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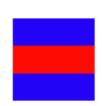
The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census YANGON REGION, EASTERN DISTRICT Dagon Myothit(East) Township Report



Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Yangon Region, Eastern District

Dagon Myothit(East) Township Report

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Office No. 48

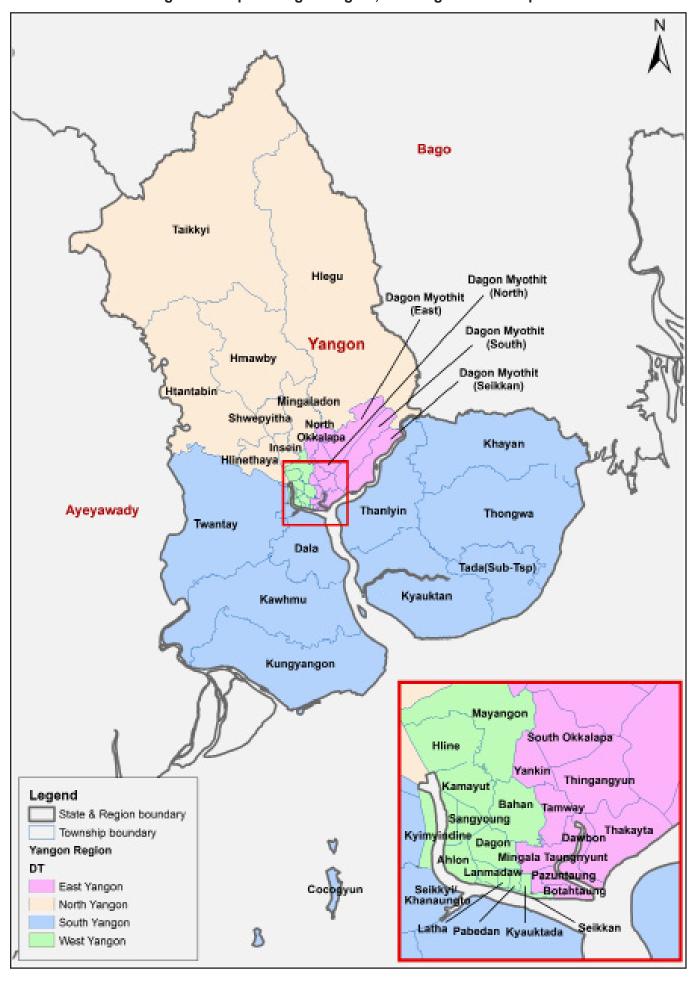
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Figure 1: Map of Yangon Region, showing the townships



Dagon Myothit (East) Township Figures at a Glance ¹

Total Population	165,628 ²		
Population males	80,861 (48.8%)	
Population females	84,767 (51.2%)	
Percentage of urban population	94.3%		
Area (Km²)	91.0 ³		
Population density (per Km²)	1,819.4 perso	ns	
Median age	27.8 years		
Number of wards	28		
Number of village tracts	3		
Number of private households	33,913		
Percentage of female headed households	24.5%		
Mean household size	4.6 persons ⁴		
Percentage of population by age group			
Children (0 – 14 years)	24.6%		
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	70.1%		
Elderly population (65+ years)	5.3%	5.3%	
Dependency ratios			
Total dependency ratio	42.7	42.7	
Child dependency ratio	35.1	35.1	
Old dependency ratio	7.6	7.6	
Ageing index	21.6	21.6	
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	95		
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	96.2%		
Male	97.8%		
Female	94.8%		
People with disability	Number	Per cent	
Any form of disability	9,143	5.5	
Walking	3,669	2.2	
Seeing	4,886	2.9	
Hearing	2,096	1.3	
Remembering	2,749	1.7	
Kemembering	2,143	1.7	

Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)	Number		Per co	ent	
Citizenship Scrutiny	92,011	92,011 65.6			
Associate Scrutiny	92	92 0.1			
Naturalised Scrutiny	595		0.4		
National Registration	4,508		3.2		
Religious	1,455		1.0		
Temporary Registration	2,094		1.5		
Foreign Registration	143		0.1		
Foreign Passport	50		<0.1		
None	39,226		28.0		
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64)	Both sexe	es N	lale	Female	
Labour force participation rate	61.9%	8	0.6%	44.4%	
Unemployment rate	4.0%	4	.2%	3.8%	
Employment to population ratio	59.4%	7	7.3%	42.7%	
Ownership of housing unit (Tenure)	Number		Per co	ent	
Owner	18,870		55.6		
Renter	10,090	10,090 29.8		29.8	
Provided free (individually)	1,310		3.9		
Government quarters	872	872 2.6			
Private company quarters	559	559 1.6			
Other	2,212	2,212 6.5			
Material for housing	Wall	Floo	or	Roof	
Dhani/Theke/In leaf	9.6%			13.5%	
Bamboo	38.6%	16.9	%	0.2%	
Earth	0.1%	0.8%	6		
Wood	28.1%	61.0	%	0.2%	
Corrugated sheet	1.4%			84.9%	
Tile/Brick/Concrete	19.0%	19.6	5%	0.9%	
Other	3.2%	1.6%	6	0.4%	
Main source of energy for cooking	Number		Per co	ent	
Electricity	16,174		47.7		
LPG	335		1.0		
Kerosene	*		< 0.1		
Biogas	201		0.6		
Firewood	5,815		17.1		
Charcoal	10,987		32.4		
Coal	124		0.4		
Other	262		0.8		

Main source of energy for lighting	Number	Per cent
Electricity	23,883	70.4
Kerosene	272	0.8
Candle	1,592	4.7
Battery	6,345	18.7
Generator (private)	1,257	3.7
Water mill (private)	*	< 0.1
Solar system/energy	334	1.0
Other	227	0.7
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	3,244	9.6
Tube well, borehole	13,132	38.7
Protected well/spring	48	0.1
Bottled/purifier water	13,149	38.8
Total Improved Water Sources	29,573	87.2
Unprotected well/spring	136	0.4
Pool/pond/lake	3,491	10.3
River/stream/canal	158	0.4
Waterfall/rainwater	24	0.1
Other	531	1.6
Total Unimproved Water Sources	4,340	12.8
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	5,405	15.9
Tube well, borehole	24,039	70.9
Protected well/spring	81	0.2
Unprotected well/spring	136	0.4
Pool/pond/lake	3,395	10.0
River/stream/canal	208	0.6
Waterfall/rainwater	*	< 0.1
Bottled/purifier water	37	0.1
Other	611	1.8

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	926	2.7
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	31,086	91.7
Total Improved Sanitation	32,012	94.4
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	1,025	3.0
Bucket (Surface latrine)	266	0.8
Other	*	0.1
None	592	1.7
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	11,691	34.5
Television	25,292	74.6
Landline phone	746	2.2
Mobile phone	22,938	67.6
Computer	2,242	6.6
Internet at home	6,137	18.1
Households with none of the items	5,040	14.9
Households with all of the items	121	0.4
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	1,762	5.2
Motorcycle/Moped	3,552	10.5
Bicycle	22,555	66.5
4-Wheel tractor	76	0.2
Canoe/Boat	95	0.3
Motor boat	61	0.2
Cart (bullock)	495	1.5

Note: ¹ Population figures for Dagon Myothit (East) Township are as of 29th March 2014.

² Includes both household population and institution population.

³ Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

⁴ Calculated based on conventional household population

^{*} Less than 20.

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Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://www.d

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Dagon Myothit (East) Township in Yangon Region. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.

Census information o	on Dagon N	/lyothit (Eas	st) Township

(A) Demographic Characteristics

Total Population	165,628 *				
Males	80,861				
Females	84,767				
Sex ratio	95 males per 10	00 females			
Percentage of urban population	94.3%				
Area (Km²)	91.0 **				
Population density (persons per Km²)	1,819.4 persons				
Number of wards	28				
Number of village tracts	3				
	Total	Urban	Rural		
Population in conventional households	155,258	146,502	8,756		
Number of conventional households	33,913	31,895	2,018		
Mean household size	4.6 persons ***				

- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, there are slightly more females than males with 95 males per 100 females.
- The majority of the people (94.3%) in the Township live in urban areas.
- The population density of Dagon Myothit (East) Township is 1,819 persons per square kilometre.
- There are 4.6 persons living in each household in Dagon Myothit (East) Township. This is slightly more than the Union average.

Note: * Includes both household population and institution population.

