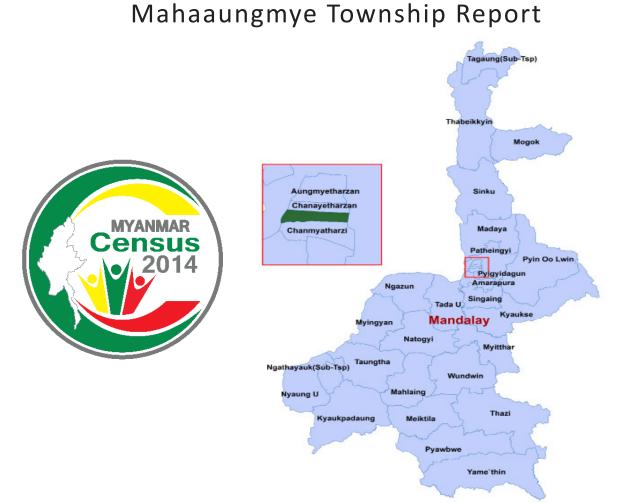


THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

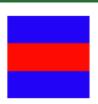
The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census MANDALAY REGION, MANDALAY DISTRICT



Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Mandalay Region, Mandalay District

Mahaaungmye Township Report

Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

Office No.48

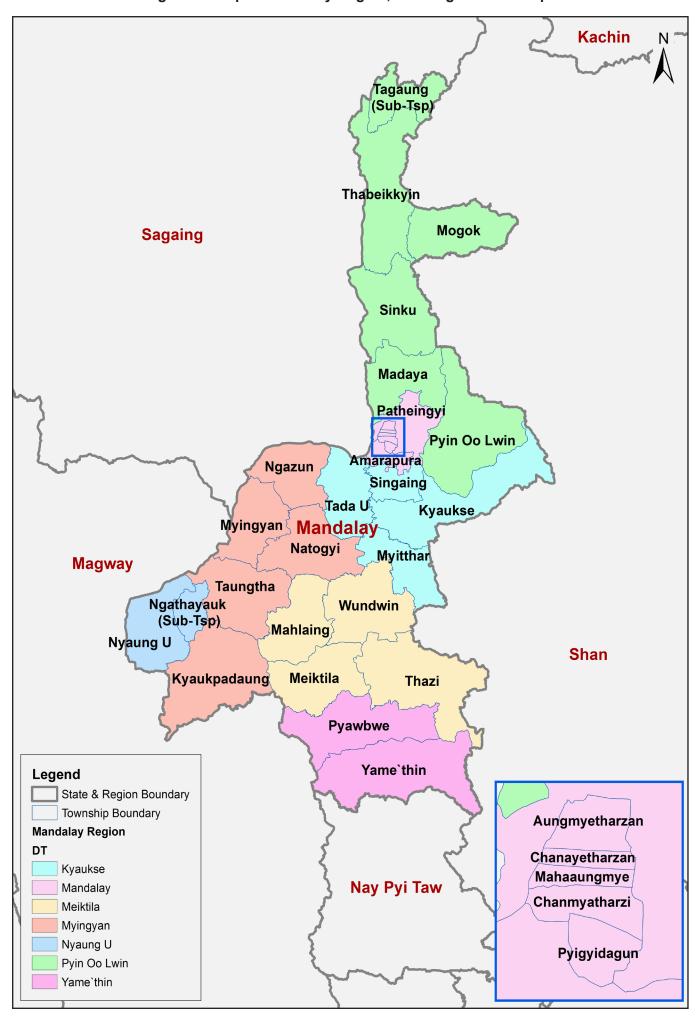
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October 2017

Figure 1: Map of Mandalay Region, showing the townships



Mahaaungmye Township Figures at a Glance ¹

Total Population	241,113 ²	
Population males	116,903 (48.5%)	
Population females	124,210 (51.5%)	
Percentage of urban population	100.0%	
Area (Km²)	14.8 ³	
Population density (per Km²)	16,287.7 persons	
Median age	27.6 years	
Number of wards	18	
Number of village tracts	-	
Number of private households	41,927	
Percentage of female headed households	27.7%	
Mean household size	5.2 persons ⁴	
Percentage of population by age group		
Children (0 – 14 years)	20.9%	
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	74.2%	
Elderly population (65+ years)	4.9%	
Dependency ratios		
Total dependency ratio	34.7	
Child dependency ratio	28.1	
Old dependency ratio	6.6	
Ageing index	23.4	
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	94	
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	96.9%	
Male	98.5%	
Female	95.5%	
People with disability	Number	Per cent
Any form of disability	4,235	1.8
Walking	1,719	0.7
Seeing	2,107	0.9
Hearing	943	0.4
Remembering	1,150	0.5

Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over) Number Per cent Citizenship Scrutiny 170,846 81.1 Associate Scrutiny 427 0.2 Naturalised Scrutiny 782 0.4 National Registration 2,281 1.1 Religious 5,258 2.5 Temporary Registration 57 <0.1 Foreign Registration 57 <0.1 Foreign Passport 299 0.1 None 30,348 14.4 Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes Male Female Labour force participation rate 62.6% 78.5% 47.9% Unemployment rate 3.8% 3.7% 3.9% Employment to population ratio 60.2% 75.6% 46.0% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 26,194 62.5 Renter 8,683 20.7 Provided free (individually) 3,464 8.3 Government quarters 1,347 3.2 <th>Citizenship Scrutiny Associate Scrutiny Naturalised Scrutiny National Registration Religious Temporary Registration Foreign Registration</th>	Citizenship Scrutiny Associate Scrutiny Naturalised Scrutiny National Registration Religious Temporary Registration Foreign Registration
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None 30,348 14.4	Foreign Passport
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes Male Female Labour force participation rate 62.6% 78.5% 47.9% Unemployment rate 3.8% 3.7% 3.9% Employment to population ratio 60.2% 75.6% 46.0% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 26,194 62.5 Renter 8,683 20.7 Provided free (individually) 3,464 8.3 Government quarters 1,347 3.2 Private company quarters 182 0.4	
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Provided free (individually) Government quarters 1,347 Private company quarters 182 0.4	Owner
Government quarters 1,347 3.2 Private company quarters 182 0.4	Renter
Private company quarters 182 0.4	Provided free (individually)
	Government quarters
Other 2,057 4.9	Private company quarters
	Other
Material for housing Wall Floor Roof	Material for housing
Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.4% 0.9%	Dhani/Theke/In leaf
Bamboo 49.6% 3.6% 5.4%	Bamboo
Earth 0.1% 16.7%	Earth
Wood 8.6% 28.4% 0.3%	Wood
Corrugated sheet 0.6% 82.5%	Corrugated sheet
Tile/Brick/Concrete 39.0% 49.8% 8.9%	Tile/Brick/Concrete
Other 1.7% 1.5% 2.0%	Other
Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent	Main source of energy for cooking
Electricity 22,220 53.0	Electricity
LPG 369 0.9	LPG
Kerosene * <0.1	Kerosene
Biogas 202 0.5	
Firewood 1,686 4.0	
Charcoal 16,346 39.0	Biogas
Coal 531 1.3	Biogas Firewood
Other 569 1.3	Biogas Firewood Charcoal
	Biogas Firewood Charcoal Coal

Main source of energy for lighting	Number	Per cent
Electricity	38,669	92.2
Kerosene	28	0.1
Candle	393	0.9
Battery	1,368	3.3
Generator (private)	1,077	2.6
Water mill (private)	*	<0.1
Solar system/energy	35	0.1
Other	338	0.8
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	19,068	45.5
Tube well, borehole	8,977	21.4
Protected well/spring	71	0.2
Bottled/purifier water	12,397	29.6
Total Improved Water Sources	40,513	96.7
Unprotected well/spring	*	<0.1
Pool/pond/lake	24	0.1
River/stream/canal	579	1.4
Waterfall/rainwater	*	<0.1
Other	790	1.8
Total Unimproved Water Sources	1,414	3.3
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	26,094	62.2
Tube well, borehole	13,889	33.1
Protected well/spring	326	0.8
Unprotected well/spring	81	0.2
Pool/pond/lake	28	0.1
River/stream/canal	614	1.5
Waterfall/rainwater	*	<0.1
Bottled/purifier water	90	0.2
Other	804	1.9

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	2,123	5.1
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	36,617	87.3
Total Improved Sanitation	38,740	92.4
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	1,159	2.8
Bucket (Surface latrine)	84	0.2
Other	283	0.6
None	1,661	4.0
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	9,164	21.9
Television	35,273	84.1
Landline phone	3,958	9.4
Mobile phone	33,694	80.4
Computer	5,683	13.6
Internet at home	11,079	26.4
Households with none of the items	3,464	8.3
Households with all of the items	674	1.6
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	6,811	16.2
Motorcycle/Moped	33,346	79.5
Bicycle	18,189	43.4
4-Wheel tractor	252	0.6
Canoe/Boat	*	<0.1
Motor boat	43	0.1
Cart (bullock)	51	0.1

Note:

¹ Population figures for Mahaaungmye Township are as of 29th March 2014.

