

# THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

# The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census MAGWAY REGION, MINBU DISTRICT Pwint Phyu Township Report

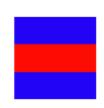




Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



## The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Magway Region, Minbu District

## **Pwint Phyu Township Report**

Department of Population

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Office No.48

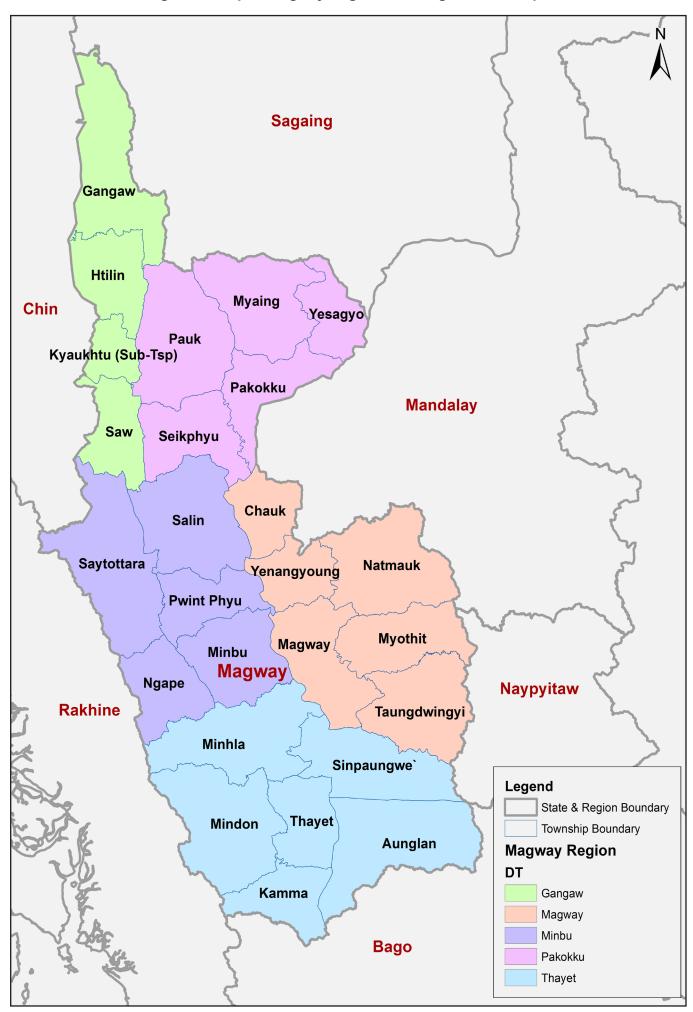
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October 2017

Figure 1 : Map of Magway Region, showing the townships



## Pwint Phyu Township Figures at a Glance <sup>1</sup>

Total Population	163,692 <sup>2</sup>		
Population males	76,740 (46.9%)		
Population females	86,952 (53.1%)		
Percentage of urban population	3.9%		
Area (Km²)	1,220.0 <sup>3</sup>		
Population density (per Km²)	134.2 persons		
Median age	29.1 years		
Number of wards	4		
Number of village tracts	52		
Number of private households	39,764		
Percentage of female headed households	21.9%		
Mean household size	4.0 persons 4		
	-		
Percentage of population by age group			
Children (0 – 14 years)	26.8%		
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	66.6%		
Elderly population (65+ years)	6.6%		
Dependency ratios			
Total dependency ratio	50.1		
Child dependency ratio	40.3		
Old dependency ratio	9.8		
Ageing index	24.4		
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	88		
Continue (mano por too termino)			
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	92.5%		
Male	96.5%		
Female	89.2%		
T GINGIO	30.270		
People with disability	Number	Per cent	
Any form of disability	7,274	4.4	
Walking	2,803	1.7	
Seeing	3,950	2.4	
Hearing	1,957	1.2	
Remembering	1,853	1.1	
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Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)	Number Per cent		nt		
Citizenship Scrutiny	97,930 72.5				
Associate Scrutiny	40		<0.1		
Naturalised Scrutiny	160		0.1		
National Registration	979		0.7	0.7	
Religious	660		0.5	0.5	
Temporary Registration	164	,	0.1		
Foreign Registration	*		<0.1		
Foreign Passport	21		<0.1		
None	35,030		25.9		
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64)	Both sexes	s M	lale	Female	
Labour force participation rate	82.1%	9	1.3%	74.3%	
Unemployment rate	0.7%	0.	.6%	0.7%	
Employment to population ratio	81.6%	9	0.8%	73.7%	
Ownership of housing unit (Tenure)	Number		Per ce	nt	
Owner	37,997		95.6		
Renter	392		1.0		
Provided free (individually)	670 1		1.7		
Government quarters	617 1		1.6	1.6	
Private company quarters	31 0		0.1		
Other	57 0.1				
Material for housing	Wall	Floc	r	Roof	
Dhani/Theke/In leaf	0.5%			56.1%	
Bamboo	84.9%	81.8	%	2.3%	
Earth	<0.1%	0.7%	6		
Wood	10.2%	14.1	%	0.1%	
Corrugated sheet	0.1%			40.9%	
Tile/Brick/Concrete	4.0%	2.9%	6	0.4%	
Other	0.2%	0.5%	6	0.3%	
			r		
Main source of energy for cooking	Number		Per ce	nt	
Electricity	2,416		6.1		
LPG	*		<0.1		
Kerosene	*		<0.1		
Biogas	*		<0.1		
Firewood	34,188		86.0		
Charcoal	2,433		6.1		
Coal	69		0.2		
Other	639		1.6		