^{**} Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

^{***} Calculated based on conventional household population

Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward and village tract;

Dagon Myothit (East) Township (East District, Yangon Region)

_		No. of	Population				
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females		
	Total	33,913	165,628	80,861	84,767		
	Ward	31,895	156,244	76,015	80,229		
1	No(1)(W)	1,909	9,352	4,678	4,674		
2	No(2)(W)	712	3,374	1,620	1,754		
3	No(3)(W)	832	3,910	1,839	2,071		
4	No(4)(W)	770	3,721	1,752	1,969		
5	No(5)(W)	1,670	8,168	3,826	4,342		
6	No(6)(W)	1,663	7,942	3,941	4,001		
7	No(7)(W)	2,582	12,810	6,141	6,669		
8	No(8)(W)	2,257	10,920	5,138	5,782		
9	No(9)(W)	754	3,659	1,639	2,020		
10	No(10)(W)	224	1,287	623	664		
11	No(11)(W)	1,039	5,299	2,538	2,761		
12	No(12)(W)	1,781	9,379	4,633	4,746		
13	No(13)(W)	1,677	8,227	4,086	4,141		
14	No(14)(W)	667	3,222	1,706	1,516		
15	No(15)(W)	834	4,216	2,096	2,120		
16	No(52)(W)	745	3,435	1,696	1,739		
17	No(108)(W)	895	4,272	2,152	2,120		
18	No(110)(W)	317	1,942	623	1,319		
19	No(118)(W)	898	6,158	2,873	3,285		
20	No(124)(W)	570	2,371	1,161	1,210		
21	No(125)(W)	1,877	8,544	4,310	4,234		
22	Sit Pin (South)(W)	532	2,267	1,154	1,113		
23	Taung Ta Loke(W)	341	2,699	1,502	1,197		
24	Ywar Thar Gyi(Ah Shey Paing)(W)	1,467	6,726	3,345	3,381		
25	Thone Khwa/Ah Shey Paing(W)	478	2,248	1,136	1,112		
26	No(133)(W)	2,583	11,549	5,623	5,926		
27	No(155)(W)	704	3,415	1,662	1,753		
28	No(156)(W)	1,117	5,132	2,522	2,610		

Table 1: (Continued)

_		No. of	Population				
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females		
	Village Tract	2,018	9,384	4,846	4,538		
1	Shan Te Gyi (East)(VT)	422	1,990	1,010	980		
2	Ma Lit(East)(VT)	1,149	5,193	2,716	2,477		
3	Lay Daunt Kan (East)(VT)	447	2,201	1,120	1,081		

Figure 2: Population by broad age groups,

Dagon Myothit (East) Township

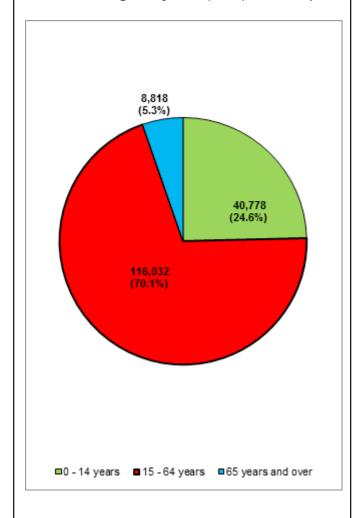


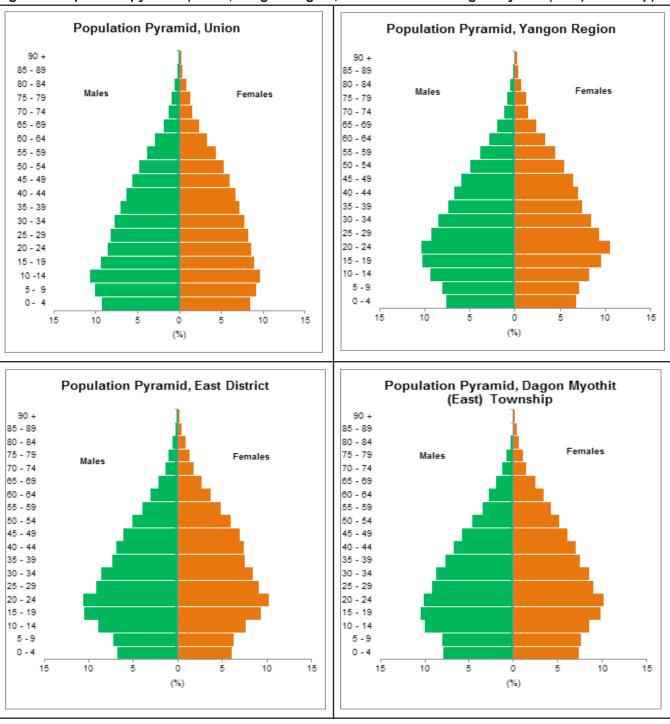
Table 2: Population by 5-year age groups,

Dagon Myothit (East) Township

Age groups	Total	Males	Females
Total	165,628	80,861	84,767
0 - 4	12,589	6,357	6,232
5 - 9	12,865	6,450	6,415
10 - 14	15,324	8,091	7,233
15 - 19	16,737	8,437	8,300
20 - 24	16,707	8,152	8,555
25 - 29	14,996	7,385	7,611
30 - 34	14,258	7,031	7,227
35 - 39	12,548	6,193	6,355
40 - 44	11,389	5,481	5,908
45 - 49	9,782	4,673	5,109
50 - 54	8,096	3,729	4,367
55 - 59	6,389	2,790	3,599
60 - 64	5,130	2,287	2,843
65 - 69	3,670	1,620	2,050
70 - 74	2,226	1,007	1,219
75 - 79	1,592	689	903
80 - 84	770	311	459
85 - 89	389	127	262
90 +	171	51	120

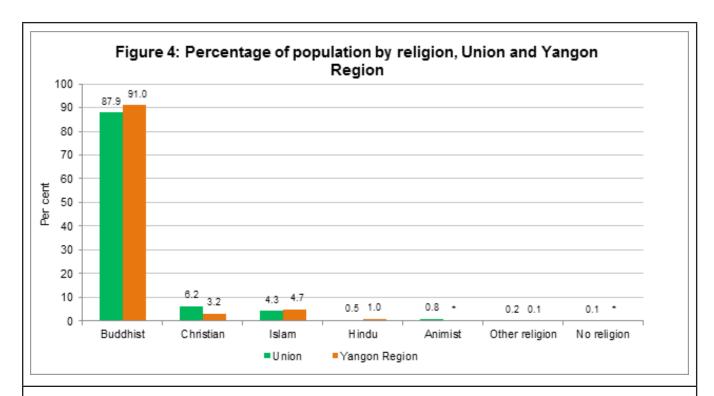
- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Dagon Myothit (East) Township is 70.1 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Yangon Region, East District and Dagon Myothit (East) Township)



- The birth rate has been noticeably declining in Dagon Myothit (East) Township since the last 10 years.
- The population has markedly declined from age group 25-29 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is a noticeably higher percentage of working age group 15-64 population in Dagon Myothit (East) Township.
- Starting from age group 20-24, there are less males than females in all age groups.

(B) Religion



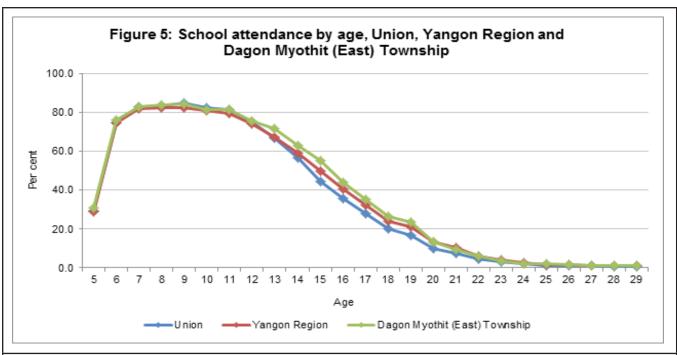
- At the Union level, the composition of the population by religion is: 87.9% Buddhist, 6.2% Christian, 4.3% Islam, 0.5% Hindu, 0.8% Animist, 0.2% Other religion and 0.1% No religion.
- In Yangon Region, it is 91.0% Buddhist, 3.2% Christian, 4.7% Islam, 1.0% Hindu, 0.1% Other religion, and less than 0.1% each for Animist and those with No religion.