² Includes both household population and institution population.

³ Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

⁴ Calculated based on conventional household population

^{*} Less than 20.

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Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://www.d

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Mahaaungmye Township in Mandalay Region. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.

Census information on Mahaaungmye Townsh	ip

(A) Demographic Characteristics

Total population 241,113 * Males 116,903 Females 124,210 Sex ratio 94 males per 100 females Percentage of urban population 100.0 % Area (Km²) 14.8 ** Population density (persons per Km²) 16,287.7 persons Number of wards 18 Number of village tracts -
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Area (Km²) Population density (persons per Km²) Number of wards 14.8 ** 16,287.7 persons 18
Population density (persons per Km²) Number of wards 16,287.7 persons 18
Number of wards 18
Number of village tracts
Total Urban Rural
Population in conventional households 217,725 -
Number of conventional households 41,927 -
Mean household size 5.2 persons ***

- In Mahaaungmye Township, there are more females than males with 94 males per 100 females.
- The entire population of the Township lives in urban areas.
- The population density of Mahaaungmye Township is 16,288 persons per square kilometre.
- There are 5.2 persons living in each household in Mahaaungmye Township. This is more than to the Union average.

Note: * Includes both household population and institution population.

^{**} Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

^{***} Calculated based on conventional household population

Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward; Mahaaungmye Township (Mandalay District, Mandalay Region)

C.,	Mond	No. of	F	Population	
Sr	Ward	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females
	Total	41,927	241,113	116,903	124,210
	Ward	41,927	241,113	116,903	124,210
1	Ma Har Nwe Sin(W)	2,233	14,332	6,135	8,197
2	Set Kyar Nwe Sin(W)	1,740	10,698	4,972	5,726
3	Hay Ma Mar Lar (North)(W)	1,245	7,045	3,017	4,028
4	Hay Ma Mar Lar (South)(W)	1,169	6,471	3,037	3,434
5	Ya Da Nar Bon Mi (East)(W)	1,173	6,196	2,875	3,321
6	Ya Da Nar Bon Mi (West)(W)	1,101	7,038	3,723	3,315
7	Ma Har Aung Myay (East)(W)	1,051	6,498	3,096	3,402
8	Ma Har Aung Myay (West)(W)	1,062	6,272	3,060	3,212
9	Shwe Hpone Shein(W)	1,209	7,391	3,503	3,888
10	Chan Mya Thar Zi (North)(W)	1,749	10,553	5,222	5,331
11	Tet Ka Tho(W)	483	3,536	1,516	2,020
12	Sein Pan(W)	3,948	21,767	11,751	10,016
13	Day Wun (East)(W)	2,705	16,595	9,061	7,534
14	Than Hlet Maw (West)(W)	6,270	31,333	15,384	15,949
15	Than Hlet Maw (East)(W)	6,560	34,009	16,497	17,512
16	Ma Har Myaing (1)(W)	3,058	20,740	9,206	11,534
17	Ma Har Myaing (2)(W)	2,317	14,139	6,736	7,403
18	Ye Mun (South)(W)	2,854	16,500	8,112	8,388

Figure 2: Population by broad age groups,

Mahaaungmye Township

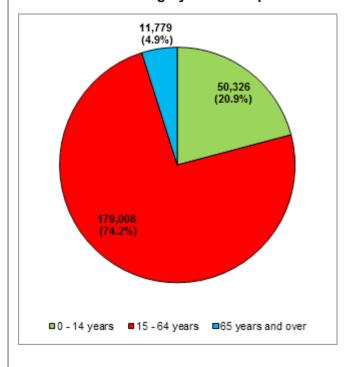


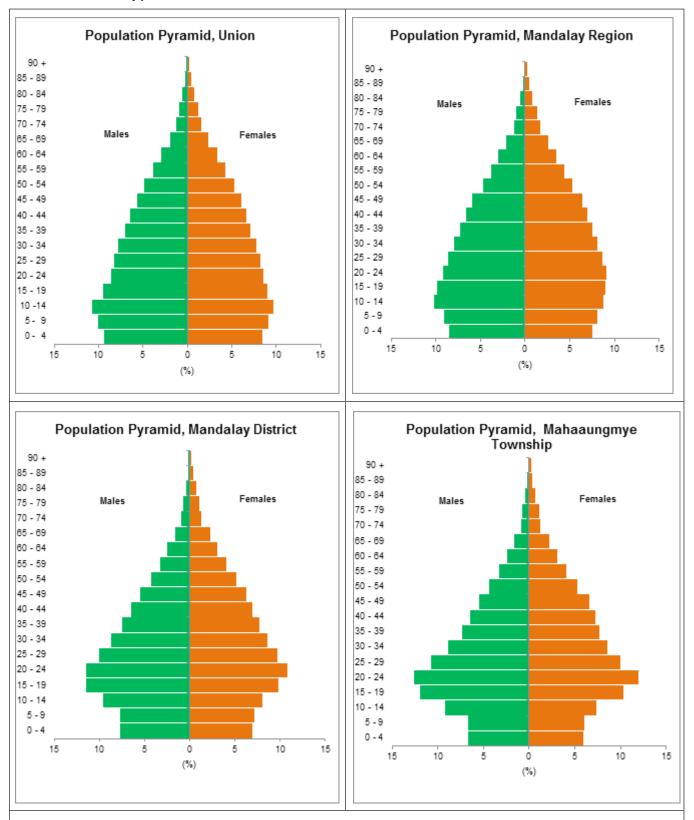
Table 2: Population by 5-year age groups,

Mahaaungmye Township

Age groups	Total	Males	Females	
Total	241,113	116,903	124,210	
0 - 4	15,104	7,765	7,339	
5 - 9	15,323	7,858	7,465	
10 - 14	19,899	10,724	9,175	
15 - 19	26,747	13,917	12,830	
20 - 24	29,623	14,720	14,903	
25 - 29	25,015	12,605	12,410	
30 - 34	20,924	10,356	10,568	
35 - 39	18,159	8,624	9,535	
40 - 44	16,611	7,590	9,021	
45 - 49	14,606	6,367	8,239	
50 - 54	11,752	5,151	6,601	
55 - 59	8,884	3,839	5,045	
60 - 64	6,687	2,801	3,886	
65 - 69	4,628	1,872	2,756	
70 - 74	2,565	1,044	1,521	
75 - 79	2,246	862	1,384	
80 - 84	1,312	474	838	
85 - 89	677	224	453	
90 +	351	110	241	

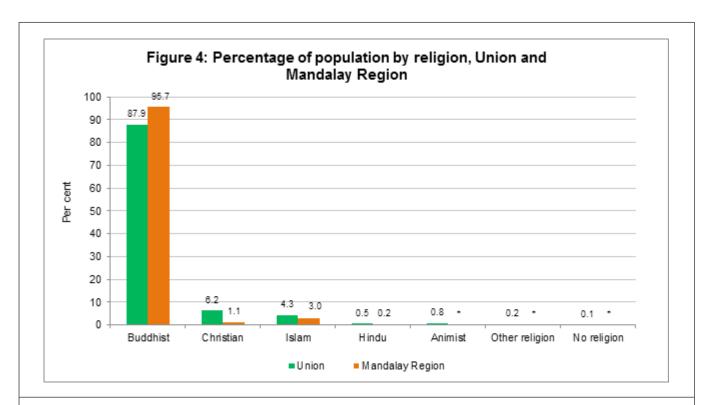
- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Mahaaungmye Township is 74.2 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Mandalay Region, Mandalay District and Mahaaungmye Township)



- The birth rate has been noticeably declining in Mahaaungmye Township since the last 20 years.
- The population has markedly declined from age group 25-29 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is a higher percentage of working age group 15-64 population in Mahaaungmye Township.
- Starting from age group 20-24, there are less males than females in all age groups.