Main source of energy for lighting	Number	Per cent
Electricity	10,133	25.5
Kerosene	35	0.1
Candle	17,358	43.7
Battery	5,837	14.7
Generator (private)	4,302	10.8
Water mill (private)	26	0.1
Solar system/energy	1,341	3.4
Other	732	1.8
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	209	0.5
Tube well, borehole	35,383	89.0
Protected well/spring	2,212	5.6
Bottled/purifier water	419	1.0
Total Improved Water Sources	38,223	96.1
Unprotected well/spring	87	0.2
Pool/pond/lake	97	0.3
River/stream/canal	1,189	3.0
Waterfall/rainwater	-	-
Other	168	0.4
Total Unimproved Water Sources	1,541	3.9
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	204	0.5
Tube well, borehole	35,452	89.2
Protected well/spring	2,094	5.3
Unprotected well/spring	98	0.2
Pool/pond/lake	144	0.4
River/stream/canal	1,563	3.9
Waterfall/rainwater	*	<0.1
Bottled/purifier water	*	<0.1
Other	204	0.5

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	297	0.7
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	32,710	82.3
Total Improved Sanitation	33,007	83.0
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	839	2.1
Bucket (Surface latrine)	41	0.1
Other	66	0.2
None	5,811	14.6
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	17,346	43.6
Television	16,798	42.2
Landline phone	1,155	2.9
Mobile phone	9,265	23.3
Computer	337	0.8
Internet at home	1,551	3.9
Households with none of the items	12,745	32.1
Households with all of the items	60	0.2
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	443	1.1
Motorcycle/Moped	16,032	40.3
Bicycle	22,422	56.4
4-Wheel tractor	1,058	2.7
Canoe/Boat	496	1.2
Motor boat	185	0.5
Cart (bullock)	13,768	34.6

Note: <sup>1</sup> Population figures for Pwint Phyu Township are as of 29<sup>th</sup> March 2014.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes both household population and institution population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Calculated based on conventional household population

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 20.

#### **Contents**

Introd	duction	3
Cens	sus information on Pwint Phyu Township	5
(A)	Demographic Characteristics	7
(B)	Religion	12
(C)	Education	13
(D)	Economic Characteristics	17
(E)	Identity Cards	23
(F)	Disability	24
(G)	Housing Conditions and Household Amenities	27
	Type of housing unit	27
	Type of toilet	28
	Source of drinking water	30
	Source of lighting	32
	Type of cooking fuel	34
	Communication and related amenities	36
	Transportation items	38
(H)	Fertility and Mortality	39
	Fertility	39
	Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality	41
Defini	itions and Concepts	43
List o	of Contributors	47

#### Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at <a href="http://www.dop.gov.mm/">http://www.dop.gov.mm/</a> and <a href="http://www.dop.gov.mm/">http://www.d

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Pwint Phyu Township in Magway Region. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.



#### (A) Demographic Characteristics

Total population	163,692 *			
Males	76,740			
Females	86,952			
Sex ratio	88 males per 10	00 females		
Percentage of urban population	3.9 %			
Area (Km²)	1,220.0 **			
Population density (persons per Km²)	134.2 persons			
Number of wards	4			
Number of village tracts	52			
	Total	Urban	Rural	
Population in conventional households	159,885	5,901	153,984	
Number of conventional households	39,764 1,454 38,310			
Mean household size	4.0 persons ***			

- In Pwint Phyu Township, there are more females than males with 88 males per 100 females.
- The majority of the people in the Township live in rural areas with only (3.9%) living in urban areas.
- The population density of Pwint Phyu Township is 134 persons per square kilometre.
- There are 4.0 persons living in each household in Pwint Phyu Township. This is slightly lower than the Union average.

Note: \* Includes both household population and institution population.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Calculated based on conventional household population

Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward and village tract;
Pwint Phyu Township (Minbu District, Magway Region)

		No. of		Population	
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females
	Total	39,764	163,692	76,740	86,952
	Ward	1,454	6,350	2,910	3,440
1	Ah Shey Paing(W)	378	1,795	838	957
2	Ah Lel Paing(W)	260	1,043	451	592
3	Ah Nauk Paing(W)	255	1,119	505	614
4	Thet Taw Shey(W)	561	2,393	1,116	1,277
	Village Tract	38,310	157,342	73,830	83,512
1	Tha Yet Oke(VT)	1,739	7,182	3,298	3,884
2	Me Za Li(VT)	1,790	8,016	3,853	4,163
3	Sin Lu (North)(VT)	553	2,654	1,322	1,332
4	Ma De(VT)	1,199	4,882	2,345	2,537
5	Ka Ni(VT)	616	2,476	1,117	1,359
6	Kyaung Kone(VT)	965	4,380	2,084	2,296
7	Chaung Son(VT)	213	949	454	495
8	Yae Poke Gyi(VT)	596	2,990	1,495	1,495
9	Yae Poke Ka Lay(VT)	324	1,259	630	629
10	U Yin Kyit(VT)	2,016	8,272	3,849	4,423
11	Tha Man Yin(VT)	519	2,128	987	1,141
12	Taung Inn Ywar Thit(VT)	184	774	381	393
13	Let Khoke(VT)	493	2,159	965	1,194
14	Nyaung Pin(VT)	269	1,089	487	602
15	Inn Daung(VT)	691	2,588	1,201	1,387
16	Mone Myint(VT)	589	2,405	1,118	1,287
17	Lel Kaing(VT)	1,023	4,308	1,954	2,354
18	Kan Swei(VT)	952	3,959	1,806	2,153
19	Lel Hla Kone(VT)	106	445	218	227
20	Kan Thar Gyi(VT)	1,350	5,514	2,524	2,990
21	Ku Lar Haung(VT)	310	1,193	571	622
22	Ywar Thit Kone(VT)	473	1,877	895	982

Table 1: (Continued)

