019 (COVID-19) in health workers</u>. The primary objective of this study is to characterize and assess the risk factors for SARS-CoV-2 infection in health workers exposed to COVID-19 patients.

A scientific brief has been published by WHO investigating any <u>association between smoking and an increased risk for COVID-19</u>. At the time of this review, the available evidence suggests that in hospitalized COVID-19 patients, smoking is associated with increased severity of disease and death.

WHO has published a <u>population-based age-stratified seroepidemiological investigation protocol</u> <u>for COVID-19 virus infection</u>. This protocol was designed to investigate the extent of infection, as determined by positive blood tests in the general population, in any country in which COVID-19 virus infection has been reported.

Elements of the <u>COVID-19 Strategic Response and Preparedness Plan (SPRP)</u> have been updated and are reviewed on a regular basis by WHO in consultation of all six regional offices. These elements are laid out in the <u>COVID-19 WHO Appeal</u>.

In today's 'Subject in Focus' below, the WHO Infodemics management pillar explores how WHO is listening to social media to get ahead of the infodemic.

Situation in numbers (by WHO Region)

Total (new cases in last 24 hours)

Globally	5 488 825 cases (84 314)	349 095 deaths (5 581)
Africa	85 815 cases (2 771)	2 308 deaths (94)
Americas	2 495 924 cases (41 472)	145 810 deaths (2 071)
Eastern Mediterranean	449 590 cases (10 690)	11 452 deaths (159)
Europe	2 061 828 cases (20 124)	176 226 deaths (3 013)
South-East Asia	218 523 cases (8 250)	6 359 deaths (219)
Western Pacific	176 404 cases (1 007)	6 927 deaths (25)

Subject in Focus: Using social media listening to get ahead of the infodemic

The COVID-19 pandemic is now a ubiquitous topic in global online conversations and "covid" ranks as the second most used word in all public English-language social media posts published in the past 30 days. The term received 55 million public mentions and was only surpassed by the word "people", with 57 million mentions.

The task of reaching global audiences with trustworthy and timely information is challenging in this tsunami of information – but more important than ever. The COVID-19 information ecosystem is sensitive to new "conversation inputs", such as news stories, influential statements, or new research findings. These inputs have a measurable impact on online conversations and can affect people's behaviour and emotions.

The WHO Infodemics management pillar has been monitoring global English- language conversations on COVID-19 to detect early signals of growing interest and public engagement with constantly emerging narratives around COVID-19. Regardless of whether these signals stem from trusted or unreliable sources they can be used to anticipate and intervene: what questions need answering or what myths need busting.

In early April, the weekly monitoring detected a 98% rise in the number of global posts that engaged with the conversation on COVID-19 immunity.

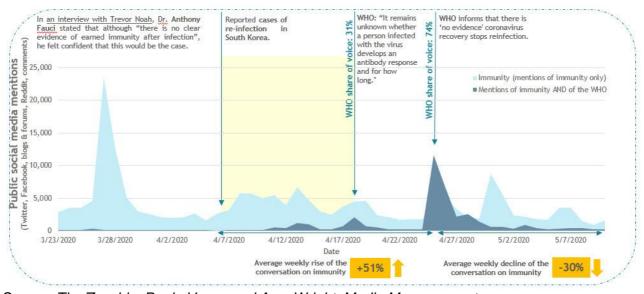


Figure 1. Overview of the English-language social media conversation on immunity from 23 March 2020 to 10 May 2020 and relative WHO communication intervention

Source: Tim Zecchin, Paolo Vacca and Amy Wright, Media Measurement

The publication of research data on South Korean patients who had tested positive for COVID-19 following post-recovery tests generated an increase in the volume of mentions, questions, and speculation over a possible "reactivation" of the virus. The linguistic analysis that complements the weekly study unpacked the emotional response expressed by English-speaking users, revealing a 137% jump in social media posts using language that is representative of fear.

The analysis of 233 300 social media posts that mentioned immunity-related keywords in the context of COVID-19 between 23 March and 10 May 2020 suggested that the conversation had been rising by a daily average of 12% between 7 April to 17 April (Figure 1, highlighted in yellow). On 18 April, news media reported that WHO was "not sure whether the presence of antibodies in blood gives full protection against reinfection." On this day, 31% of the public social media conversation on immunity on was driven by the World Health Organization's own communication.

Following this statement, public concern over the possibility of COVID-19 re-infection – as inferred from the online conversation – decreased by 16% on average for the following six days. A second surge in conversation was then driven by WHO's follow up statement on the clear "lack of evidence" of earned immunity after infection on 25 April. On this day this statement was issued, 74% of the social media conversation on immunity was driven by the WHO's communication.