(B) Religion



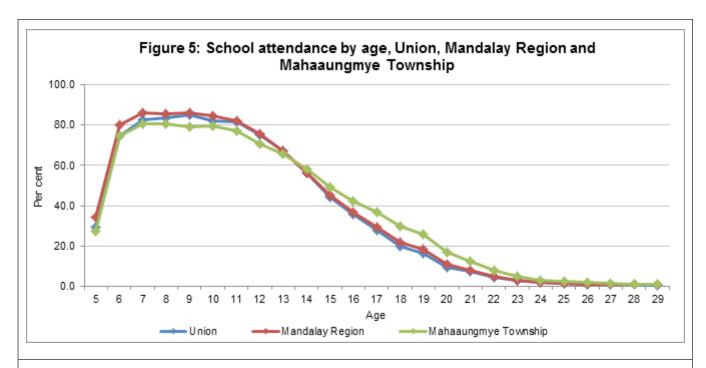
- At the Union level, the composition of the population by religion is: 87.9% Buddhist, 6.2% Christian, 4.3% Islam, 0.5% Hindu, 0.8% Animist, 0.2% Other religion and 0.1% No religion.
- .In Mandalay Region, it is 95.7% Buddhist, 1.1% Christian, 3.0% Islam, 0.2% Hindu, and less than 0.1% each for Other religion, Animist and those with No religion respectively.

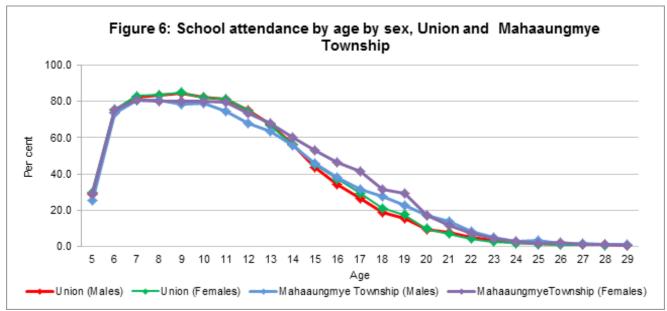
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(C) Education

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age

A	То	tal population	on	Curi	rently attend	ding
Age	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
5	2,746	1,358	1,388	751	346	405
6	2,977	1,526	1,451	2,220	1,120	1,100
7	3,141	1,604	1,537	2,539	1,297	1,242
8	3,158	1,596	1,562	2,540	1,290	1,250
9	2,971	1,555	1,416	2,354	1,223	1,131
10	3,221	1,627	1,594	2,560	1,284	1,276
11	3,213	1,682	1,531	2,472	1,255	1,217
12	3,633	1,869	1,764	2,568	1,272	1,296
13	4,005	2,080	1,925	2,636	1,327	1,309
14	4,052	2,037	2,015	2,353	1,142	1,211
15	3,984	2,038	1,946	1,974	939	1,035
16	4,116	2,007	2,109	1,746	769	977
17	4,449	2,175	2,274	1,633	686	947
18	5,165	2,568	2,597	1,537	713	824
19	4,606	2,255	2,351	1,198	514	684
20	5,441	2,561	2,880	935	441	494
21	4,535	2,188	2,347	576	305	271
22	4,733	2,187	2,546	373	183	190
23	4,628	2,194	2,434	229	114	115
24	4,278	1,972	2,306	118	58	60
25	4,666	2,182	2,484	117	69	48
26	3,999	1,927	2,072	79	31	48
27	4,051	1,960	2,091	61	35	26
28	4,410	2,040	2,370	51	23	28
29	3,713	1,700	2,013	36	20	16





- School attendance in Mahaaungmye Township drops after age 11 for both males and females.
- Compared to the Union, the school attendance of males and females in Mahaaungmye Township is significantly higher from ages 15 to 21 years.

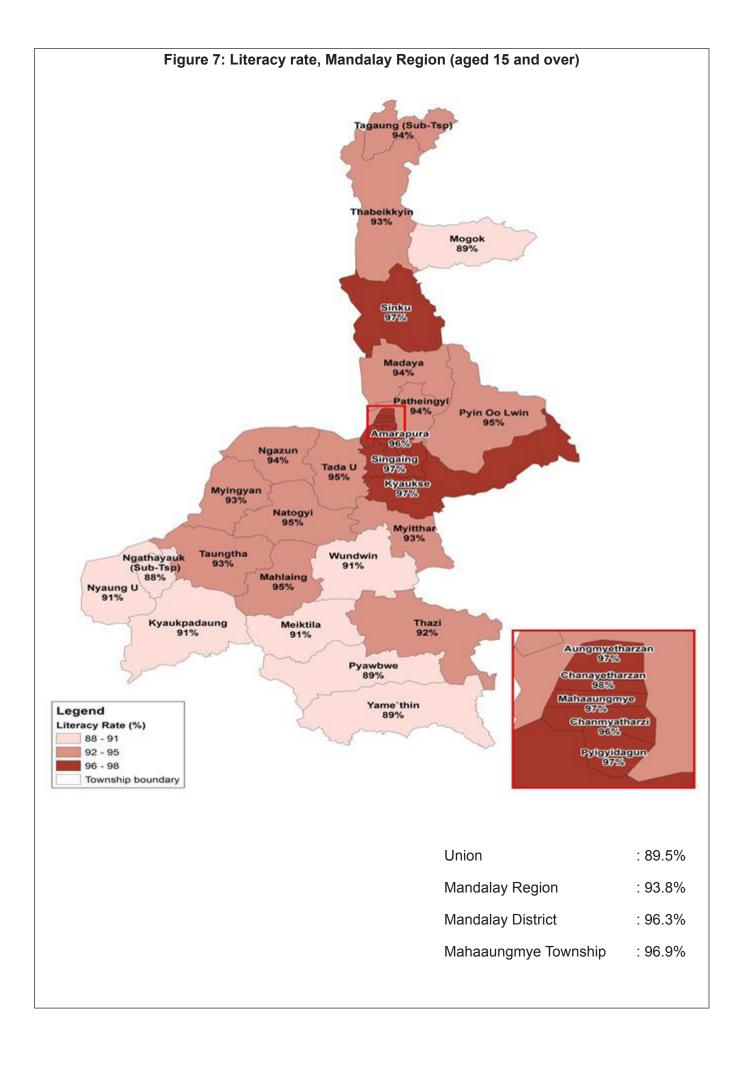


Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 - 24), Mahaaungmye Township

Sex	Sex Population (15 - 24)		
Total	45,935	98.1	
Males	22,145	98.3	
Females	23,790	97.8	

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Mahaaungmye Township is 96.9 per cent. It is higher than the literacy rate of Mandalay Region (93.8%) and the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 95.5 per cent and for the males it is 98.5 per cent.
- The literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 98.1 per cent with 97.8 per cent for females and 98.3 per cent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

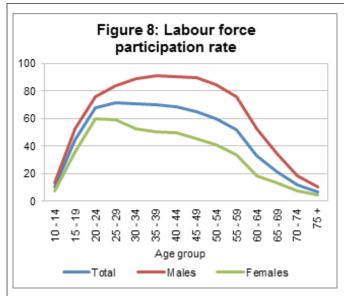
Total	Nama	None	N	N	Maria	Nama	None	None	Nama	% Never	Primary	school	Middle school	_	Diploma	University/	Post-	Vocational	Other
	Total	None	attended	(grade 1 - 4)	(grade 5)	(grade 6 - 9)	(grade 5) 6 - 9)	,0			,,,		Біріопа	College	graduate and above	training	Other		
Total	134,417	7,182	5.3	21,805	21,801	28,286	20,323	1,004	30,758	2,488	227	543							
Urban	134,417	7,182	5.3	21,805	21,801	28,286	20,323	1,004	30,758	2,488	227	543							
Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-							
Males	61,919	2,160	3.5	7,914	9,382	15,006	10,869	892	14,479	722	137	358							
Females	72,498	5,022	6.9	13,891	12,419	13,280	9,454	112	16,279	1,766	90	185							

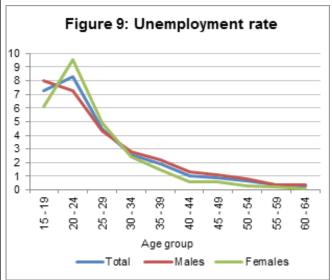
- Some 5.3 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- There are 3.5 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 6.9 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 16.2 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and only 22.9 per cent has completed university/college education.