		No. of		Population	
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females
23	Na Be Kone(VT)	368	1,450	686	764
24	Kyit Kaing(VT)	915	915 3,783		1,928
25	Pyi Lone Kyaw(VT)	860	3,591	1,707	1,884
26	Ah Nauk Lay Ein(VT)	163	759	360	399
27	Se Taw(VT)	411	1,551	735	816
28	Kyu Wun(VT)	204	842	384	458
29	Hpa Lan Kyin(VT)	275	1,133	556	577
30	Kywe Ta Kar(VT)	588	2,642	1,293	1,349
31	Ywar Khaing(VT)	773	3,297	1,527	1,770
32	Zee Taw(VT)	413	1,687	770	917
33	Mone Za Le(VT)	732	2,927	1,393	1,534
34	Let Pa Nwe(VT)	507	2,042	967	1,075
35	Ka Pyayt(VT)	1,412	5,580	2,594	2,986
36	Kywe Ti(VT)	581	2,648	1,254	1,394
37	Than Kaing(VT)	217	927	432	495
38	Kone Zaung(VT)	1,623	6,703	3,116	3,587
39	Ah Nauk Kaing(VT)	1,157	4,449	2,086	2,363
40	Pay Taw(VT)	614	2,501	1,187	1,314
41	Tha Yet Taw(VT)	1,259	4,495	2,079	2,416
42	Nyaung Chon(VT)	484	1,896	907	989
43	Ah Shey Lay Ein(VT)	342	1,454	682	772
44	Nan Taw Kyun(VT)	614	2,703	1,206	1,497
45	Pauk Kone(VT)	410	1,696	772	924
46	Se Mone(VT)	820	3,315	1,556	1,759
47	Hta Naung Kone(VT)	451	1,672	763	909
48	Shwe Hlay(VT)	1,321	5,034	2,367	2,667
49	Kyaung Taw Yar (1)(VT)	1,383	5,515	2,600	2,915
50	Min Myay(VT)	658	2,409	1,100	1,309
51	Hpa Lan Taw(VT)	921	3,887	1,864	2,023
52	Zee Kaing(VT)	864	3,255	1,478	1,777

Figure 2: Population by broad age groups,
Pwint Phyu Township

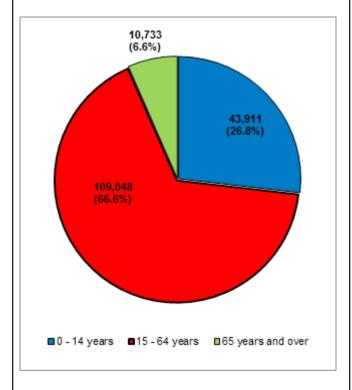
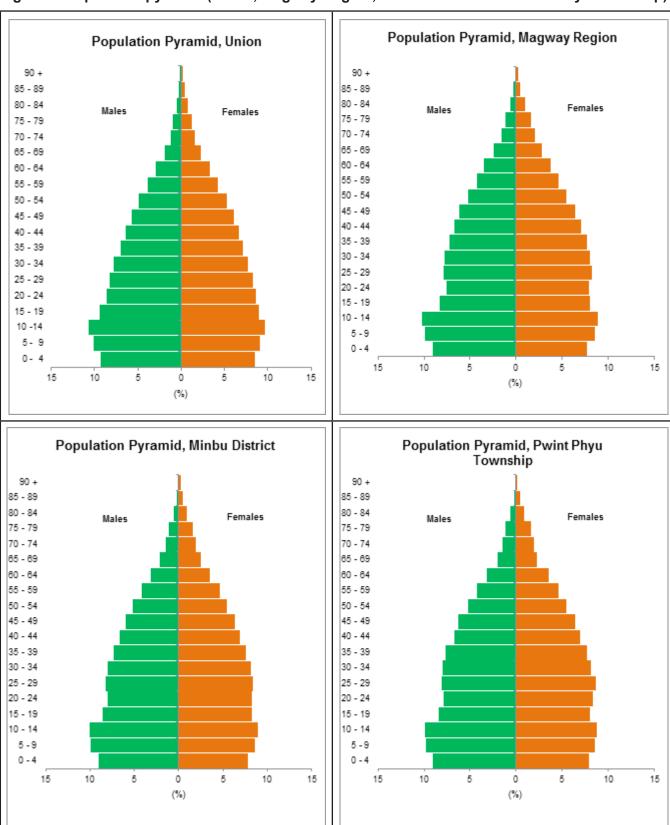


Table 2: Population by 5-year age groups,
Pwint Phyu Township

Age groups	Total	Males	Females
Total	163,692	76,740	86,952
0 - 4	13,746	6,932	6,814
5 - 9	14,955	7,504	7,451
10 - 14	15,210	7,603	7,607
15 - 19	13,367	6,461	6,906
20 - 24	13,305	6,070	7,235
25 - 29	13,640	6,178	7,462
30 - 34	13,125	6,105	7,020
35 - 39	12,546	5,847	6,699
40 - 44	11,179	5,147	6,032
45 - 49	10,415	4,815	5,600
50 - 54	8,778	4,025	4,753
55 - 59	7,264	3,253	4,011
60 - 64	5,429	2,411	3,018
65 - 69	3,540	1,557	1,983
70 - 74	2,811	1,140	1,671
75 - 79	2,288	914	1,374
80 - 84	1,290	512	778
85 - 89	591	194	397
90 +	213	72	141

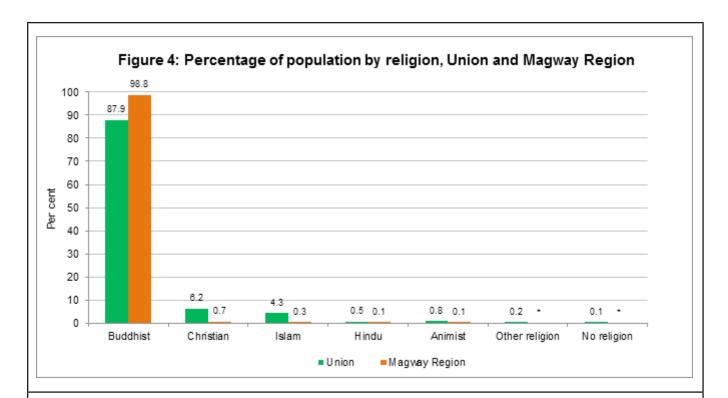
- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Pwint Phyu Township is 66.6 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Magway Region, Minbu District and Pwint Phyu Township)



- The birth rate has been declining in Pwint Phyu Township since the last 10 years.
- The population has declined from age group 15-19 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is a higher percentage of working age group 15-64 population in Pwint Phyu Township.
- There are less males than females in all age groups 10-14 onwards.