The data suggest that the introduction of a new input into the COVID-19 information ecosystem, on the topic of 're-infection / immunity' has been influenced by proactive WHO infodemic intervention, filling the potential information gap.

After an average weekly rise of 51% of social media mentions of immunity over the two weeks that preceded WHO's communication, the intervention helped to reverse the trend during the two weeks that followed (-30%). And even when immunity-related content did not specifically mention WHO, a decline in conversation could be detected: from +44% before the statement to -4% after the statement.

Figure 2. Breakdown of topic rise and decline before and after WHO's own communication interventions



Source: Media Measurement.

WHO's timely communication in response to a topic of growing concern has helped to de-escalate speculation around immunity and reinfection on social media - even before the release of information that eventually claimed that the cases of re-infection detected in South Korea were false positives.

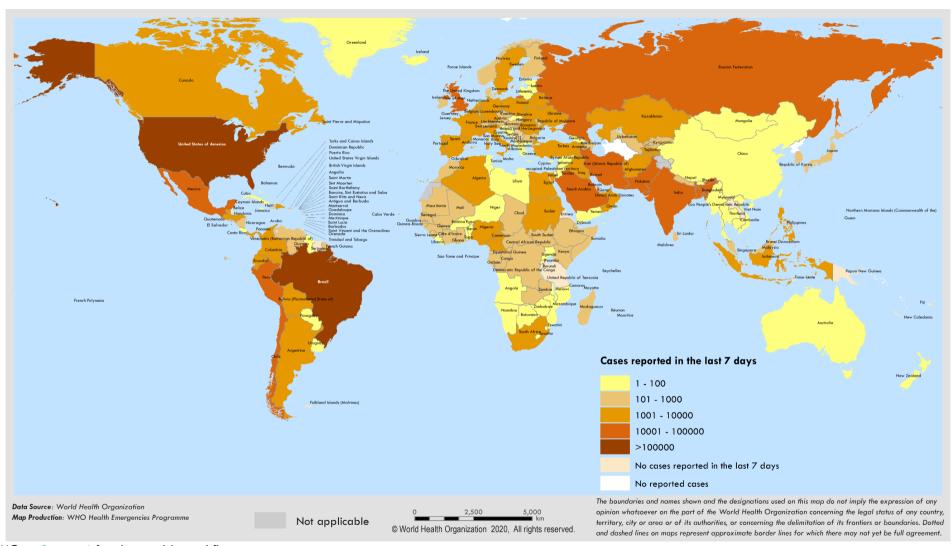
EPI-WIN has applied this social media listening methodology to public health and has detected invaluable insights, inspiring new ways of thinking and communicating risk during health emergencies.

The general approach to analysis was presented in the recent COVID-19 Situation Report number 100: https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/situation-reports/20200429-sitrep-100-covid-19.pdf?sfvrsn=bbfbf3d1_6