(D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate by sex and age group

Ago groupo	Labour For	ce Particip	oation Rate	Unemployment Rate			
Age groups	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
10 - 14	10.8	13.5	7.6	10.0	11.0	7.8	
15 - 19	44.7	52.6	36.0	7.3	8.0	6.1	
20 - 24	67.7	76.0	59.6	8.3	7.3	9.5	
25 - 29	71.8	84.1	59.3	4.5	4.3	4.9	
30 - 34	70.7	89.2	52.5	2.6	2.8	2.4	
35 - 39	69.9	91.1	50.7	1.9	2.2	1.5	
40 - 44	68.3	90.8	49.4	1.0	1.3	0.6	
45 - 49	64.8	89.4	45.7	0.9	1.1	0.6	
50 - 54	60.0	84.8	40.7	0.7	0.8	0.3	
55 - 59	52.0	75.7	34.0	0.4	0.4	0.2	
60 - 64	32.7	52.4	18.6	0.3	0.4	0.1	
65 - 69	21.7	34.2	13.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	
70 - 74	11.9	18.3	7.4	-	_	_	
75 +	7.0	10.8	4.9	0.3	0.6	_	
15 - 24	56.8	64.6	48.7	7.9	7.6	8.4	
15 - 64	62.6	78.5	47.9	3.8	3.7	3.9	





- Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Mahaaungmye Township is 62.6 per cent.
- The labour force participation rate of females is 47.9 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 78.5 per cent.
- In Mahaaungmye Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is 10.8 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Mahaaungmye Township is 3.8 per cent. There is not much difference between the unemployment rate for males (3.7%) and for females (3.9%).
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 8.4 per cent.

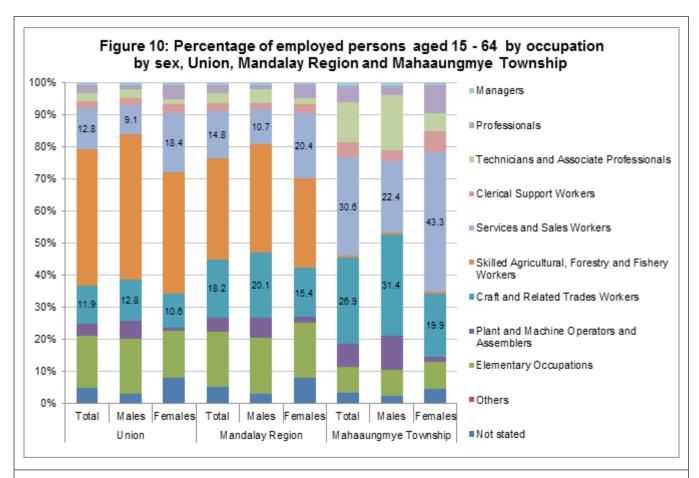
Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

Sex			U	sual activity s	tatus		
	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	III, disabled	Other
Total	94,801	1.2	32.1	40.8	12.2	1.3	12.3
Males	31,291	2.3	46.7	4.5	16.0	2.1	28.4
Females	63,510	0.7	25.0	58.7	10.4	0.8	4.4

 Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 46.7 per cent of males are full time students while 58.7 per cent of females are household workers.

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex

Occumetion	Emp	oloyed pers	ons	Per cent			
Occupation	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	95,748	58,163	37,585	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Managers	886	554	332	0.9	1.0	0.9	
Professionals	4,901	1,629	3,272	5.1	2.8	8.7	
Technicians and Associate Professionals	12,118	10,021	2,097	12.7	17.2	5.6	
Clerical Support Workers	4,518	2,007	2,511	4.7	3.5	6.7	
Services and Sales Workers	29,317	13,024	16,293	30.6	22.4	43.3	
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	533	371	162	0.6	0.6	0.4	
Craft and Related Trades Workers	25,772	18,275	7,497	26.9	31.4	19.9	
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	6,704	6,153	551	7.0	10.6	1.5	
Elementary Occupations	7,895	4,701	3,194	8.2	8.1	8.5	
Others	-	_	-	-	-	-	
Not stated	3,104	1,428	1,676	3.2	2.5	4.5	

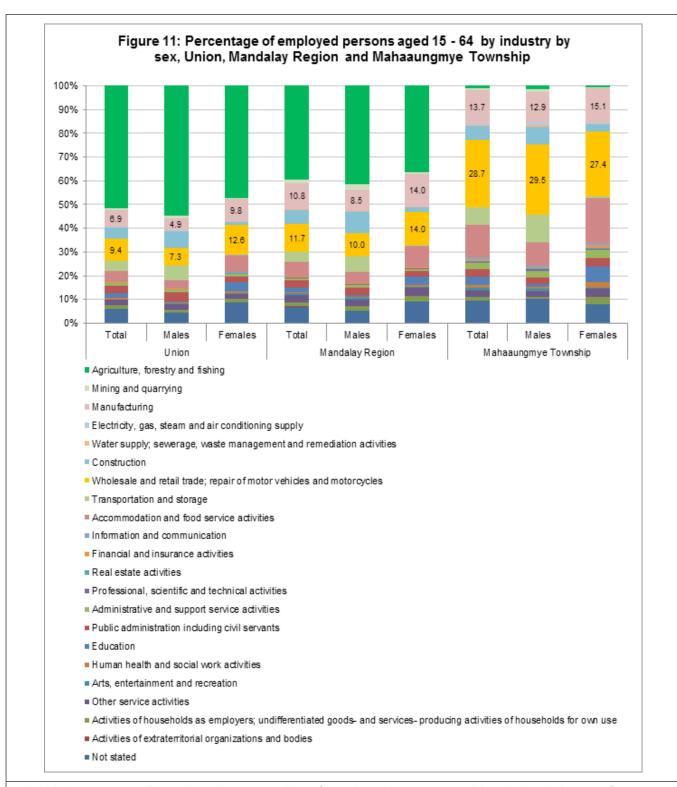


- In Mahaaungmye Township, 30.6 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are services and sales workers and is the highest proportion, followed by 26.9 per cent in craft and related trades workers occupations.
- Analysis by sex shows that 31.4 per cent of males are craft and related trades workers and 43.3 per cent of females are services and sales workers.
- In Mandalay Region, 18.2 per cent are craft and related trades workers and 14.8 per cent are in services and sales workers occupations.

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

Indicator	Emp	loyed pers	sons	Per cent			
Industry	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	95,748	58,163	37,585	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	936	727	209	1.0	1.2	0.6	
Mining and quarrying	832	745	87	0.9	1.3	0.2	
Manufacturing	13,158	7,490	5,668	13.7	12.9	15.1	
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	746	704	42	0.8	1.2	0.1	
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	487	402	85	0.5	0.7	0.2	
Construction	5,529	4,424	1,105	5.8	7.6	2.9	
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	27,471	17,160	10,311	28.7	29.5	27.4	
Transportation and storage	7,015	6,747	268	7.3	11.6	0.7	
Accommodation and food service activities	12,857	5,682	7,175	13.4	9.8	19.1	
Information and communication	821	491	330	0.9	0.8	0.9	
Financial and insurance activities	661	253	408	0.7	0.4	1.1	
Real estate activities	315	188	127	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Professional, scientific and technical activities	575	364	211	0.6	0.6	0.6	
Administrative and support service activities	2,738	1,491	1,247	2.9	2.6	3.3	
Public administration including civil servants	2,982	1,631	1,351	3.1	2.8	3.6	
Education	3,176	641	2,535	3.3	1.1	6.7	
Human health and social work activities	1,283	529	754	1.3	0.9	2.0	
Arts, entertainment and recreation	1,020	770	250	1.1	1.3	0.7	
Other service activities	2,613	1,353	1,260	2.7	2.3	3.4	
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services- producing activities of households for own use	1,485	309	1,176	1.6	0.5	3.1	
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	18	12	6	*	*	*	
Not stated	9,030	6,050	2,980	9.4	10.4	7.9	