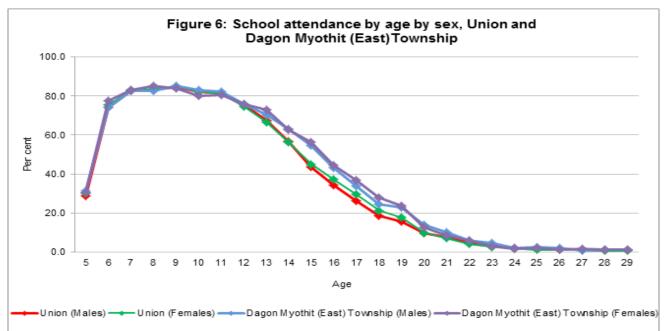
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(C) Education

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age

	Tot	al popula	tion	Currently attending				
Age	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females		
5	2,448	1,242	1,206	761	391	370		
6	2,576	1,277	1,299	1,955	949	1,006		
7	2,610	1,296	1,314	2,163	1,071	1,092		
8	2,465	1,223	1,242	2,068	1,011	1,057		
9	2,532	1,277	1,255	2,140	1,087	1,053		
10	2,727	1,422	1,305	2,226	1,179	1,047		
11	2,690	1,346	1,344	2,191	1,108	1,083		
12	2,819	1,455	1,364	2,137	1,105	1,032		
13	3,124	1,609	1,515	2,237	1,134	1,103		
14	3,009	1,514	1,495	1,893	955	938		
15	2,782	1,436	1,346	1,538	782	756		
16	2,844	1,440	1,404	1,249	622	627		
17	2,835	1,433	1,402	1,005	489	516		
18	3,170	1,526	1,644	833	374	459		
19	2,914	1,430	1,484	684	331	353		
20	3,246	1,594	1,652	433	222	211		
21	2,846	1,368	1,478	267	138	129		
22	2,956	1,436	1,520	174	86	88		
23	2,813	1,381	1,432	105	63	42		
24	2,664	1,275	1,389	53	27	26		
25	2,931	1,429	1,502	65	34	31		
26	2,611	1,280	1,331	42	28	14		
27	2,704	1,249	1,455	39	11	28		
28	2,833	1,371	1,462	36	19	17		
29	2,656	1,254	1,402	35	17	18		





- School attendance in Dagon Myothit (East) Township drops after age 10 for males and age 9 for females.
- Compared to the Union, the school attendance of males in Dagon Myothit (East) Township is higher at age over 14.

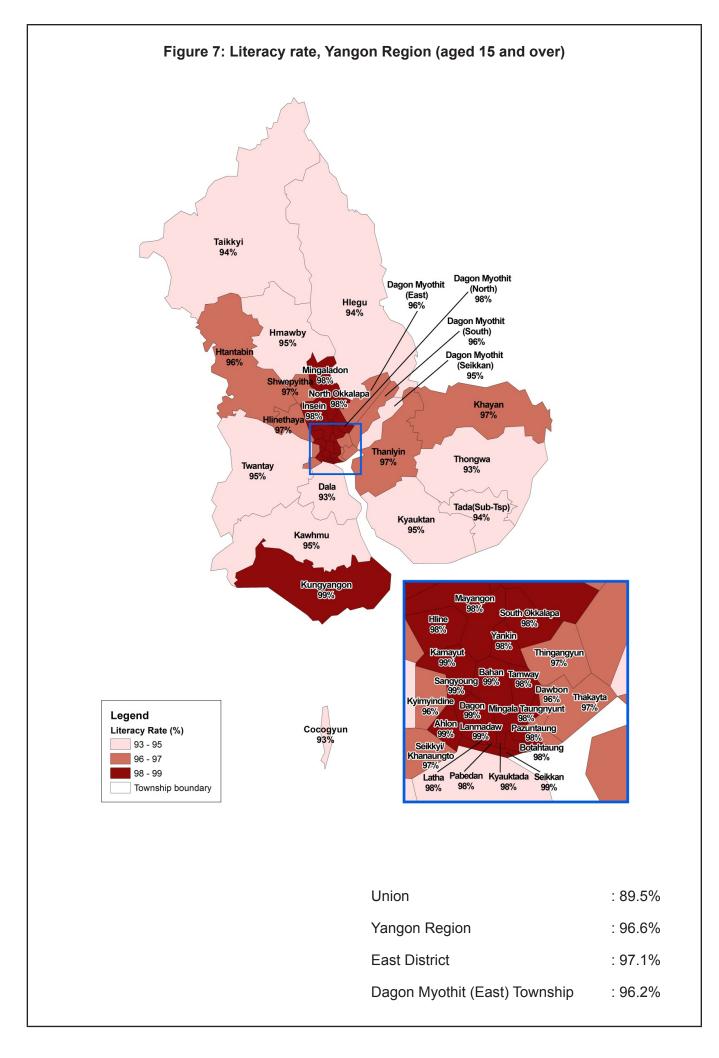


Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 - 24), Dagon Myothit (East) Township

Sex	Total Population (15 - 24)	Literacy Rate (15 - 24)		
Total	29,070	97.4		
Males	14,319	97.7		
Females	14,751	97.2		

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Dagon Myothit (East) Township is 96.2 per cent. It is lower than the literacy rate of Yangon Region (96.6%) and higher than the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 94.8 per cent and for the males it is 97.8 per cent.
- The literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 97.4 per cent with 97.2 per cent for females and 97.7 per cent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

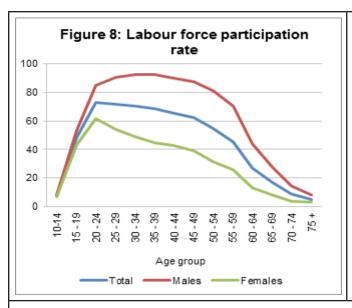
T.	Total	None	% Never	Primary	school	Middle school	High school	Diploma	University/	Post- graduate	Vocational	Other	
	lotai	None	attended	(grade 1 - 4)	(grade 5)	(grade 6 - 9)	(grade Diploma 10 - 11)		College		training	Other	
Total	91,406	7,155	7.8	11,641	13,791	23,926	19,879	335	13,564	626	218	271	
Urban	86,676	6,377	7.4	10,654	12,456	22,972	19,460	322	13,330	619	215	271	
Rural	4,730	778	16.4	987	1,335	954	419	13	234	7	3	-	
Males	43,374	2,901	6.7	4,200	5,775	12,530	11,024	258	6,136	230	171	149	
Females	48,032	4,254	8.9	7,441	8,016	11,396	8,855	77	7,428	396	47	122	

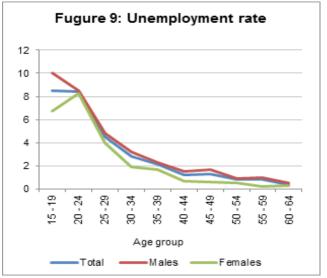
- Some 7.8 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- Of the rural population aged 25 and over, 16.4 per cent have never been to school.
- There are 6.7 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 8.9 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 15.1 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and only 14.8
 per cent has completed university/college education.

(D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate by sex and age group

Age groups	Labour Fo	rce Particip	ation Rate	Unemployment Rate			
rigo groupo	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
10-14	7.6	7.9	7.2	8.8	9.7	7.7	
15 - 19	48.4	53.2	43.5	8.5	10.0	6.7	
20 - 24	72.9	84.8	61.5	8.4	8.5	8.3	
25 - 29	71.8	90.2	53.9	4.5	4.8	4.0	
30 - 34	70.4	92.3	49.1	2.8	3.2	1.9	
35 - 39	68.3	92.3	44.9	2.1	2.3	1.7	
40 - 44	65.5	90.1	42.7	1.2	1.5	0.7	
45 - 49	62.0	87.1	39.1	1.3	1.7	0.6	
50 - 54	54.4	81.1	31.6	0.8	0.9	0.5	
55 - 59	45.4	70.7	25.7	0.8	1.0	0.2	
60 - 64	27.1	44.3	13.2	0.4	0.5	0.3	
65 - 69	16.8	27.5	8.3	0.2	0.2	-	
70 - 74	8.6	14.5	3.8	-	-	-	
75 +	5.2	8.4	3.0	0.7	1.0	_	
15 - 24	60.6	68.7	52.7	8.4	9.1	7.6	
15 - 64	61.9	80.6	44.4	4.0	4.2	3.8	





- Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Dagon Myothit (East) Township is 61.9 per cent.
- The labour force participation rate of females is 44.4 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 80.6 per cent.
- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is 7.6 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Dagon Myothit (East) Township is 4.0 per cent. There is not much difference between the unemployment rate for males (4.2%) and for females (3.8%).
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 7.6 per cent.