#### (B) Religion

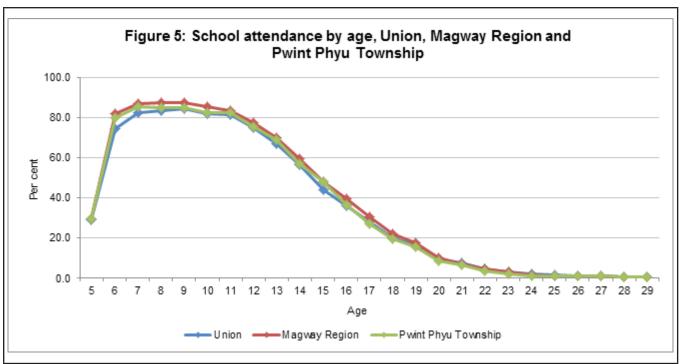


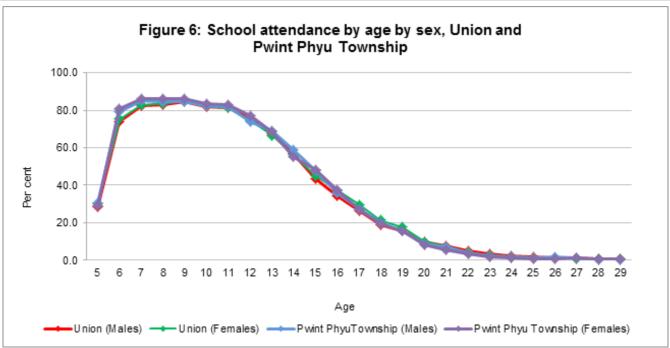
- At the Union level, the composition of the population by religion is: 87.9% Buddhist, 6.2% Christian, 4.3% Islam, 0.5% Hindu, 0.8% Animist, 0.2% Other religion and 0.1% No religion.
- In Magway Region, it is 98.8% Buddhist, 0.7% Christian, 0.3% Islam, 0.1% Hindu, 0.1% Animist and less than 0.1% each for Other religion and those with No religion respectively.

## (C) Education

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age

Ama	To	tal population	on	Cur	rently attend	ding
Age	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
5	2,869	1,397	1,472	851	426	425
6	2,954	1,535	1,419	2,368	1,220	1,148
7	3,168	1,625	1,543	2,712	1,384	1,328
8	2,803	1,393	1,410	2,391	1,178	1,213
9	2,972	1,391	1,581	2,534	1,175	1,359
10	3,047	1,530	1,517	2,524	1,259	1,265
11	2,574	1,209	1,365	2,126	991	1,135
12	3,050	1,481	1,569	2,306	1,098	1,208
13	3,100	1,492	1,608	2,140	1,033	1,107
14	2,861	1,398	1,463	1,637	827	810
15	2,736	1,335	1,401	1,318	639	679
16	2,407	1,141	1,266	885	413	472
17	2,525	1,232	1,293	685	335	350
18	2,764	1,297	1,467	542	257	285
19	2,472	1,131	1,341	384	175	209
20	3,096	1,420	1,676	263	125	138
21	2,407	1,085	1,322	153	78	75
22	2,464	1,120	1,344	85	41	44
23	2,574	1,154	1,420	49	24	25
24	2,400	1,049	1,351	31	17	14
25	3,003	1,391	1,612	33	18	15
26	2,343	1,054	1,289	28	16	12
27	2,628	1,195	1,433	29	13	16
28	2,726	1,168	1,558	14	4	10
29	2,542	1,120	1,422	10	3	7





- School attendance in Pwint Phyu Township drops after age 10 for both males and females.
- Compared to the Union, the school attendance of males and females in Pwint Phyu Township is higher than that of the Union from age 6 to 15.

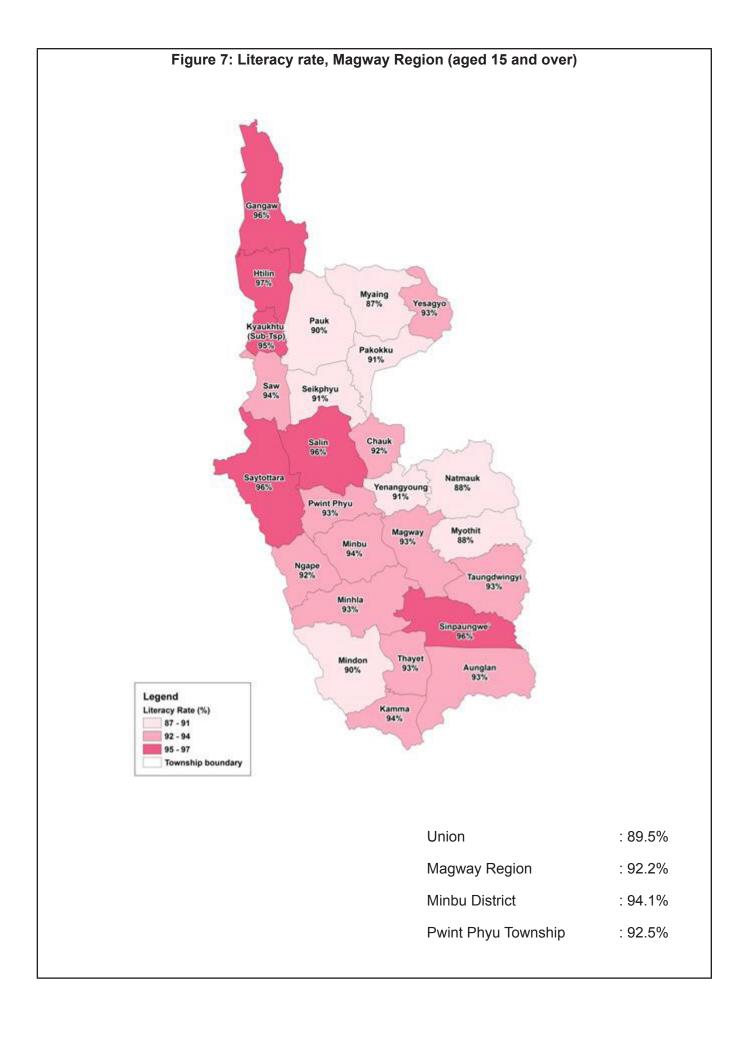


Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 - 24), Pwint Phyu Township

Sex	Total Population (15 - 24)	Literacy Rate (15 - 24)
Total	25,845	96.0
Males	11,964	96.6
Females	13,881	95.4