WHO Information network for Epidemics: www.who.int/epi-win

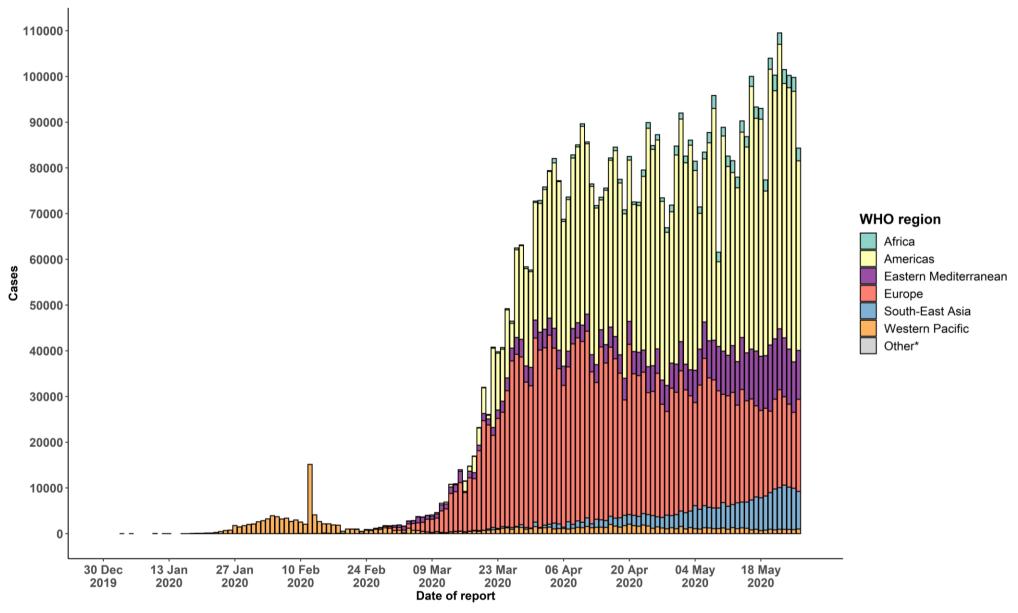
Surveillance

Figure 3. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases reported in the last seven days by country, territory or area, 21 May to 27 May**



^{**}See Annex 1 for data, table and figure notes.

Figure 4. Number of confirmed COVID-19 cases, by date of report and WHO region, 30 December 2019 through 27 May 2020**



^{**}See Annex 1 for data, table and figure notes.

Table 1. Countries, territories or areas with reported laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases and deaths, by WHO region. Data as of 10 AM CEST, 27 May 2020**

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Africa						
South Africa	24 264	649	524	43	Community transmission	0
Algeria	8 697	194	617	8	Community transmission	0
Nigeria	8 344	276	249	16	Community transmission	0
Ghana	6 964	156	32	0	Community transmission	0
Cameroon	5 436	546	177	12	Community transmission	0
Guinea	3 358	36	20	0	Community transmission	0
Senegal	3 161	31	37	2	Community transmission	0
Côte d'Ivoire	2 477	54	30	0	Community transmission	0
Democratic Republic of the Congo	2 402	98	67	1	Community transmission	0
Gabon	2 238	103	14	0	Community transmission	0
Kenya	1 348	62	52	0	Community transmission	0
Guinea-Bissau	1 173	0	6	0	Community transmission	2
Mali	1 077	18	70	3	Community transmission	0
Equatorial Guinea	1 043	0	12	0	Community transmission	3
Niger	952	1	63	1	Community transmission	0
Zambia	920	0	7	0	Community transmission	4
Burkina Faso	845	4	53	1	Community transmission	0
South Sudan	806	151	8	0	Clusters of cases	0
Sierra Leone	754	19	44	2	Community transmission	0
Ethiopia	701	46	6	1	Clusters of cases	0
Chad	700	13	62	1	Community transmission	0
					*	

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Central African Republic	652	0	1	0	Clusters of cases	1
Madagascar	586	44	2	0	Clusters of cases	0
Congo	569	38	19	2	Community transmission	0
United Republic of Tanzania	509	0	21	0	Community transmission	19
Togo	391	5	13	0	Community transmission	0
Cabo Verde	390	0	4	1	Clusters of cases	1
Uganda	341	37	0	0	Sporadic cases	0
Rwanda	339	3	0	0	Sporadic cases	0
Mauritius	334	0	10	0	Clusters of cases	2
São Tomé and Príncipe	295	130	10	0	Clusters of cases	0
Liberia	266	1	26	0	Community transmission	0
Mauritania	262	0	9	0	Clusters of cases	1
Eswatini	261	5	2	0	Clusters of cases	0
Mozambique	213	4	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Benin	208	17	3	0	Community transmission	0
Malawi	101	0	4	0	Clusters of cases	1
Angola	71	2	4	0	Clusters of cases	0
Zimbabwe	56	0	4	0	Sporadic cases	3
Comoros	43	0	1	0	Community transmission	2
Burundi	42	0	1	0	Clusters of cases	9
Eritrea	39	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	38
Botswana	35	0	1	0	Clusters of cases	2
Gambia	25	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	4