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

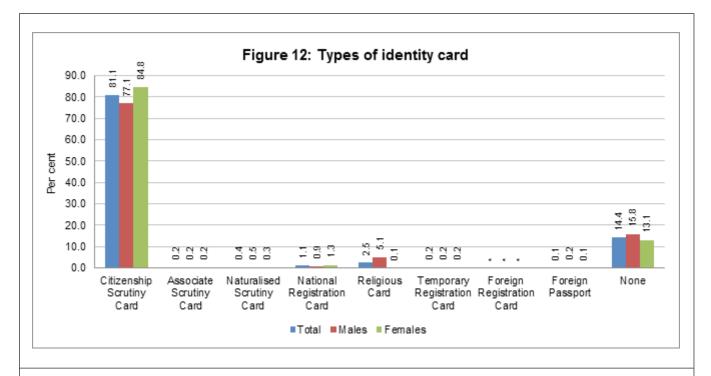


- In Mahaaungmye Township, the proportion of employed persons working in the industry of "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles" is the highest with 28.7 per cent.
- The second highest industry is "Manufacturing" at 13.7 per cent.
- There are 29.5 per cent of males and 27.4 per cent of females working in "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles" industry.
- In Mandalay Region, there are 11.7 per cent of employed population working in "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles" industry and 10.8 per cent in "Manufacturing" industry.

(E) Identity Cards

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	170,846	427	782	2,281	5,258	388	57	299	30,348
Urban	170,846	427	782	2,281	5,258	388	57	299	30,348
Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Males	78,076	197	473	898	5,199	181	30	186	16,040
Females	92,770	230	309	1,383	59	207	27	113	14,308



- In Mahaaungmye Township, 81.1 per cent of the population aged 10 and over have Citizenship Scrutiny Card while 14.4 per cent have none.
- Analysis by sex shows that 15.8 per cent of males and 13.1 per cent of females do not have any type of card.

Note: *Less than 0.1 per cent.

(F) Disability

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

		Total Po	pulation		Type of disability				
Age groups	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering	
Total	241,113	236,878	4,235	1.8	2,107	943	1,719	1,150	
0 - 4	15,104	15,050	54	0.4	12	6	35	26	
5 - 9	15,323	15,231	92	0.6	15	16	43	61	
10 - 14	19,899	19,776	123	0.6	23	17	44	78	
15 - 19	26,747	26,608	139	0.5	52	22	34	57	
20 - 24	29,623	29,493	130	0.4	44	24	26	59	
25 - 29	25,015	24,875	140	0.6	55	23	41	43	
30 - 34	20,924	20,794	130	0.6	48	21	39	44	
35 - 39	18,159	17,990	169	0.9	68	17	62	52	
40 - 44	16,611	16,385	226	1.4	117	24	67	59	
45 - 49	14,606	14,291	315	2.2	188	33	94	51	
50 - 54	11,752	11,406	346	2.9	200	43	121	68	
55 - 59	8,884	8,515	369	4.2	219	59	124	60	
60 - 64	6,687	6,280	407	6.1	217	80	170	66	
65 - 69	4,628	4,277	351	7.6	191	82	167	74	
70 - 74	2,565	2,298	267	10.4	156	75	110	54	
75 - 79	2,246	1,882	364	16.2	198	123	175	89	
80 - 84	1,312	1,013	299	22.8	134	122	166	86	
85 - 89	677	491	186	27.5	93	88	113	66	
90 +	351	223	128	36.5	77	68	88	57	

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups		Total Po	pulation		Type of disability					
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering		
Males	116,903	114,935	1,968	1.7	949	415	783	567		
0 - 4	7,765	7,733	32	0.4	9	3	22	16		
5 - 9	7,858	7,795	63	0.8	9	11	31	42		
10 - 14	10,724	10,650	74	0.7	13	9	29	49		
15 - 19	13,917	13,839	78	0.6	24	12	23	36		
20 - 24	14,720	14,651	69	0.5	14	9	19	37		
25 - 29	12,605	12,533	72	0.6	23	6	28	25		
30 - 34	10,356	10,277	79	0.8	34	13	23	25		
35 - 39	8,624	8,522	102	1.2	43	13	32	29		
40 - 44	7,590	7,474	116	1.5	53	8	38	38		
45 - 49	6,367	6,202	165	2.6	99	17	47	27		
50 - 54	5,151	4,988	163	3.2	92	21	59	29		
55 - 59	3,839	3,666	173	4.5	99	30	54	32		
60 - 64	2,801	2,625	176	6.3	97	36	71	29		
65 - 69	1,872	1,718	154	8.2	89	40	72	33		
70 - 74	1,044	932	112	10.7	68	28	55	23		
75 - 79	862	732	130	15.1	75	46	60	31		
80 - 84	474	361	113	23.8	54	58	61	28		
85 - 89	224	163	61	27.2	30	32	34	21		
90 +	110	74	36	32.7	24	23	25	17		

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups		Total Po	pulation		Type of disability					
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering		
Females	124,210	121,943	2,267	1.8	1,158	528	936	583		
0 - 4	7,339	7,317	22	0.3	3	3	13	10		
5 - 9	7,465	7,436	29	0.4	6	5	12	19		
10 - 14	9,175	9,126	49	0.5	10	8	15	29		
15 - 19	12,830	12,769	61	0.5	28	10	11	21		
20 - 24	14,903	14,842	61	0.4	30	15	7	22		
25 - 29	12,410	12,342	68	0.5	32	17	13	18		
30 - 34	10,568	10,517	51	0.5	14	8	16	19		
35 - 39	9,535	9,468	67	0.7	25	4	30	23		
40 - 44	9,021	8,911	110	1.2	64	16	29	21		
45 - 49	8,239	8,089	150	1.8	89	16	47	24		
50 - 54	6,601	6,418	183	2.8	108	22	62	39		
55 - 59	5,045	4,849	196	3.9	120	29	70	28		
60 - 64	3,886	3,655	231	5.9	120	44	99	37		
65 - 69	2,756	2,559	197	7.1	102	42	95	41		
70 - 74	1,521	1,366	155	10.2	88	47	55	31		
75 - 79	1,384	1,150	234	16.9	123	77	115	58		
80 - 84	838	652	186	22.2	80	64	105	58		
85 - 89	453	328	125	27.6	63	56	79	45		
90 +	241	149	92	38.2	53	45	63	40		

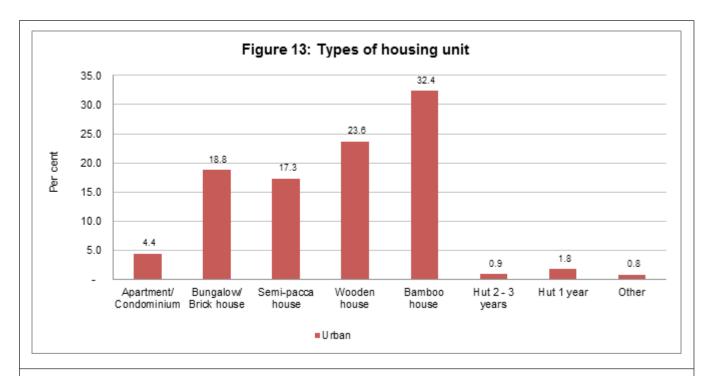
- Two in every 100 persons in Mahaaungmye Township have, at least, one form of disability.
- Slightly more females than males have disability.
- The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 75.
- Difficulties with seeing and walking were the most commonly mentioned forms of disability in the Township.

(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

Type of housing unit

Table 12: Conventional households by type of housing unit by urban/rural

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	Bungalow/ Brick house	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	41,927	4.4	18.8	17.3	23.6	32.4	0.9	1.8	0.8
Urban	41,927	4.4	18.8	17.3	23.6	32.4	0.9	1.8	0.8
Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_



• The majority of the households in Mahaaungmye Township are living in bamboo houses (32.4%) followed by households in wooden houses (23.6%).