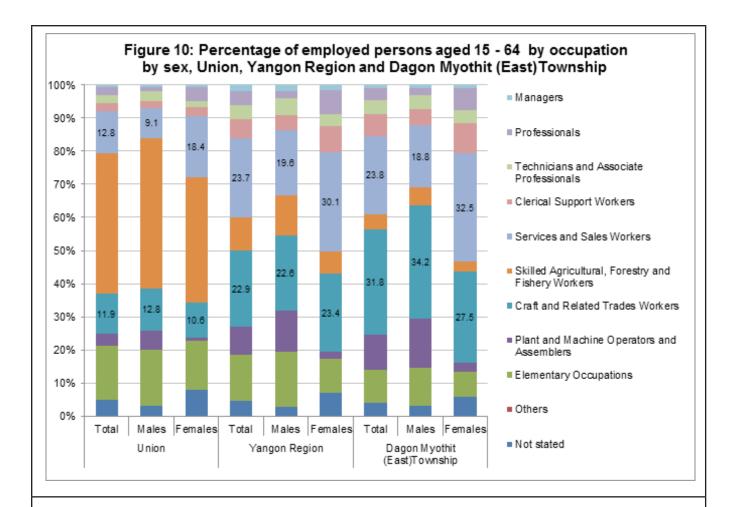
Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

		Usual activity status										
Sex	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	III, disabled	Other					
Total	66,188	1.1	29.8	42.7	13.3	1.8	11.4					
Males	21,437	2.3	46.3	3.9	20.5	3.2	23.8					
Females	44,751	0.5	21.8	61.3	9.8	1.1	5.4					

Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 46.3 per cent of males are full time students while 61.3 per cent of females are household workers.

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex

	Empl	oyed pers	sons	Per cent			
Occupation	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	63,701	40,466	23,235	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Managers	692	439	253	1.1	1.1	1.1	
Professionals	2,315	810	1,505	3.6	2.0	6.5	
Technicians and Associate Professionals	2,714	1,758	956	4.3	4.3	4.1	
Clerical Support Workers	4,060	1,968	2,092	6.4	4.9	9.0	
Services and Sales Workers	15,147	7,593	7,554	23.8	18.8	32.5	
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	2,832	2,119	713	4.4	5.2	3.1	
Craft and Related Trades Workers	20,237	13,853	6,384	31.8	34.2	27.5	
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	6,730	6,038	692	10.6	14.9	3.0	
Elementary Occupations	6,374	4,668	1,706	10.0	11.5	7.3	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Not stated	2,600	1,220	1,380	4.1	3.0	5.9	



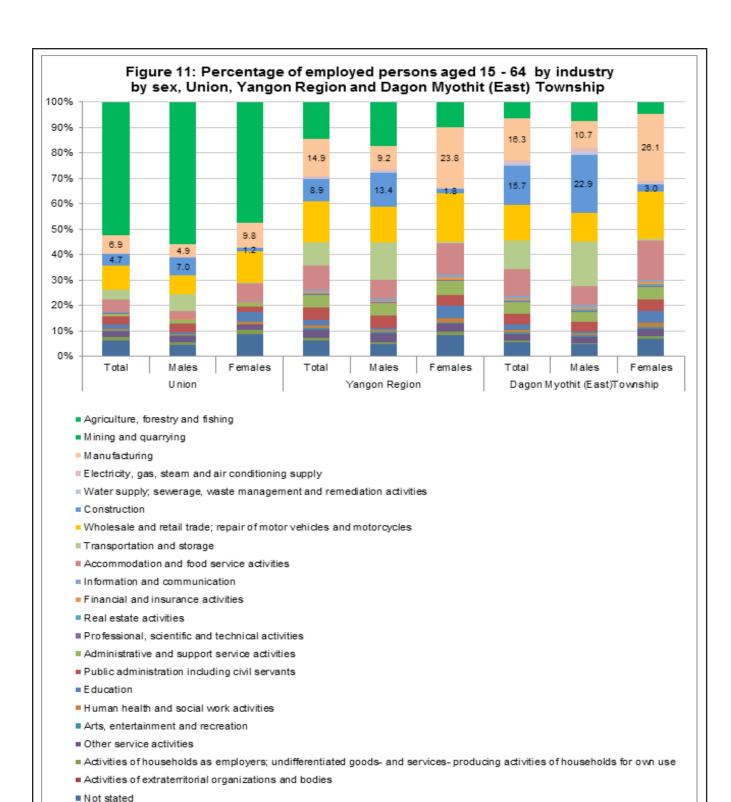
- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, 31.8 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are craft and related trades workers and is the highest proportion, followed by 23.8 per cent in services and sales workers.
- Analysis by sex shows that 34.2 per cent of males and 27.5 per cent of females are craft and related trades workers.
- In Yangon Region, 22.9 per cent are craft and related trades workers and 23.7 per cent are in services and sales workers.

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

la di cata c	Emp	oloyed per	sons	Per cent			
Industry	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	63,701	40,466	23,235	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4,086	2,964	1,122	6.4	7.3	4.8	
Mining and quarrying	72	64	8	0.1	0.2	*	
Manufacturing	10,388	4,334	6,054	16.3	10.7	26.1	
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	968	697	271	1.5	1.7	1.2	
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	410	365	45	0.6	0.9	0.2	
Construction	9,987	9,283	704	15.7	22.9	3.0	
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	8,859	4,552	4,307	13.9	11.2	18.5	
Transportation and storage	7,135	7,005	130	11.2	17.3	0.6	
Accommodation and food service activities	6,680	3,093	3,587	10.5	7.6	15.4	
Information and communication	605	385	220	0.9	1.0	0.9	
Financial and insurance activities	435	194	241	0.7	0.5	1.0	
Real estate activities	428	289	139	0.7	0.7	0.6	
Professional, scientific and technical activities	206	137	69	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Administrative and support service activities	2,818	1,684	1,134	4.4	4.2	4.9	
Public administration including civil servants	2,680	1,558	1,122	4.2	3.9	4.8	
Education	1,259	227	1,032	2.0	0.6	4.4	
Human health and social work activities	691	257	434	1.1	0.6	1.9	
Arts, entertainment and recreation	411	305	106	0.6	0.8	0.5	
Other service activities	1,674	962	712	2.6	2.4	3.1	
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services- producing activities of households for own use	375	196	179	0.6	0.5	0.8	
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	20	14	6	*	*	*	
Not stated	3,514	1,901	1,613	5.5	4.7	6.9	

Note:

^{*} Less than 0.1 per cent.

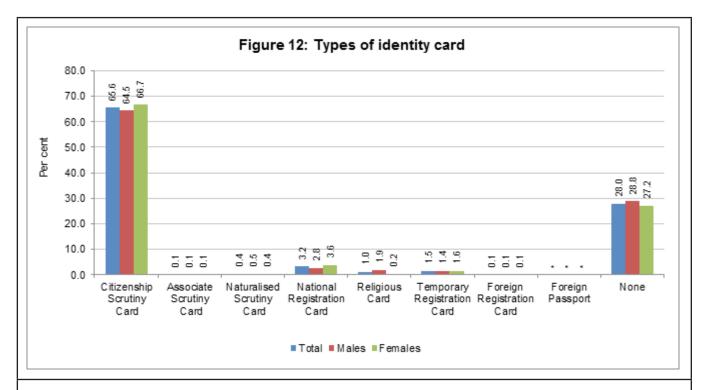


- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, the proportion of employed persons working in the industry of "Manufacturing" is the highest with 16.3 per cent.
- The second highest industry is "Construction" at 15.7 per cent.
- There are 10.7 per cent of males and 26.1 per cent of females working in "Manufacturing" industry.
- In Yangon Region, there are 14.9 per cent of employed population working in "Manufacturig" industry and 8.9 per cent in "Construction" industry.

(E) Identity Cards

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	92,011	92	595	4,508	1,455	2,094	143	50	39,226
Urban	87,877	90	500	4,148	1,256	1,996	143	50	36,492
Rural	4,134	2	95	360	199	98	-	-	2,734
Males	43,884	41	329	1,889	1,298	926	61	25	19,601
Females	48,127	51	266	2,619	157	1,168	82	25	19,625



- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, 65.6 per cent of the population aged 10 and over have Citizenship Scrutiny Card while 28.0 per cent have none.
- Analysis by sex shows that 28.8 per cent of males and 27.2 per cent of females do not have any type
 of card.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(F) Disability

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

Age groups		Total P	opulation		Type of disability				
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering	
Total	165,628	156,485	9,143	5.5	4,886	2,096	3,669	2,749	
0 - 4	12,589	12,049	540	4.3	108	123	411	407	
5 - 9	12,865	12,683	182	1.4	33	47	61	97	
10 - 14	15,324	15,085	239	1.6	46	47	64	141	
15 - 19	16,737	16,520	217	1.3	66	47	56	97	
20 - 24	16,707	16,514	193	1.2	70	38	49	75	
25 - 29	14,996	14,785	211	1.4	79	44	52	67	
30 - 34	14,258	13,952	306	2.1	117	60	92	93	
35 - 39	12,548	12,175	373	3.0	163	71	101	110	
40 - 44	11,389	10,849	540	4.7	314	67	160	120	
45 - 49	9,782	8,949	833	8.5	511	115	244	181	
50 - 54	8,096	7,171	925	11.4	601	122	315	206	
55 - 59	6,389	5,495	894	14.0	561	161	312	190	
60 - 64	5,130	4,253	877	17.1	509	189	347	182	
65 - 69	3,670	2,812	858	23.4	553	201	370	214	
70 - 74	2,226	1,539	687	30.9	401	224	328	168	
75 - 79	1,592	965	627	39.4	370	219	330	176	
80 - 84	770	433	337	43.8	203	148	188	120	
85 - 89	389	192	197	50.6	121	105	115	67	
90 +	171	64	107	62.6	60	68	74	38	