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Namibia	21	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	2
Seychelles	11	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	50
Lesotho	2	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	4
Territories ⁱⁱ						
Mayotte	1634	25	20	0	Clusters of cases	0
Réunion	459	3	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Americas						
United States of America	1 634 010	15 253	97 529	620	Community transmission	0
Brazil	374 898	11 687	23 473	807	Community transmission	0
Peru	123 979	4 020	3 629	173	Community transmission	0
Canada	85 998	895	6 566	113	Community transmission	0
Chile	77 961	3 964	806	45	Community transmission	0
Mexico	71 105	2 485	7 633	239	Community transmission	0
Ecuador	37 355	0	3 203	0	Community transmission	1
Colombia	21 981	806	750	23	Community transmission	0
Dominican Republic	15 264	191	468	8	Community transmission	0
Argentina	12 628	552	471	19	Community transmission	0
Panama	11 183	257	310	4	Community transmission	0
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	6 660	397	261	11	Community transmission	0
Honduras	4 189	239	182	2	Community transmission	0
Guatemala	3 760	336	59	1	Community transmission	0
El Salvador	2 042	59	36	1	Community transmission	0
Cuba	1 963	16	82	0	Clusters of cases	0
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	1 177	56	10	0	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Haiti	1 063	105	31	4	Community transmission	0
Costa Rica	951	21	10	0	Clusters of cases	0
Paraguay	877	12	11	0	Community transmission	0
Uruguay	787	18	22	0	Clusters of cases	0
Jamaica	556	4	9	0	Clusters of cases	0
Nicaragua	279	0	17	0	Community transmission	6
Guyana	137	2	11	1	Clusters of cases	0
Trinidad and Tobago	116	0	8	0	Sporadic cases	29
Bahamas	100	0	11	0	Clusters of cases	2
Barbados	92	0	7	0	Clusters of cases	2
Antigua and Barbuda	25	0	3	0	Clusters of cases	23
Grenada	23	1	0	0	Clusters of cases	0
Belize	18	0	2	0	Sporadic cases	42
Saint Lucia	18	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	22
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	18	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	6
Dominica	16	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	46
Saint Kitts and Nevis	15	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	36
Suriname	11	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	8
Territories ⁱⁱ						
Puerto Rico	3 324	64	129	0	Community transmission	0
French Guiana	353	25	1	0	Clusters of cases	0
Martinique	197	0	14	0	Clusters of cases	4
Guadeloupe	161	0	14	0	Clusters of cases	1
Cayman Islands	134	5	1	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Bermuda	133	0	9	0	Clusters of cases	2
Aruba	101	0	3	0	Sporadic cases	21
Sint Maarten	78	0	15	0	Sporadic cases	13
United States Virgin Islands	69	0	6	0	Clusters of cases	16
Saint Martin	40	1	3	0	Sporadic cases	0
Curaçao	18	1	1	0	Sporadic cases	0
Falkland Islands (Malvinas)	13	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	31
Turks and Caicos Islands	12	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	29
Montserrat	11	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	43
British Virgin Islands	8	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	11
Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba	7	0	0	0	No cases	1
Saint Barthélemy	6	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	57
Anguilla	3	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	53
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	1	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	49
Eastern Mediterranean						
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	139 511	1 787	7 508	57	Community transmission	0
Saudi Arabia	76 726	1 931	411	12	Clusters of cases	0
Pakistan	59 151	1 446	1 225	28	Clusters of cases	0
Qatar	47 207	1 742	28	2	Community transmission	0
United Arab Emirates	31 086	779	253	5	Pending	0
Kuwait	22 575	608	172	7	Clusters of cases	0
Egypt	18 756	789	797	14	Clusters of cases	0
Afghanistan	12 379	548	226	6	Clusters of cases	0
Bahrain	9 366	195	14	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Oman	8 118	348	37	0	Clusters of cases	0
Morocco	7 577	45	202	2	Clusters of cases	0
Iraq	4 848	216	169	6	Clusters of cases	0
Sudan	4 146	170	184	14	Community transmission	0
Djibouti	2 468	0	14	0	Clusters of cases	1
Somalia	1 711	22	67	1	Sporadic cases	0
Lebanon	1 140	21	26	0	Clusters of cases	0
Tunisia	1 051	0	48	0	Community transmission	2
Jordan	718	7	9	0	Clusters of cases	0
Yemen	253	16	50	5	Pending	0
Syrian Arab Republic	121	15	4	0	Community transmission	0
Libya	77	2	3	0	Clusters of cases	0
Territories ⁱⁱ						
occupied Palestinian territory	605	3	5	0	Clusters of cases	0
Europe						
Russian Federation	370 680	8 338	3 968	161	Clusters of cases	0
The United Kingdom	265 231	4 043	37 048	134	Community transmission	0
Spain	236 631	1 231	29 035	2201	Community transmission	0
Italy	230 555	397	32 955	78	Community transmission	0
Germany	179 364	362	8 349	47	Community transmission	0
Turkey	158 762	948	4 397	28	Community transmission	0
France	142 704	222	284 77	98	Community transmission	0
Belgium	57 455	113	9 334	22	Community transmission	0
Netherlands	45 578	133	5 856	26	Community transmission	0