Type of toilet

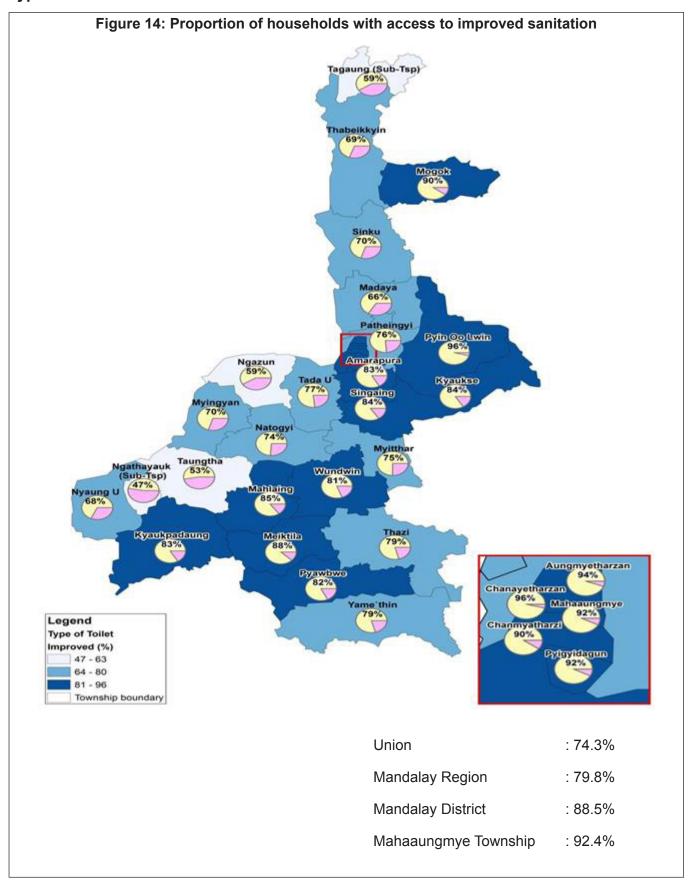


Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

Type of toilet		Total	Urban	Rural
Flush		5.1	5.1	-
Water seal (Im	proved pit latrine)	87.3	87.3	-
Improved sani	itation	92.4	92.4	-
Pit (Traditional	pit latrine)	2.8	2.8	-
Bucket (Surfac	e latrine)	0.2	0.2	-
Other		0.6	0.6	-
None		4.0	4.0	-
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	-
Total	Number	41,927	41,927	-

- Some 92.4 per cent of the households in Mahaaungmye Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (5.1%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (87.3%)).
- Compared to other townships in Mandalay Region, the proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Mahaaungmye belongs to the highest group.
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Mandalay Region is 79.8 per cent while it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- Some 4.0 per cent of the households in the township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Mandalay Region, it is 15.7 per cent.

Source of drinking water

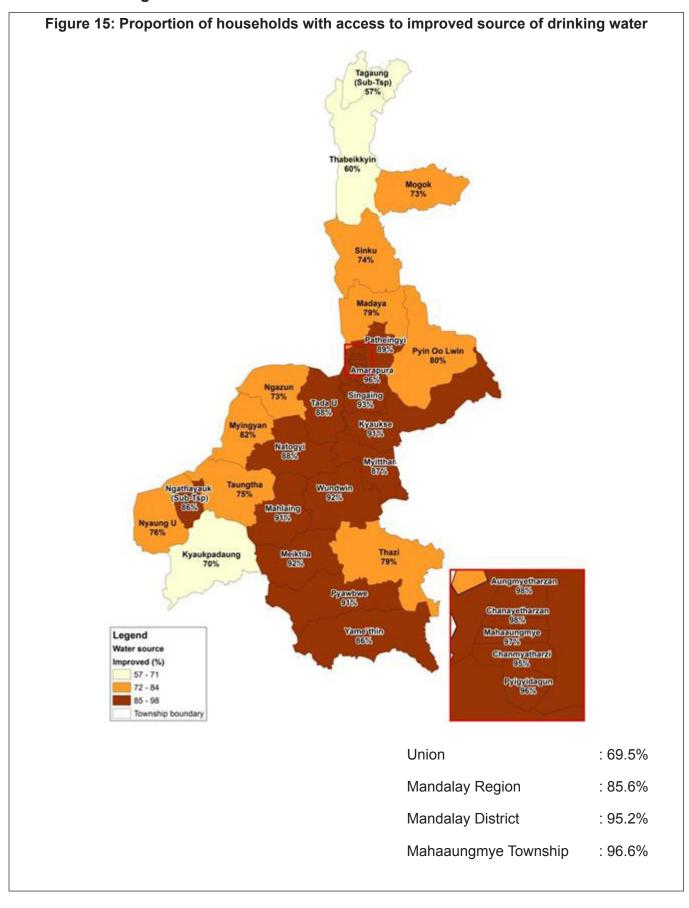


Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

Source of d	rinking water	Total	Urban	Rural
Tap water/ Piped	d	45.5	45.5	-
Tube well, boreh	nole	21.4	21.4	-
Protected well/ S	Spring	0.2	0.2	-
Bottled water/ W	ater purifier	29.5	29.5	-
Total improved	drinking water	96.6	96.6	-
Unprotected wel	I/Spring	*	*	-
Pool/Pond/ Lake	•	0.1	0.1	-
River/stream/ ca	anal	1.4	1.4	-
Waterfall/ Rain v	vater	*	*	-
Other		1.9	1.9	-
Total unimprove	ed drinking water	3.4	3.4	-
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	-
	Number	41,927	41,927	-

- In Mahaaungmye Township, 96.6 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).
- Compared to other townships in Mandalay Region, it is in the highest per cent group and it is higher than the Union average (69.5%).
- Some 45.5 per cent of the households use water from tap water/piped and 29.5 per cent use water from bottle water/water purifier.
- Some 3.4 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Source of lighting

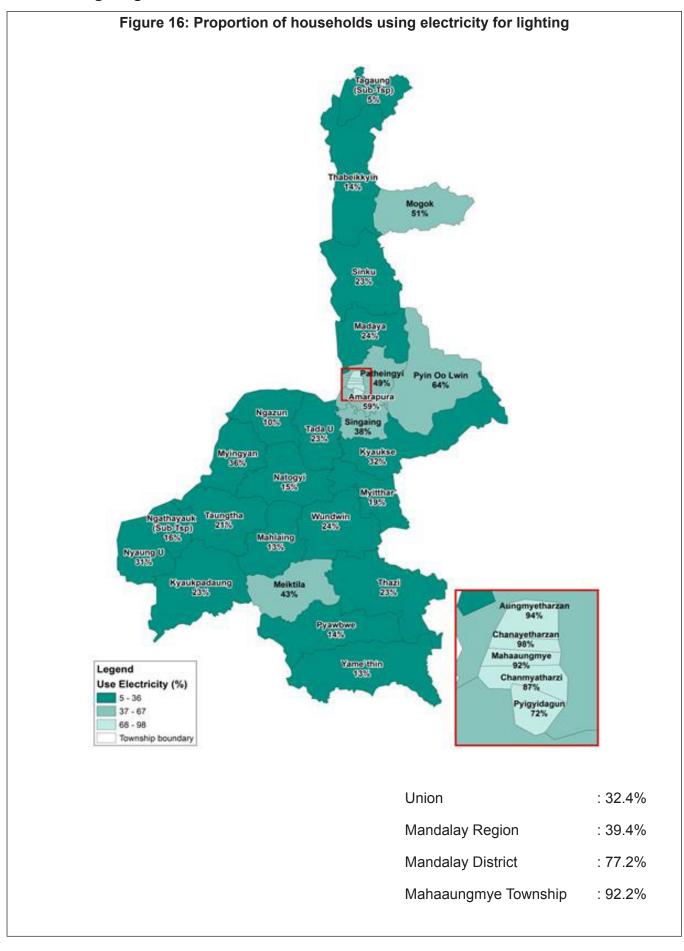


Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

Source o	Source of lighting		Urban	Rural
Electricity		92.2	92.2	-
Kerosene		0.1	0.1	-
Candle		0.9	0.9	-
Battery		3.3	3.3	-
Generator	Generator (private)		2.6	-
Water mill	Water mill (private)		*	-
Solar syste	em/energy	0.1	0.1	-
Other		0.8	0.8	-
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	-
	Number	41,927	41,927	-