Table 11: (continued)

Age groups		Total P	opulation		Type of disability				
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering	
Males	80,861	76,729	4,132	5.1	2,058	910	1,622	1,273	
0 - 4	6,357	6,085	272	4.3	46	56	199	205	
5 - 9	6,450	6,357	93	1.4	13	23	35	49	
10 - 14	8,091	7,960	131	1.6	28	22	28	86	
15 - 19	8,437	8,314	123	1.5	29	22	35	60	
20 - 24	8,152	8,056	96	1.2	33	17	27	39	
25 - 29	7,385	7,284	101	1.4	33	22	24	37	
30 - 34	7,031	6,879	152	2.2	51	30	51	46	
35 - 39	6,193	6,001	192	3.1	77	36	56	56	
40 - 44	5,481	5,239	242	4.4	126	33	82	60	
45 - 49	4,673	4,265	408	8.7	242	49	123	89	
50 - 54	3,729	3,303	426	11.4	270	57	139	98	
55 - 59	2,790	2,412	378	13.5	227	64	132	82	
60 - 64	2,287	1,919	368	16.1	209	72	150	67	
65 - 69	1,620	1,257	363	22.4	221	89	160	88	
70 - 74	1,007	697	310	30.8	174	103	135	70	
75 - 79	689	431	258	37.4	154	102	126	75	
80 - 84	311	184	127	40.8	74	61	67	43	
85 - 89	127	65	62	48.8	37	33	32	16	
90 +	51	21	30	58.8	14	19	21	7	

Table 11: (continued)

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability				
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering	
Females	84,767	79,756	5,011	5.9	2,828	1,186	2,047	1,476	
0 - 4	6,232	5,964	268	4.3	62	67	212	202	
5 - 9	6,415	6,326	89	1.4	20	24	26	48	
10 - 14	7,233	7,125	108	1.5	18	25	36	55	
15 - 19	8,300	8,206	94	1.1	37	25	21	37	
20 - 24	8,555	8,458	97	1.1	37	21	22	36	
25 - 29	7,611	7,501	110	1.4	46	22	28	30	
30 - 34	7,227	7,073	154	2.1	66	30	41	47	
35 - 39	6,355	6,174	181	2.8	86	35	45	54	
40 - 44	5,908	5,610	298	5.0	188	34	78	60	
45 - 49	5,109	4,684	425	8.3	269	66	121	92	
50 - 54	4,367	3,868	499	11.4	331	65	176	108	
55 - 59	3,599	3,083	516	14.3	334	97	180	108	
60 - 64	2,843	2,334	509	17.9	300	117	197	115	
65 - 69	2,050	1,555	495	24.1	332	112	210	126	
70 - 74	1,219	842	377	30.9	227	121	193	98	
75 - 79	903	534	369	40.9	216	117	204	101	
80 - 84	459	249	210	45.8	129	87	121	77	
85 - 89	262	127	135	51.5	84	72	83	51	
90 +	120	43	77	64.2	46	49	53	31	

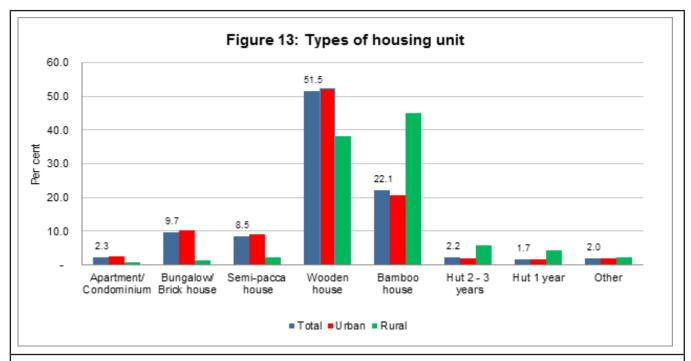
- · Six in every 100 persons in Dagon Myothit (East) Township have, at least, one form of disability.
- Slightly more females than males have disability.
- The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 65.
- Difficulties with seeing and walking were the most commonly mentioned forms of disability in the Township.

(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

Type of housing unit

Table 12: Conventional households by type of housing unit by urban/rural

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	_	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	33,913	2.3	9.7	8.5	51.5	22.1	2.2	1.7	2.0
Urban	31,895	2.4	10.2	8.9	52.3	20.7	2.0	1.5	2.0
Rural	2,018	0.8	1.5	2.3	38.3	44.9	5.7	4.4	2.2



- The majority of the households in Dagon Myothit (East) Township are living in wooden houses (51.5%) followed by households in bamboo houses (22.1%).
- Some 52.3 per cent of urban households live in wooden houses and 44.9 per cent of rural households live in bamboo houses.

Type of toilet

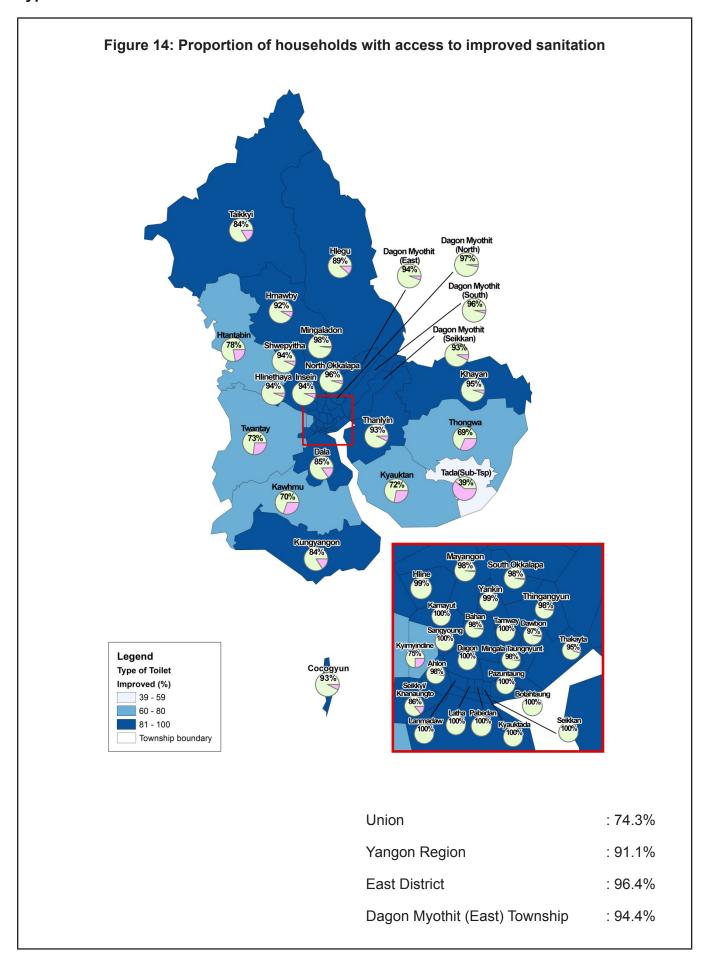


Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

Туре	Total	Urban	Rural	
Flush		2.7	2.8	2.3
Water seal (Imp	proved pit latrine)	91.7	92.4	79.9
Improved sanita	94.4	95.2	82.2	
Pit (Traditional	3.0	3.0	3.3	
Bucket (Surface	0.8	0.3	9.0	
Other		0.1	*	0.2
None		1.7	1.5	5.3
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	Number	33,913	31,895	2,018

- Some 94.4 per cent of the households in Dagon Myothit (East) Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (2.7%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (91.7%)).
- Compared to other townships in Yangon Region, Dagon Myothit (East) has the highest proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities.
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Yangon Region is 91.1 per cent while it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- Some 1.7 per cent of the households in the township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Yangon Region, it is 3.3 per cent.
- In the rural areas of Dagon Myothit (East) Township, 5.3 per cent of the households have no toilet facilities.

Note: Less than 0.1 per cent.