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Pwint Phyu Township is 92.5 per cent. It is higher than the literacy rate of Magway Region (92.2%) and the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 89.2 per cent and for the males it is 96.5 per cent.
- The literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 96.0 per cent with 95.4 per cent for females and 96.6 per cent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

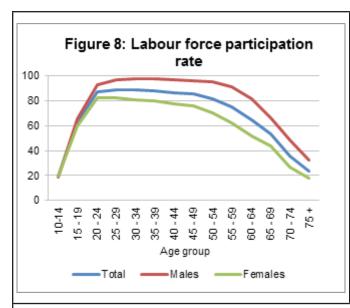
Total		None	% Never	Primary	school	Middle school	High school (grade	Diploma	University/	Post-	Vocational	Other
	None	attended	(grade 1 - 4)	(grade 5)	(grade 6 - 9)	10 - 11)	Dipionia	College	graduate and above	training	Other	
Total	93,109	24,112	25.9	15,869	25,884	14,163	6,830	256	5,128	188	109	570
Urban	3,790	261	6.9	486	611	784	764	36	788	39	18	3
Rural	89,319	23,851	26.7	15,383	25,273	13,379	6,066	220	4,340	149	91	567
Males	42,170	11,179	26.5	5,304	11,000	8,068	3,934	172	2,086	53	76	298
Females	50,939	12,933	25.4	10,565	14,884	6,095	2,896	84	3,042	135	33	272

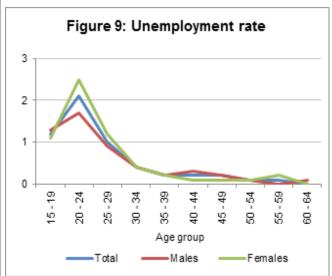
- Some 25.9 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- Of the rural population aged 25 and over, 26.7 per cent have never been to school.
- There are 26.5 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 25.4 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 27.8 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and only 5.5
  per cent has completed university/college education.

## (D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate by sex and age group

Ago groups	Labour Fo	rce Particip	ation Rate	Une	mployment	Rate
Age groups	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
10 - 14	19.2	18.8	19.7	1.0	1.3	0.6
15 - 19	62.7	65.6	59.9	1.2	1.3	1.1
20 - 24	87.1	92.9	82.2	2.1	1.7	2.5
25 - 29	88.9	96.9	82.3	1.0	0.9	1.2
30 - 34	88.6	97.9	80.6	0.4	0.4	0.4
35 - 39	88.3	97.5	80.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
40 - 44	86.6	97.0	77.7	0.2	0.3	0.1
45 - 49	85.5	96.4	76.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
50 - 54	81.8	95.6	70.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
55 - 59	75.2	91.1	62.2	0.1	*	0.2
60 - 64	64.8	81.3	51.7	*	0.1	-
65 - 69	53.4	66.2	43.4	-	-	-
70 - 74	35.8	48.8	26.9	-	-	-
75 +	23.3	32.2	17.8	-	-	-
15 - 24	74.9	78.8	71.3	1.7	1.6	1.9
15 - 64	82.1	91.3	74.3	0.7	0.6	0.7





- Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Pwint Phyu Township is 82.1 per cent.
- The labour force participation rate of females is 74.3 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 91.3 per cent.
- In Pwint Phyu Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is19.2 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Pwint Phyu Township is 0.7 per cent. There is not much difference between males and females with unemployment rate for males (0.6%) and for females (0.7%).
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 1.9 per cent.

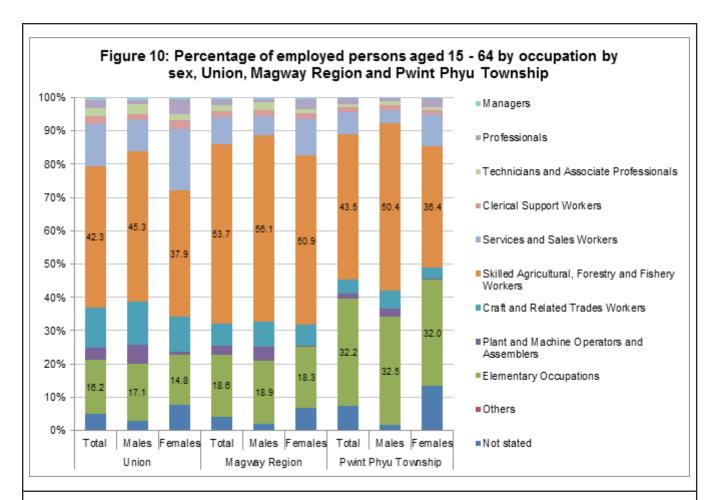
Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

Sex			U	sual activity sta	tus		
Sex	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	III ,disabled	Other
Total	38,589	0.1	41.0	36.0	15.4	2.5	5.0
Males	12,802	0.3	60.6	5.3	18.7	3.8	11.3
Females	25,787	0.1	31.2	51.3	13.8	1.9	1.8

• Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 60.6 per cent of males are full time students while 51.3 per cent of females are household workers.