In Mahaaungmye Township, 92.2 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting. This
proportion belongs to the highest group in electricity usage compared to other townships in
Mandalay Region. The percentage of households that use electricity in Mandalay Region is 39.4
per cent.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Type of cooking fuel

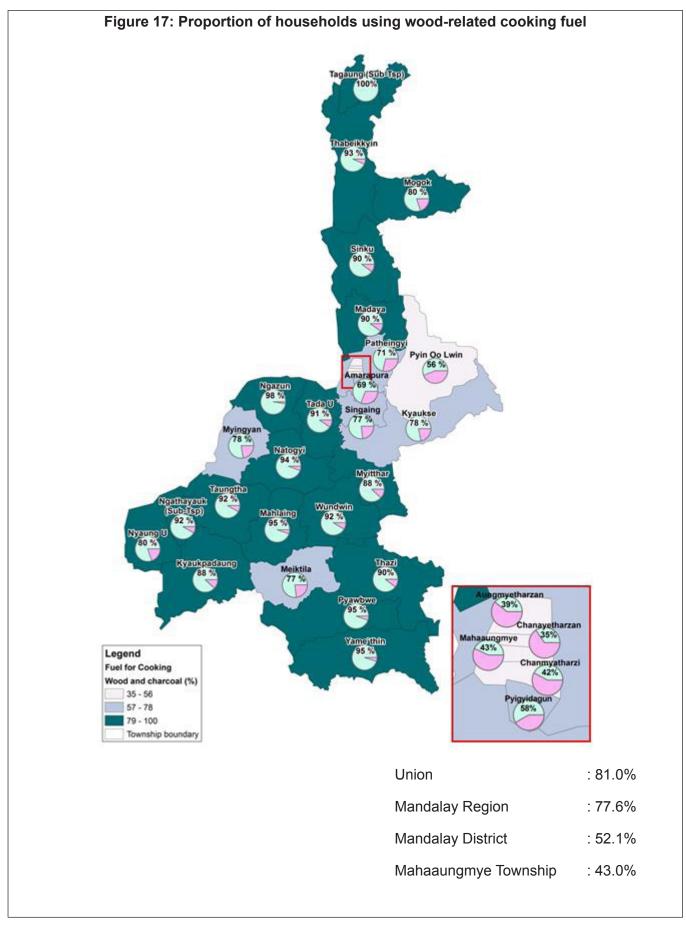


Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

Type of cooking fuel		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity	Electricity		53.0	-
LPG		0.9	0.9	-
Kerosene		*	*	-
BioGas	BioGas		0.5	-
Firewood		4.0	4.0	-
Charcoal		39.0	39.0	-
Coal		1.3	1.3	-
Other		1.4	1.4	-
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	-
	Number	41,927	41,927	-

- In Mahaaungmye Township, households use wood-related fuels for cooking with 4.0 per cent using firewood and 39.0 per cent using charcoal.
- Some 53.0 per cent of households mainly use electricity for cooking.

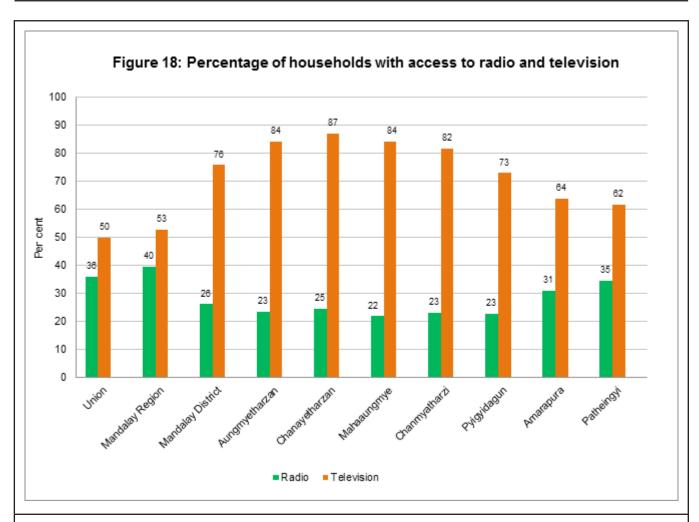
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Communication and related amenities

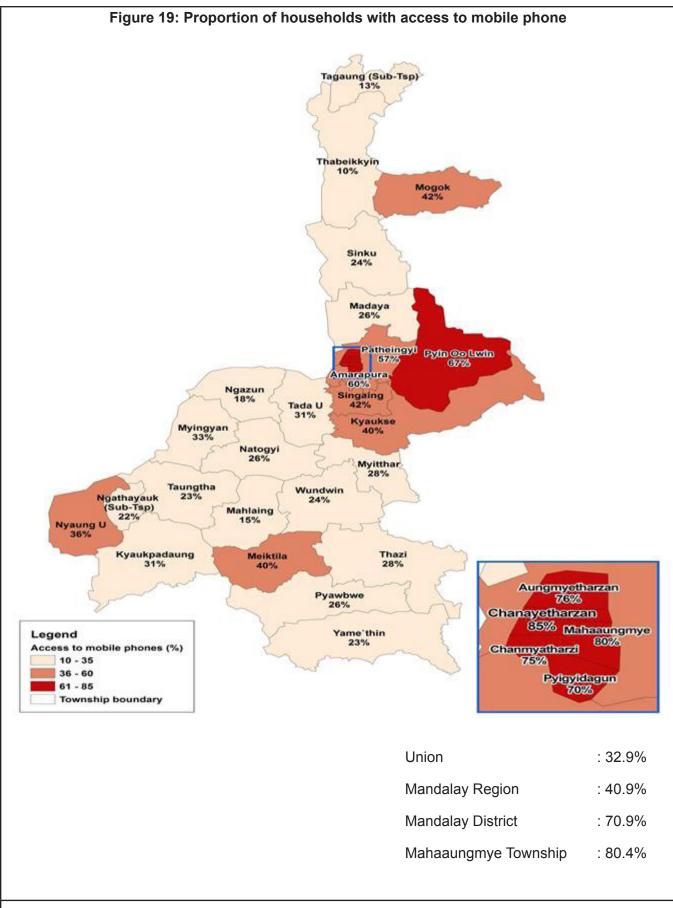
Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban / rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	41,927	21.9	84.1	9.4	80.4	13.6	26.4	8.3	1.6
Urban	41,927	21.9	84.1	9.4	80.4	13.6	26.4	8.3	1.6
Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

• Some 84.1 per cent of the households in Mahaaungmye Township have access to television and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities.



• In Mahaaungmye Township, 84.1 per cent of the households having a television and about one in five households (21.9%) reported having a radio.



• Some 80.4 per cent of the households in Mahaaungmye Township reported having mobile phones. Compared to other townships in Mandalay Region, it is in the highest group.

Transportation items

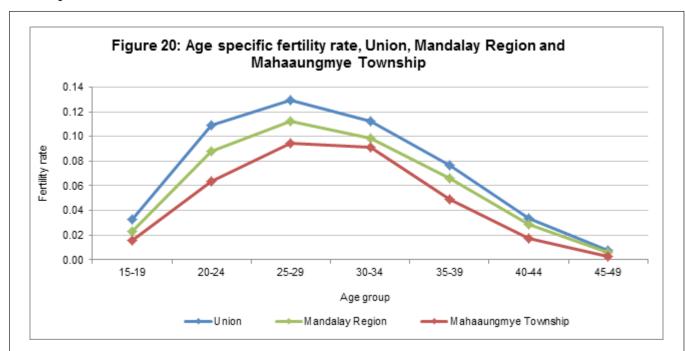
Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

Region/District/Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
Mandalay Region	1,323,191	58,017	769,529	523,704	20,436	21,845	7,097	370,149
Urban	415,634	43,856	301,736	203,269	4,729	672	702	7,244
Rural	907,557	14,161	467,793	320,435	15,707	21,173	6,395	362,905
Mandalay District	324,477	35,774	244,156	162,810	4,757	4,494	1,015	11,650
Urban	241,193	31,962	187,298	120,791	1,907	231	219	980
Rural	83,284	3,812	56,858	42,019	2,850	4,263	796	10,670
Mahaaungmye Township	41,927	6,811	33,346	18,189	252	19	43	51
Urban	41,927	6,811	33,346	18,189	252	19	43	51
Rural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