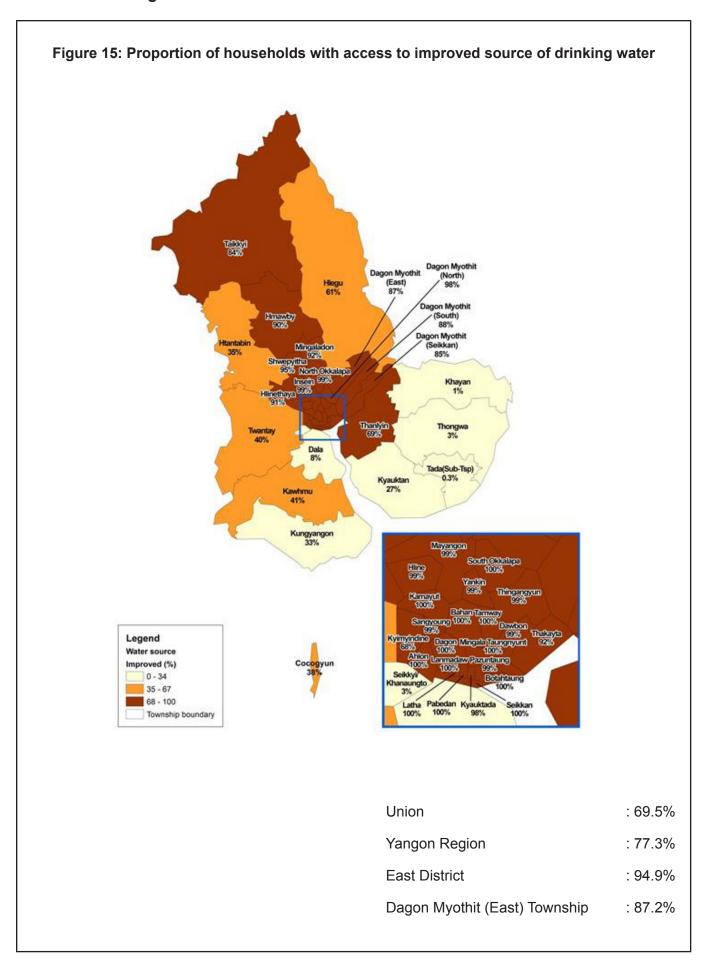


Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

Source	e of drinking water	Total	Urban	Rural
Tap water/ F	Piped	9.6	10.2	-
Tube well, b	orehole	38.7	41.0	1.9
Protected w	ell/ Spring	0.1	0.1	0.3
Bottled water	er/ Water purifier	38.8	41.0	4.2
Total impro	ved drinking water	87.2	92.3	6.4
Unprotected	well/Spring	0.4	*	6.5
Pool/Pond/ I	_ake	10.3	5.5	85.5
River/strean	n/ canal	0.4	0.4	1.4
Waterfall/ R	ain water	0.1	0.1	0.2
Other		1.6	1.7	*
Total unimp	roved drinking water	12.8	7.7	93.6
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	Number	33,913	31,895	2,018

- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, 87.2 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).
- Compared to other townships in Yangon Region, it is in the highest group and it is also higher than the Union average (69.5%).
- Some 38.8 per cent of the households use water from bottled water/water purifier and 38.7 per cent use water from tube well/borehole.
- Some 12.8 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.
- In rural areas, 93.6 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources for drinking water.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

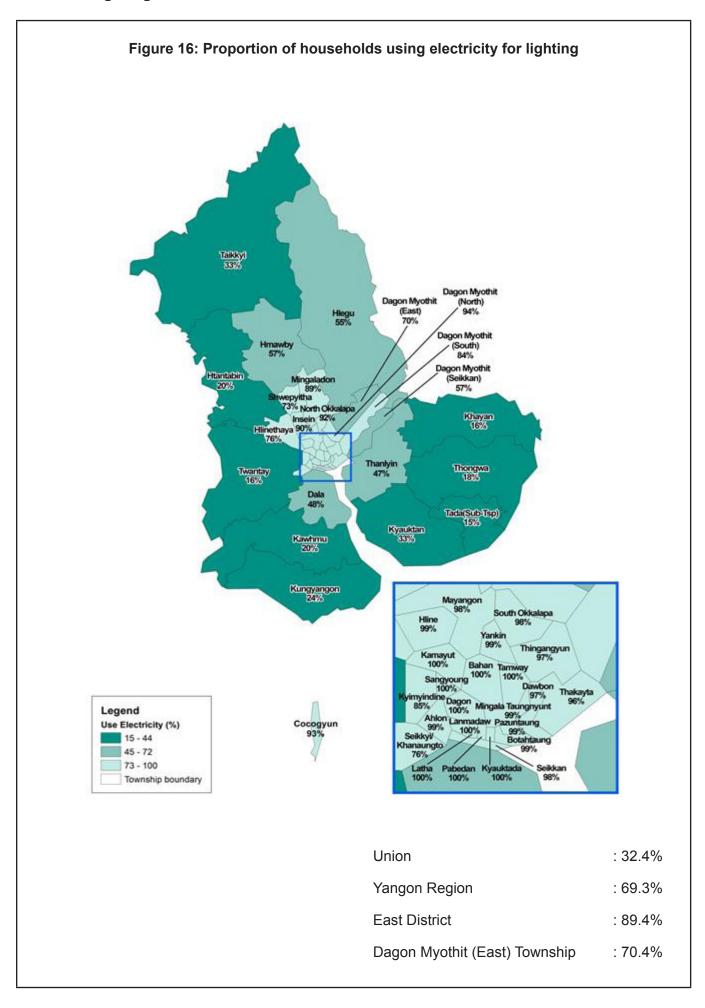


Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

Source	ce of lighting	Total	Urban	Rural
Electricit	ту	70.4	73.6	20.7
Kerosen	е	0.8	0.3	8.7
Candle		4.7	3.5	24.1
Battery		18.7 17.6		36.7
Generato	or (private)	3.7	3.7	4.0
Water m	ill (private)	*	*	-
Solar sys	stem/energy	1.0	0.7	5.4
Other		0.7	0.7	0.4
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	33,913	31,895	2,018

- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, 70.4 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting. This proportion in electricity usage is high compared to other townships in Yangon Region. The percentage of households that use electricity in Yangon Region is 69.3 per cent.
- In rural areas, 36.7 per cent of the households mainly use battery for lighting.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

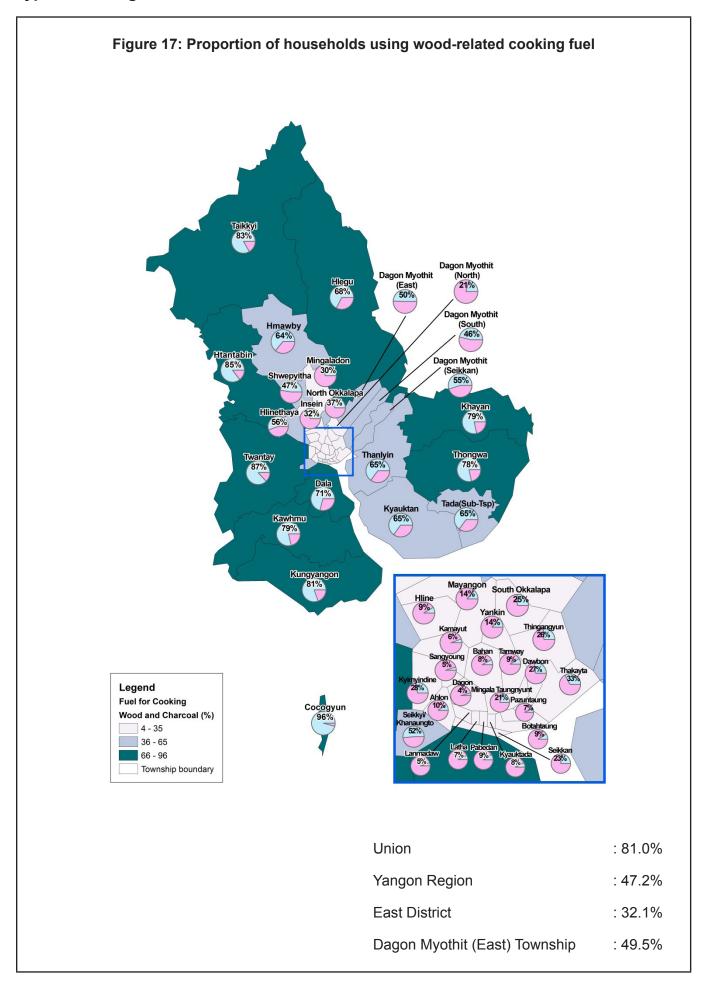


Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

Туре о	f cooking fuel	Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		47.7	50.1	10.2
LPG		1.0	1.0	*
Kerosene		*	*	0.4
BioGas		0.6	0.6	*
Firewood		17.1	13.3	77.5
Charcoal		32.4	33.8	9.7
Coal		0.4	0.4	*
Other		0.8	0.7	2.0
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	33,913	31,895	2,018

- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, households mainly use wood-related fuels for cooking with 17.1 per cent using firewood and 32.4 per cent using charcoal.
- Some 47.7 per cent of households use electricity for cooking.
- Some 77.5 per cent of households in rural areas use firewood and 9.7 per cent use charcoal.