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex

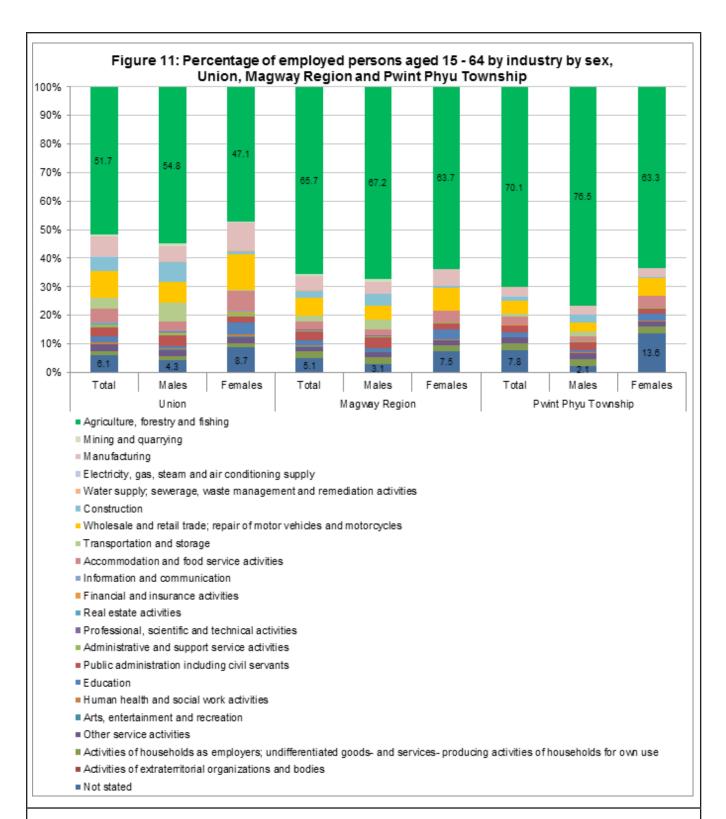
Occupation	Em	ployed pers	ons	Per cent			
Occupation	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	87,280	44,621	42,659	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Managers	273	144	129	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Professionals	1,399	324	1,075	1.6	0.7	2.5	
Technicians and Associate Professionals	959	602	357	1.1	1.3	0.8	
Clerical Support Workers	1,122	607	515	1.3	1.4	1.2	
Services and Sales Workers	5,925	1,771	4,154	6.8	4.0	9.7	
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	37,989	22,481	15,508	43.5	50.4	36.4	
Craft and Related Trades Workers	3,845	2,417	1,428	4.4	5.4	3.3	
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	1,217	1,028	189	1.4	2.3	0.4	
Elementary Occupations	28,142	14,507	13,635	32.2	32.5	32.0	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Not stated	6,409	740	5,669	7.3	1.7	13.3	



- In Pwint Phyu Township, 43.5 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and is the highest proportion, followed by 32.2 per cent in elementary occupations.
- Analysis by sex shows that 50.4 per cent of males and 36.4 per cent of females are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers.
- In Magway Region, 53.7 per cent are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and 18.6 per cent are elementary occupations.

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

ladiate.	Emp	oloyed pers	ons	Per cent			
Industry	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	87,280	44,621	42,659	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	61,158	34,146	27,012	70.1	76.5	63.3	
Mining and quarrying	60	51	9	0.1	0.1	*	
Manufacturing	2,776	1,377	1,399	3.2	3.1	3.3	
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	25	25	-	*	0.1	-	
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	44	40	4	0.1	0.1	*	
Construction	1,421	1,233	188	1.6	2.8	0.4	
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	3,879	1,294	2,585	4.4	2.9	6.1	
Transportation and storage	840	807	33	1.0	1.8	0.1	
Accommodation and food service activities	2,491	715	1,776	2.9	1.6	4.2	
Information and communication	51	36	15	0.1	0.1	*	
Financial and insurance activities	46	23	23	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Real estate activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Professional, scientific and technical activities	57	47	10	0.1	0.1	*	
Administrative and support service activities	223	127	96	0.3	0.3	0.2	
Public administration including civil servants	1,954	1,273	681	2.2	2.9	1.6	
Education	1,434	318	1,116	1.6	0.7	2.6	
Human health and social work activities	186	62	124	0.2	0.1	0.3	
Arts, entertainment and recreation	57	44	13	0.1	0.1	*	
Other service activities	1,588	880	708	1.8	2.0	1.7	
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services- producing activities of households for own use	2,215	1,170	1,045	2.5	2.6	2.4	
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	2	2	-	*	*	-	
Not stated	6,773	951	5,822	7.8	2.1	13.6	



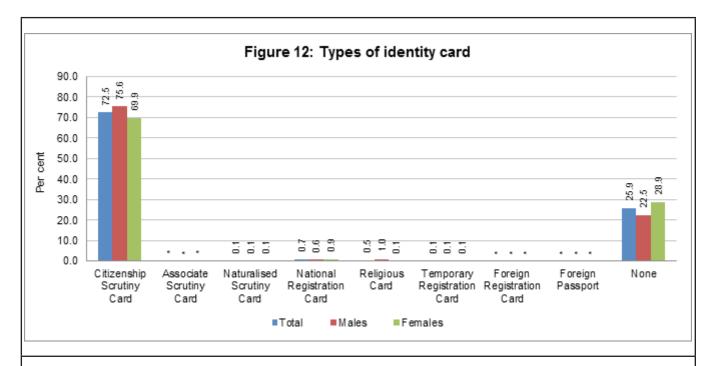
- In Pwint Phyu Township, the proportion of employed persons working in the industry of "Agriculture, forestry and fishing" is the highest with 70.1 per cent.
- There are 76.5 per cent of males and 63.3 per cent of females working in "Agriculture, forestry and fishing" industry.
- In Magway Region, there are 65.7 per cent of employed population working in "Agriculture, forestry and fishing" industry.

#### (E) Identity Cards

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	97,930	40	160	979	660	164	*	21	35,030
Urban	4,588	-	2	5	42	4	*	1	775
Rural	93,342	40	158	974	618	160	*	20	34,255
Males	47,109	15	83	360	601	77	*	8	14,048
Females	50,821	25	77	619	59	87	*	13	20,982

Note: \* Less than 20 cards.



- In Pwint Phyu Township, 72.5 per cent of the population aged 10 and over have Citizenship Scrutiny Card while 25.9 per cent have none.
- Analysis by sex shows that 22.5 per cent of males and 28.9 per cent of females do not have any type
  of card.

