**Definition**

- **Safe water**: fecal coliform count of 0 organisms per 100 ml of water.
- **Improved source of water**: type of water source that, by nature of its construction or through active intervention, is likely to be protected from outside contamination, in particular from contamination with fecal matter.

**Domestic purposes**: bathing, drinking and cooking

**Functioning excreta disposal system**: system which leads to safe disposal of excreta, so that it does not contaminate the environment, water, food or hands, is essential for ensuring a healthy environment and for protecting personal health.

**Number of targeted women, men, boys and girls benefitting from safe/improved drinking water, meeting demand for domestic purposes, at minimum/agreed standards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WASH Indicators</th>
<th>Definition</th>
<th>Corresponding 4W sub indicator</th>
<th>Parameter/Assumptions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of women, men, boys and girls benefitting from safe/improved drinking water, meeting demand for domestic purposes, at minimum/agreed standards</strong></td>
<td>Safe water: fecal coliform count of 0 organisms per 100 ml of water. Improved source of water: type of water source that, by nature of its construction or through active intervention, is likely to be protected from outside contamination, in particular from contamination with fecal matter. Domestic purposes: bathing, drinking and cooking</td>
<td># of functional improved water sources in the site operating at the end of the reporting period</td>
<td>Improved water sources: Hand dug well 400 people, Hand Pump 500 people, Tank, Water Boating/Trucking Distribution System, Pond = 15 Liters/Person/Day: 8 hr tapstand open,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of targeted women, men, boys and girls benefitting from a functional excreta disposal system, reducing safety/public health/environmental risks</strong></td>
<td>Functioning excreta disposal system: system which leads to safe disposal of excreta, so that it does not contaminate the environment, water, food or hands, is essential for ensuring a healthy environment and for protecting personal health.</td>
<td># of functional adult latrines that meet design requirements in the site operating during reporting period</td>
<td>Camp: 20 people: 1 latrine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of targeted women, men, boys and girls benefitting from timely and/or adequate and/or tailored personal hygiene items and receiving appropriate/community tailored messages that enable health seeking behavior</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td># of people (men) receiving consultation, hygiene promotion messages and sessions during reporting period</td>
<td># of people receiving consultation, hygiene promotion messages and sessions during reporting period (OR) # of people receiving basic Hygiene items</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source of information**

The information is coming from WASH partners’ quarterly 4W report.

For more detail information - Follow the link: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B_b4O8K5B0rKa2Y3df9sU1dUeTg

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**Source of information**

The information of acute watery diarrhea and influenza like illness are received from Rakhine Early Warning, Alert and Response System (EWARS). Note that real-time EWARS monitoring is practiced, and that necessary actions are independent of this analysis.

**Formula for proportional morbidity**: Numerator is the number of acute watery diarrhea cases (OR) number of influenza like illness (new cases only) divided by the denominator of total number of consultations in the same area during the specified time period.

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WHO Yangon Office
### Township WASH Interventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th># of WASH covered sites</th>
<th>Total PoP</th>
<th># of people benefiting from safe/improved drinking water, meeting demand for domestic purposes, at minimum/agreed standards</th>
<th># of people benefiting from a functional excreta disposal system, reducing safety/public health/environmental risks</th>
<th># of People benefiting from timely and/or adequate and/or tailored personal hygiene items and receiving appropriate/community tailored messages that enable health seeking behavior</th>
<th># of sites with Health intervention</th>
<th>Total consultations</th>
<th>Cases of Acute watery diarrhoea</th>
<th>Proportional morbidity of AWD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bhamo</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>8,018</td>
<td>7,887</td>
<td>5,193</td>
<td>5,792</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chipwi</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,999</td>
<td>267</td>
<td>3,802</td>
<td>3,898</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>479</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpakan</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>3,920</td>
<td>3,802</td>
<td>3,808</td>
<td>8,361</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>532</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mansi</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>13,067</td>
<td>6,720</td>
<td>8,361</td>
<td>8,361</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mogaung</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1,462</td>
<td>1,388</td>
<td>1,134</td>
<td>1,462</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohnin</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Momauk</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>27,262</td>
<td>13,662</td>
<td>22,173</td>
<td>22,173</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puta-O</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shwegu</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,859</td>
<td>1,884</td>
<td>482</td>
<td>482</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sumprabum</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>872</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>872</td>
<td>872</td>
<td>872</td>
<td>872</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tanai</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>950</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>840</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waingmaw</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>24,684</td>
<td>17,232</td>
<td>15,785</td>
<td>15,785</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>1720</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grand Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>139</strong></td>
<td><strong>97,501</strong></td>
<td><strong>62,925</strong></td>
<td><strong>70,251</strong></td>
<td><strong>70,251</strong></td>
<td><strong>58</strong></td>
<td><strong>4,878</strong></td>
<td><strong>11</strong></td>
<td><strong>0.2%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WASH & Health Integrated Analysis by Township**

- % of people benefiting from safe/improved drinking water, meeting demand for domestic purposes, at minimum/agreed standards
- % of people benefiting from a functional excreta disposal system, reducing safety/public health/environmental risks
- % of People benefiting from timely and/or adequate and/or tailored personal hygiene items and receiving appropriate/community tailored messages that enable health seeking behavior
- Proportional morbidity of AWD

**Water Quality Testing at Household Vs Proportional morbidity of AWD**

- % Water samples tested at water sources
- % Water testing resulted less than 10 coliform forming units (CFU) per 100ml at water source
- Proportional morbidity of AWD

**Water Quality Testing at Household Vs Proportional morbidity of AWD**

- % Water samples tested at Household
- % Water testing resulted less than 10 coliform forming units (CFU) per 100ml at Household
- Proportional morbidity of AWD
The information of acute watery diarrhea and influenza-like illness are received from Rakhine Early Warning, Alert and Response System (EWARS). Note that real-time EWARS monitoring is practiced, and that necessary actions are independent of this analysis.

**Formula for proportional morbidity:**

Numerator: Number of acute watery diarrhea cases (OR number of influenza-like illness) divided by the denominator of total number of consultations in the same area during the specified time period.

**Numerator**: Number of sites with effective solid waste management  
**Denominator**: Total number of Existing Latrines in IDPs camps

**Numerator**: Number of IDPs accessed to Handwashing station  
**Denominator**: Total IDPs covered by WASH actors

**Numerator**: Number of IDPs reached by regular dedicated hygiene promotion

WASH

Source of information

The information of acute watery diarrhea and influenza-like illness are received from Rakhine Early Warning, Alert and Response System (EWARS). Note that real-time EWARS monitoring is practiced, and that necessary actions are independent of this analysis.


Formula for proportional morbidity: Numerator is the number of acute watery diarrhea cases (OR number of influenza-like illness (new cases only)) divided by the denominator of total number of consultations in the same area during the specified time period.