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Belarus	38 059	915	208	4	Community transmission	0
Sweden	34 440	597	4 125	96	Community transmission	0
Portugal	31 007	219	1 342	12	Community transmission	0
Switzerland	30 678	15	1 647	6	Community transmission	0
Ireland	24 735	37	1 615	9	Community transmission	0
Poland	22 074	443	1 024	17	Community transmission	0
Ukraine	21 905	321	658	14	Community transmission	0
Romania	18 429	146	1 210	13	Community transmission	0
Israel	16 743	23	281	1	Pending	0
Austria	16 497	38	643	2	Community transmission	0
Denmark	11 428	41	563	0	Community transmission	0
Serbia	11 227	34	239	0	Pending	0
Kazakhstan	9 304	335	37	2	Pending	0
Czechia	9 050	48	317	0	Clusters of cases	0
Norway	8 364	12	235	0	Clusters of cases	0
Armenia	7 774	372	98	7	Community transmission	0
Republic of Moldova	7 305	156	273	8	Community transmission	0
Finland	6 628	29	312	4	Pending	0
Azerbaijan	4 403	132	52	1	Clusters of cases	0
Luxembourg	3 995	2	110	0	Pending	0
Hungary	3 793	22	505	6	Community transmission	0
Uzbekistan	3 333	72	14	1	Clusters of cases	0
Tajikistan	3 266	166	47	1	Pending	0
Greece	2 892	10	173	1	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Bulgaria	2 460	27	133	3	Clusters of cases	0
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2 415	10	149	4	Community transmission	0
Croatia	2 244	0	101	1	Community transmission	2
North Macedonia	2 015	16	116	3	Clusters of cases	0
Estonia	1 834	10	65	0	Pending	0
Iceland	1 804	0	10	0	Community transmission	3
Lithuania	1 639	4	65	2	Community transmission	0
Kyrgyzstan	1 520	52	16	0	Clusters of cases	0
Slovakia	1513	2	28	0	Clusters of cases	0
Slovenia	1 469	0	106	0	Clusters of cases	2
Latvia	1 053	4	22	0	Clusters of cases	0
Albania	1 050	21	33	0	Clusters of cases	0
Cyprus	939	2	17	0	Clusters of cases	0
Andorra	763	0	51	0	Community transmission	3
Georgia	735	3	12	0	Community transmission	0
San Marino	672	0	42	0	Community transmission	5
Malta	611	0	6	0	Sporadic cases	1
Montenegro	324	0	9	0	Clusters of cases	21
Monaco	98	0	1	0	Sporadic cases	3
Liechtenstein	83	0	1	0	Pending	31
Holy See	12	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	20
Territories ⁱⁱ						
Kosovo ^[1]	1 038	0	30	0	Community transmission	1
Isle of Man	336	0	24	0	Pending	5

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Jersey	307	1	29	0	Community transmission	0
Guernsey	252	0	13	0	Community transmission	24
Faroe Islands	187	0	0	0	Pending	33
Gibraltar	154	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	2
Greenland	12	0	0	0	Pending	1
South-East Asia						
India	151 767	6 387	4 337	170	Clusters of cases	0
Bangladesh	36 751	1 166	522	21	Clusters of cases	0
Indonesia	23 165	415	1 418	27	Community transmission	0
Thailand	3 054	9	57	0	Clusters of cases	0
Maldives	1 438	43	5	1	Clusters of cases	0
Sri Lanka	1 319	137	10	0	Clusters of cases	0
Nepal	772	90	4	0	Sporadic cases	0
Myanmar	206	3	6	0	Clusters of cases	0
Bhutan	27	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	2
Timor-Leste	24	0	0	0	Clusters of cases	33
Western Pacific						
China	84 544	1	4 645	0	Clusters of cases	0
Singapore	32 343	383	23	0	Clusters of cases	0
Japan	16 651	28	858	12	Clusters of cases	0
Philippines	14 669	350	886	13	Community transmission	0
Republic of Korea	11 265	40	269	0	Clusters of cases	0
Malaysia	7604	187	115	0	Clusters of cases	0

Reporting Country/ Territory/Area	Total confirmed cases	Total confirmed new cases	Total deaths	Total new deaths	Transmission classification ⁱ	Days since last reported case
Australia	7 133	15	102	0	Clusters of cases	0
New Zealand	1 154	0	21	0	Clusters of cases	5
Viet Nam	327	1	0	0	Clusters of cases	0
Brunei Darussalam	141	0	1	0	Clusters of cases	19
Mongolia	141	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	4
Cambodia	124	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	4
Lao People's Democratic Republic	19	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	44
Fiji	18	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	36
Papua New Guinea	8	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	34
Territories ⁱⁱ						
Guam	163	2	5	0	Clusters of cases	0
French Polynesia	60	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	21
Northern Mariana Islands (Commonwealth of the)	22	0	2	0	Pending	5
New Caledonia	18	0	0	0	Sporadic cases	54
Subtotal for all regions	5 488 084	84 314	349 082	5 581		
Other*	741	0	13	0	Not applicable	-
Grand total	5 488 825	84 314	349 095	5 581		

^{**}See Annex 1 for data, table and figure notes.