## (F) Disability

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

		Total Po	pulation			Type of	disability	Type of disability				
Age groups	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering				
Total	163,692	156,418	7,274	4.4	3,950	1,957	2,803	1,853				
0 - 4	13,746	13,572	174	1.3	19	37	134	100				
5 - 9	14,955	14,787	168	1.1	27	34	85	103				
10 - 14	15,210	15,040	170	1.1	29	36	66	109				
15 - 19	13,367	13,223	144	1.1	37	30	53	59				
20 - 24	13,305	13,166	139	1.0	30	38	54	. 57				
25 - 29	13,640	13,449	191	1.4	41	39	87	67				
30 - 34	13,125	12,920	205	1.6	52	58	80	52				
35 - 39	12,546	12,321	225	1.8	78	46	77	57				
40 - 44	11,179	10,823	356	3.2	165	64	114	. 68				
45 - 49	10,415	9,891	524	5.0	317	84	146	89				
50 - 54	8,778	8,190	588	6.7	340	106	168	102				
55 - 59	7,264	6,565	699	9.6	390	160	220	109				
60 - 64	5,429	4,690	739	13.6	426	177	247	144				
65 - 69	3,540	2,881	659	18.6	432	179	237	112				
70 - 74	2,811	2,104	707	25.2	497	224	255	161				
75 - 79	2,288	1,558	730	31.9	497	265	307	174				
80 - 84	1,290	805	485	37.6	323	202	247	147				
85 - 89	591	330	261	44.2	175	121	154	. 96				
90 +	213	103	110	51.6	75	57	72	47				

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups		Total Po	pulation		Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Males	76,740	73,571	3,169	4.1	1,589	776	1,285	806
0 - 4	6,932	6,849	83	1.2	8	18	67	45
5 - 9	7,504	7,410	94	1.3	17	18	41	59
10 - 14	7,603	7,514	89	1.2	14	17	32	56
15 - 19	6,461	6,389	72	1.1	16	13	29	36
20 - 24	6,070	5,994	76	1.3	21	20	30	29
25 - 29	6,178	6,081	97	1.6	19	22	47	32
30 - 34	6,105	6,000	105	1.7	22	29	46	28
35 - 39	5,847	5,735	112	1.9	33	16	46	29
40 - 44	5,147	4,980	167	3.2	66	27	62	37
45 - 49	4,815	4,562	253	5.3	152	28	83	44
50 - 54	4,025	3,762	263	6.5	155	33	78	44
55 - 59	3,253	2,945	308	9.5	169	63	115	50
60 - 64	2,411	2,081	330	13.7	183	78	123	67
65 - 69	1,557	1,266	291	18.7	182	75	110	46
70 - 74	1,140	879	261	22.9	168	87	108	57
75 - 79	914	640	274	30.0	172	101	119	56
80 - 84	512	326	186	36.3	116	80	90	57
85 - 89	194	113	81	41.8	56	35	44	28
90 +	72	45	27	37.5	20	16	15	6

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups		Total Po	pulation	Type of disability				
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Females	86,952	82,847	4,105	4.7	2,361	1,181	1,518	1,047
0 - 4	6,814	6,723	91	1.3	11	19	67	55
5 - 9	7,451	7,377	74	1.0	10	16	44	44
10 - 14	7,607	7,526	81	1.1	15	19	34	53
15 - 19	6,906	6,834	72	1.0	21	17	24	23
20 - 24	7,235	7,172	63	0.9	9	18	24	28
25 - 29	7,462	7,368	94	1.3	22	17	40	35
30 - 34	7,020	6,920	100	1.4	30	29	34	24
35 - 39	6,699	6,586	113	1.7	45	30	31	28
40 - 44	6,032	5,843	189	3.1	99	37	52	31
45 - 49	5,600	5,329	271	4.8	165	56	63	45
50 - 54	4,753	4,428	325	6.8	185	73	90	58
55 - 59	4,011	3,620	391	9.7	221	97	105	59
60 - 64	3,018	2,609	409	13.6	243	99	124	77
65 - 69	1,983	1,615	368	18.6	250	104	127	66
70 - 74	1,671	1,225	446	26.7	329	137	147	104
75 - 79	1,374	918	456	33.2	325	164	188	118
80 - 84	778	479	299	38.4	207	122	157	90
85 - 89	397	217	180	45.3	119	86	110	68
90 +	141	58	83	58.9	55	41	57	41

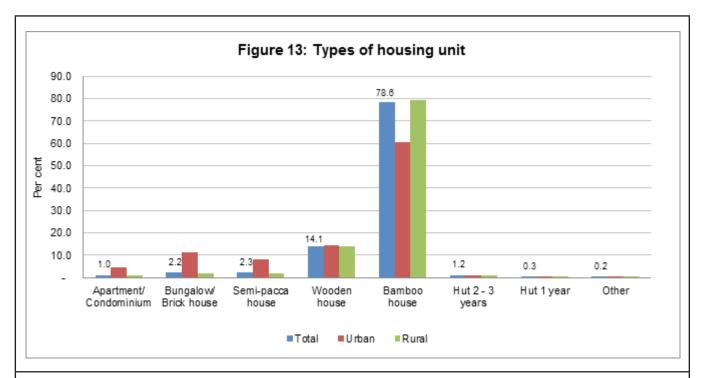
- Four in every 100 persons in Pwint Phyu Township have, at least, one form of disability.
- Slightly more females than males have disability.
- The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 65.
- Difficulties with seeing and walking were the most commonly mentioned forms of disability in the Township.

### (G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

#### Type of housing unit

Table 12: Conventional households by type of housing unit by urban/rural

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	Bungalow/ Brick house	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	39,764	1.0	2.2	2.3	14.1	78.6	1.2	0.3	0.2
Urban	1,454	4.5	11.3	8.1	14.3	60.5	1.1	0.1	0.1
Rural	38,310	0.9	1.9	2.1	14.1	79.3	1.2	0.4	0.2



- The majority of the households in Pwint Phyu Township are living in bamboo houses (78.6%) followed by households in wooden houses (14.1%).
- Some 60.5 per cent of urban households and 79.3 per cent of rural households live in bamboo houses.