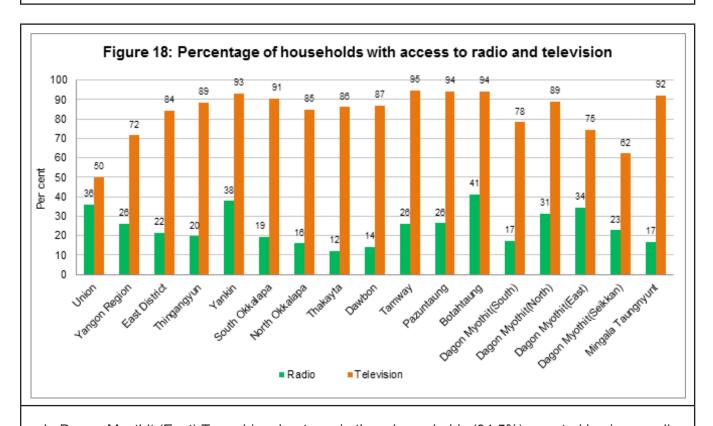
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Communication and related amenities

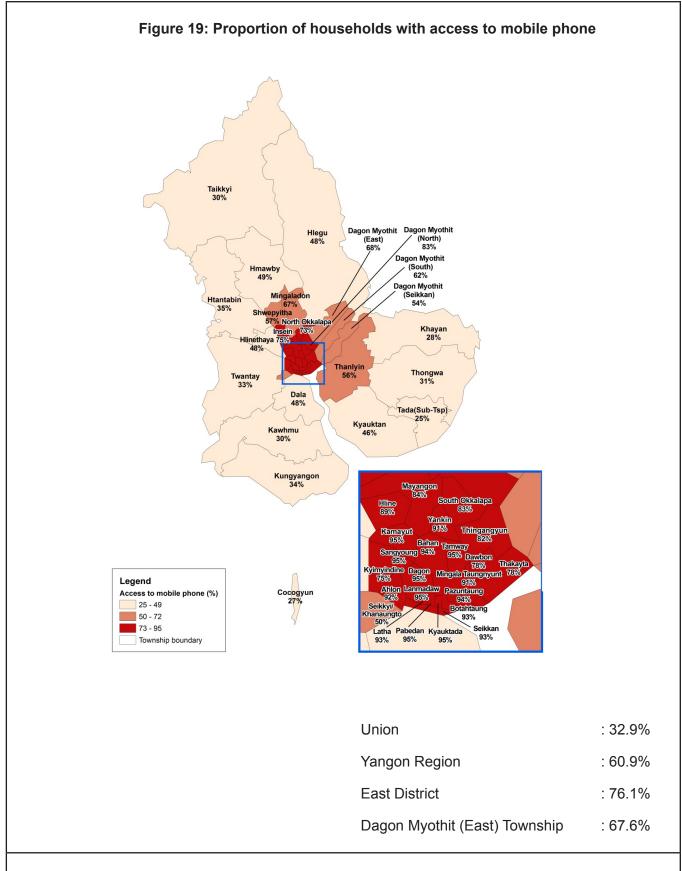
Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban/rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	33,913	34.5	74.6	2.2	67.6	6.6	18.1	14.9	0.4
Urban	31,895	34.4	76.1	2.2	69.2	6.9	18.7	13.8	0.4
Rural	2,018	36.0	49.9	2.3	43.0	1.5	8.0	31.5	0.2

Some 74.6 per cent of the households in Dagon Myothit (East) Township have access to television
and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities. Some 76.1 per cent
of households in urban areas have access to television, while the proportion for rural areas was 49.9
per cent.



• In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, about one in three households (34.5%) reported having a radio.



 About 67.6 per cent of the households in Dagon Myothit (East) Township reported having mobile phones. Compared to other townships in Yangon Region, it is in the medium group.

Transportation items

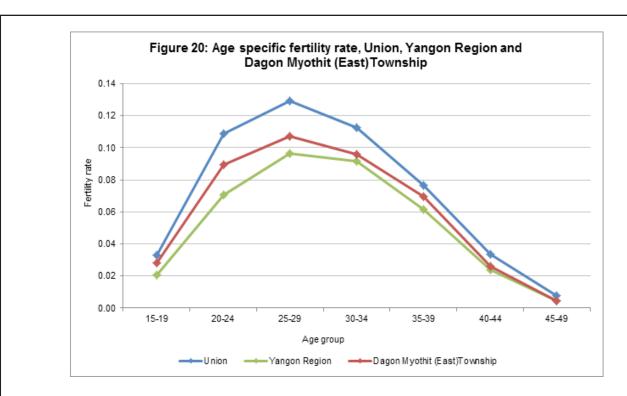
Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

Region/District/ Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
Yangon Region	1,582,944	123,149	215,828	731,428	19,305	19,464	15,790	76,215
Urban	1,069,056	115,768	93,377	508,239	3,509	2,913	2,352	6,308
Rural	513,888	7,381	122,451	223,189	15,796	16,551	13,438	69,907
East District	486,790	56,185	30,288	256,948	1,015	749	697	2,437
Urban	481,039	55,997	29,091	254,271	947	648	607	1,822
Rural	5,751	188	1,197	2,677	68	101	90	615
Dagon Myothit (East)Township	33,913	1,762	3,552	22,555	76	95	61	495
Urban	31,895	1,714	3,212	21,747	58	23	7	233
Rural	2,018	48	340	808	18	72	54	262

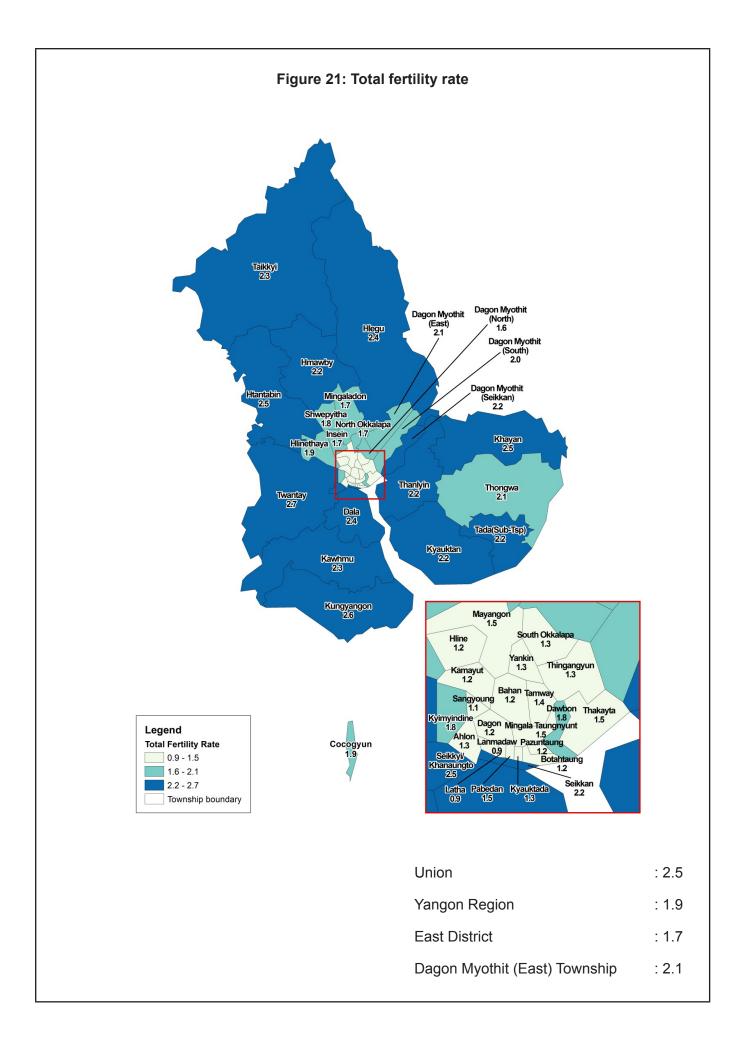
- In Dagon Myothit (East) Township, 66.5 per cent of the households have bicycle as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 10.5 per cent of households having motorcycle/moped.
- Analysis by urban/rural residence, the majority of the households mainly use bicycle as a means of transport.