Technical guidance and other resources

- To view all technical guidance documents regarding COVID-19, please go to this webpage.
- Updates from WHO regional offices

WHO AFRO
WHO EMRO
WHO EURO
WHO WPRO

- Research and Development
- Online courses on COVID-19 and in additional national languages
- The Strategic Preparedness and Response Plan (SPRP) outlining the support the international community can provide to all countries to prepare and respond to the virus
- WHO Health Emergency dashboard
- Weekly COVID-19 Operations Updates

Recommendations and advice for the public

- Protect yourself
- Questions and answers
- Travel advice
- <u>EPI-WIN</u>: tailored information for individuals, organizations and communities

Case definitions

WHO periodically updates the <u>Global Surveillance for human infection with coronavirus</u> <u>disease (COVID-19)</u> document which includes surveillance definitions.

Definition of COVID-19 death

COVID-19 death is defined for surveillance purposes as a death resulting from a clinically compatible illness in a probable or confirmed COVID-19 case, unless there is a clear alternative cause of death that cannot be related to COVID-19 disease (e.g. trauma). There should be no period of complete recovery between the illness and death.

Further guidance for certification and classification (coding) of COVID-19 as cause of death is available here.

Annex 1: Data, table and figure notes

Caution must be taken when interpreting all data presented. Differences are to be expected between information products published by WHO, national public health authorities, and other sources using different inclusion criteria and different data cut-off times. While steps are taken to ensure accuracy and reliability, all data are subject to continuous verification and change. Case detection, definitions, testing strategies, reporting practice, and lag times differ between countries/territories/areas. These factors, amongst others, influence the counts presented, with variable underestimation of true case and death counts, and variable delays to reflecting these data at global level.

The designations employed, and the presentation of these materials do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of WHO concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement. Countries, territories and areas are arranged under the administering WHO region.

The mention of specific companies or of certain manufacturers' products does not imply that they are endorsed or recommended by WHO in preference to others of a similar nature that are not mentioned. Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distinguished by initial capital letters.

[1] All references to Kosovo should be understood to be in the context of the United Nations Security Council resolution 1244 (1999). In the map, number of cases of Serbia and Kosovo (UNSCR 1244, 1999) have been aggregated for visualization purposes.

Counts reflect laboratory-confirmed cases and deaths, based on <u>WHO case</u> <u>definitions</u>, unless stated otherwise (see Country, territory, or area-specific updates and errata), and include both domestic and repatriated cases.

Other*: includes cases reported from international conveyances.

Due to the recent trend of countries conducting data reconciliation exercises which remove large numbers of cases or deaths from their total counts, WHO will now display such data as negative numbers in the "new cases" / "new deaths" columns as appropriate. This will aid readers in identifying when such adjustments occur. When additional details become available that allow the subtractions to be suitably apportioned to previous days, graphics will be updated accordingly. Prior situation reports will not be edited; see covid19.who.int for the most up-to-date data.

Additional table notes

¹ Transmission classification is based on a process of country/territory/area self-reporting. Classifications are reviewed on a weekly basis, may be revised as new information becomes available, and are based on the highest category reported. Differing degrees of transmission may be present within countries/territories/areas. Categories:

- No cases: with no confirmed cases
- Sporadic cases: with one or more cases, imported or locally detected.

- Clusters of cases: experiencing cases, clustered in time, geographic location and/or by common exposures.
- Community transmission: experiencing larger outbreaks of local transmission defined through an assessment of factors including, but not limited to: large numbers of cases not linkable to transmission chains; large numbers of cases from sentinel lab surveillance; and/or multiple unrelated clusters in several areas of the country/territory/area.
- Pending: transmission classification has not been reported to WHO.

ii "Territories" include territories, areas, overseas dependencies and other jurisdictions of similar status.

Country, territory, or area-specific updates and errata

• **Update 27 May 2020, Gibraltar:** Number of cases adjusted retrospectively by national authorities: one case was deducted.