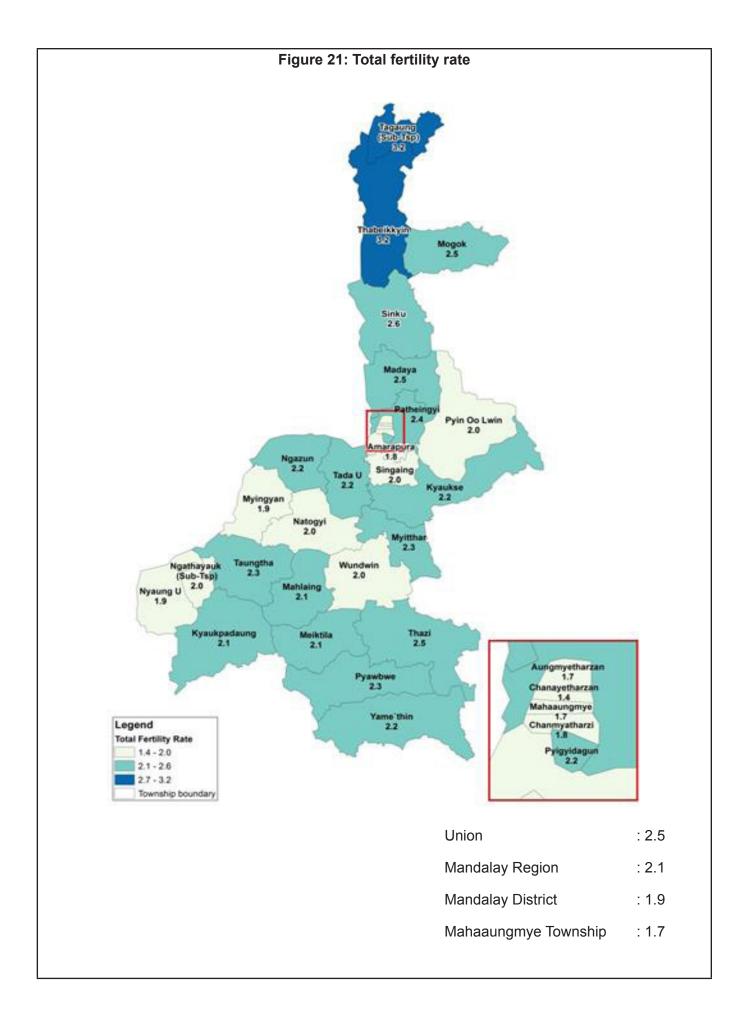
[•] In Mahaaungmye Township, 79.5 per cent of the households have motorcycle/moped as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 43.4 per cent of households having bicycle.

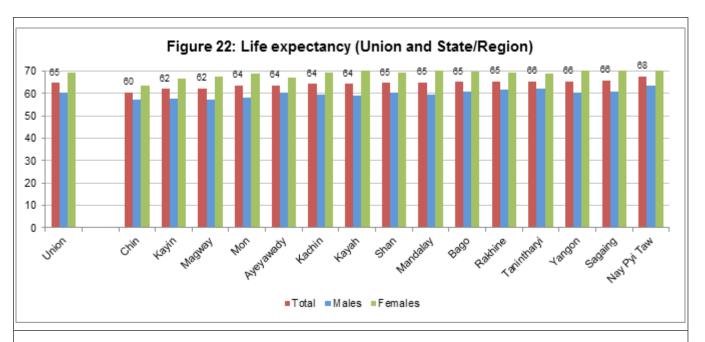
(H) Fertility and Mortality

Fertility



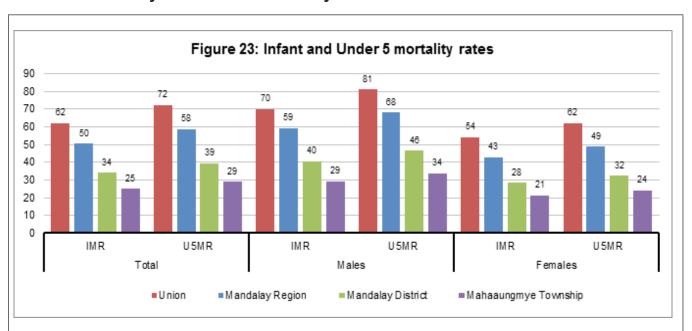
- · Age specific fertility rate is the highest at age group 25-29.
- For women aged 15-49, the total fertility rate is 1.7 children per woman and is lower than the total fertility rate of 2.5 at the National level.



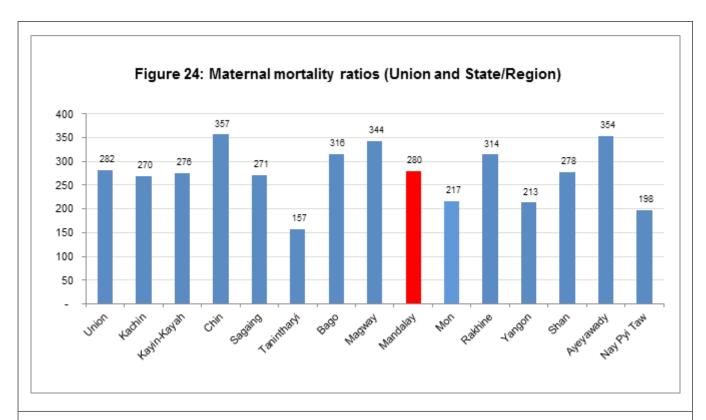


- The expectation of life at birth in Mandalay Region is 64.9 years and is slightly higher than that of National level at 64.7 years.
- The female life expectancy at 70.2 years is higher than that of the males at 59.7 years.

Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality



- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Mandalay District are lower than the Union average. The Infant mortality in Mandalay District is 34 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5 mortality is 39 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Mahaaungmye Township are lower than those in Mandalay Region and Mandalay District. The Infant mortality in Mahaaungmye is 25 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 29 per 1,000 live births.



- In Mandalay Region, there are 280 women dying while during pregnancy/delivery or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy for every 100,000 live births.
- The maternal mortality ratio is lower than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

Definitions and Concepts

Population: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

Census Night: The night between the 29th and the 30th March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

Rural area: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

Urban area: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

Population Density: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

Mean Household Size: The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

Sex ratio: The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

Dependency ratio: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

Child Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

Old Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

Ageing Index: The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

Median Age: The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

Education: Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

- (a) Literacy: The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.
- (b) School attendance: The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were:

 (a) Currently attending; (b) Attended previously; (c) Never attended.

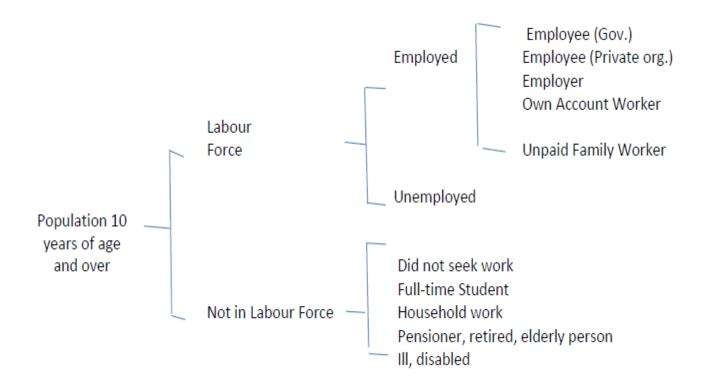
(c) Educational Attainment: The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

Disability: Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) Walking difficulty (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) Seeing difficulty (low vision, blind);
- (c) Hearing difficulty (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) Mental/Intellectual difficulty (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

Identity card: An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person's personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

Labour Force Status: According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



Labour Force: The Labour force is a general term covering "employed" and "unemployed" persons in the population.

Employed: "Employed" persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit, such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons

working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

Unemployed: "Unemployed" persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

Not in labour force: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

Employment Status: All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) Employee (Government): those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- **(b) Employee (Private organisation)**: those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) Employer: persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) Own account worker: self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain and did not have any employees.
- (e) **Unpaid family worker**: persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

Labour force participation rate: The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

Unemployment rate: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

Employment to population ratio: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

Occupation: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

Live Birth: A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

Total fertility rate (TFR): The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

Total fertility rate (TFR) =
$$5 \sum Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)$$

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR): The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

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The Townships Reports can be downloaded at:

www.dop.gov.mm
or
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