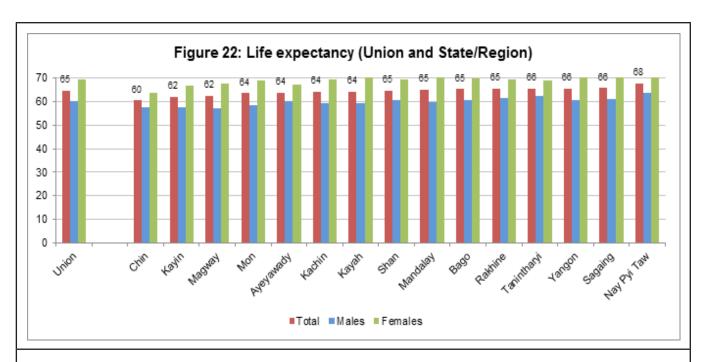
(H) Fertility and Mortality

Fertility



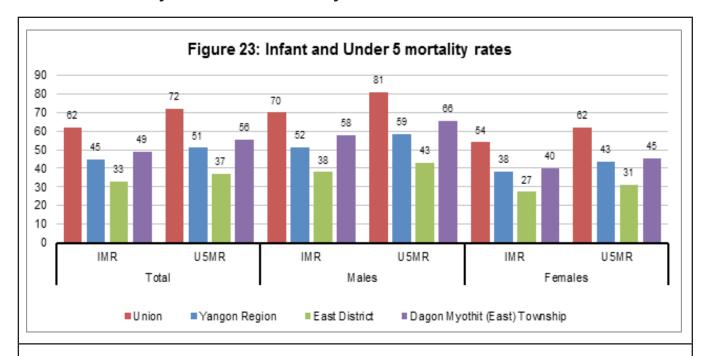
- Age specific fertility rate is the highest at age group 25-29.
- For women aged 15-49, the total fertility rate is 2.1 children per woman and is slightly lower than the total fertility rate of 2.5 at the National level.



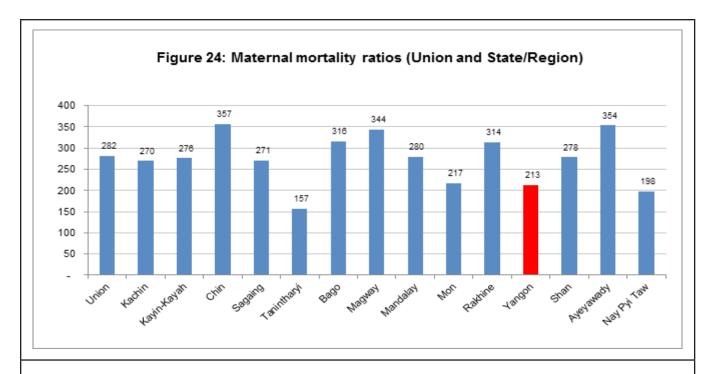


- The expectation of life at birth in Yangon Region is 65.5 years and is lower than that of National level at 64.7 years.
- The female life expectancy at 70.8 years is higher than that of the males at 60.5 years.

Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality



- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in East District are lower than the Union average. The Infant mortality in East District is 33 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5 mortality is 37 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Dagon Myothit (East) Township are higher than those in Yangon Region and East District. The Infant mortality in Dagon Myothit (East) is 49 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 56 per 1,000 live births.



- In Yangon Region, there are 213 women dying while during pregnancy/delivery or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy for every 100,000 live births.
- The maternal mortality ratio in Yangon Region is lower than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

Definitions and Concepts

Population: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

Census Night: The night between the 29th and the 30th March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

Rural area: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

Urban area: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

Population Density: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

Mean Household Size: The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

Sex ratio: The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

Dependency ratio: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

Child Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

Old Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

Ageing Index: The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

Median Age: The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

Education: Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

- (a) Literacy: The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.
- (b) School attendance: The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were:

 (a) Currently attending; (b) Attended previously; (c) Never attended.

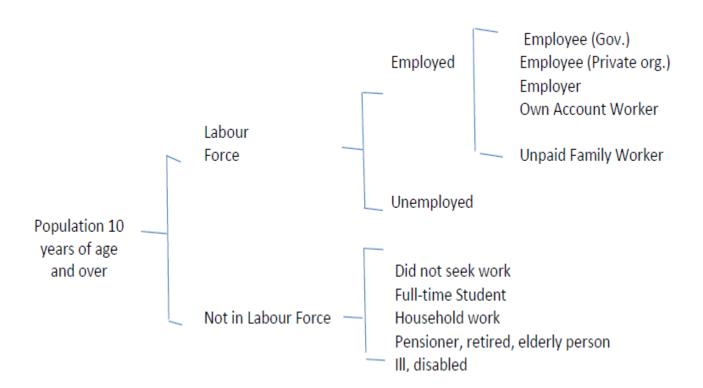
(c) Educational Attainment: The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

Disability: Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) Walking difficulty (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) Seeing difficulty (low vision, blind);
- (c) Hearing difficulty (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) Mental/Intellectual difficulty (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

Identity card: An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person's personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

Labour Force Status: According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



Labour Force: The Labour force is a general term covering "employed" and "unemployed" persons in the population.

Employed: "Employed" persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit,

such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

Unemployed: "Unemployed" persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

Not in labour force: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

Employment Status: All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) **Employee (Government)**: those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- **(b) Employee (Private organisation)**: those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) Employer: persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) Own account worker: self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain and did not have any employees.
- **(e) Unpaid family worker**: persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

Labour force participation rate: The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

Unemployment rate: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

Employment to population ratio: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

Occupation: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

Live Birth: A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

Total fertility rate (TFR): The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

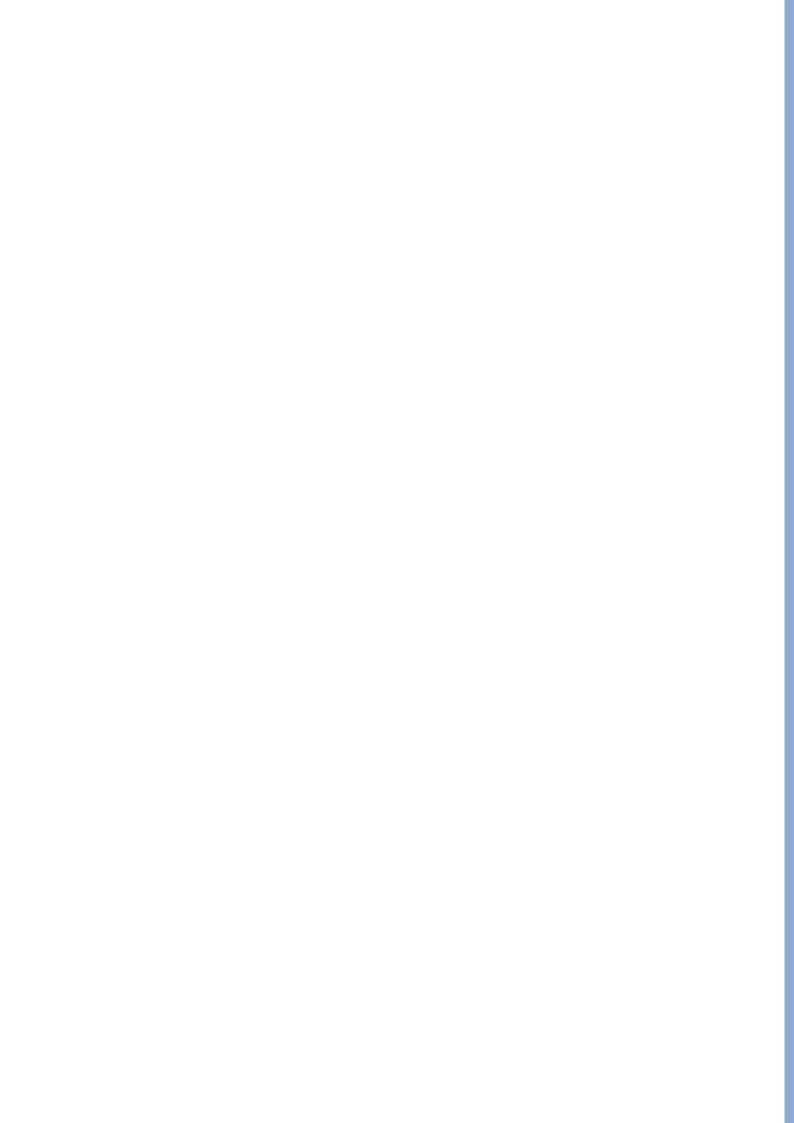
Total fertility rate (TFR) =
$$5 \sum$$
 Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR): The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

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The Townships Reports can be downloaded at :

www.dop.gov.mm

or

http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census