Type of toilet

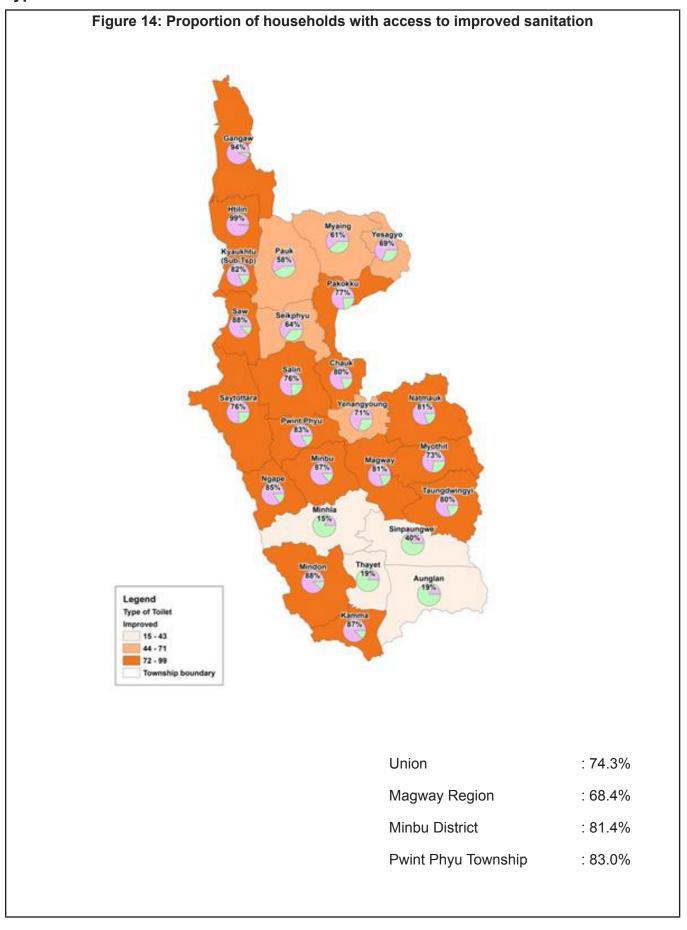


Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

Туре	of toilet	Total	Urban	Rural
Flush		0.7	1.9	0.7
Water seal (Imp	roved pit latrine)	82.3	90.3	82.0
Improved sanita	tion	83.0	92.2	82.7
Pit (Traditional p	it latrine)	2.1	1.0	2.1
Bucket (Surface	latrine)	0.1	-	0.1
Other		0.2	0.1	0.2
None		14.6	6.7	14.9
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
lotai	Number	39,764	1,454	38,310

- Some 83.0 per cent of the households in Pwint Phyu Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (0.7%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (82.3%)).
- Compared to other townships in Magway Region, Pwint Phyu belongs to the (10) highest proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities.
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Magway Region is 68.4 per cent while it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- Some 14.6 per cent of the households in the township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Magway Region, it is 17.5 per cent.
- In the rural areas of Pwint Phyu Township, 14.9 per cent of the households have no toilet facilities.

#### Source of drinking water

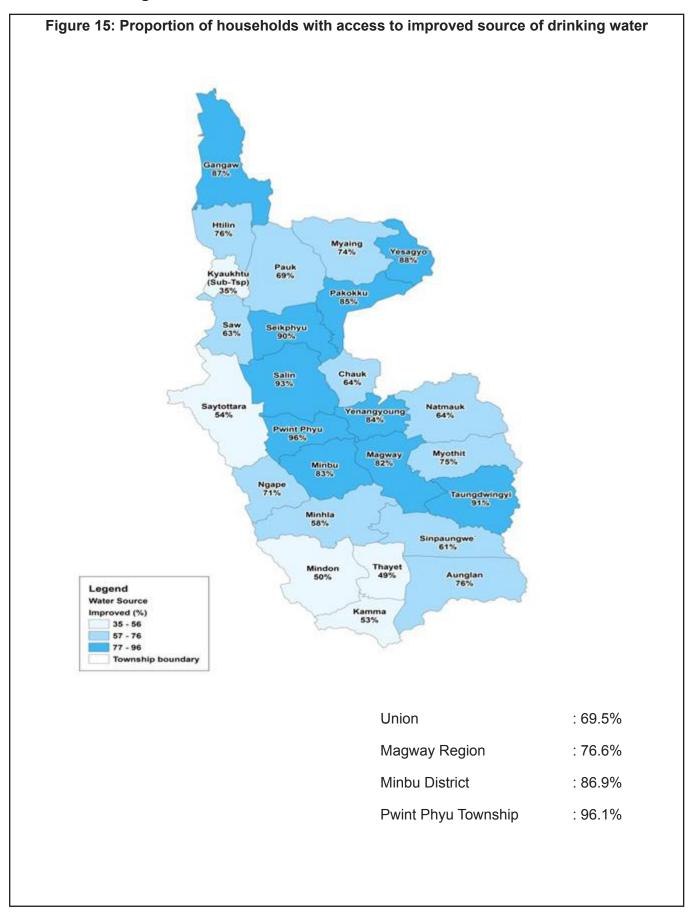


Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

Source of di	rinking water	Total	Urban	Rural
Tap water/ Piped	d	0.5	0.1	0.5
Tube well, boreh	ole	89.0	68.6	89.8
Protected well/ S	Spring	5.6	1.4	5.7
Bottled water/ W	ater purifier	1.0	25.6	0.1
Total improved	drinking water	96.1	95.7	96.1
Unprotected wel	I/Spring	0.2	0.2	0.2
Pool/Pond/ Lake		0.3	-	0.3
River/stream/ ca	anal	3.0	3.4	3.0
Waterfall/ Rain v	vater	-	-	_
Other		0.4	0.7	0.4
Total unimprove	ed drinking water	3.9	4.3	3.9
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
IOIAI	Number	39,764	1,454	38,310

- In Pwint Phyu Township, 96.1 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).
- Compared to other townships in Magway Region, it belongs to the highest group and it is also higher than the Union average (69.5%).
- Some 89.0 per cent of the households use water from tube well, borehole and 5.6 per cent use water from protected well/spring.
- Some 3.9 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.
- In rural areas, 3.9 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources for drinking water.

## Source of lighting

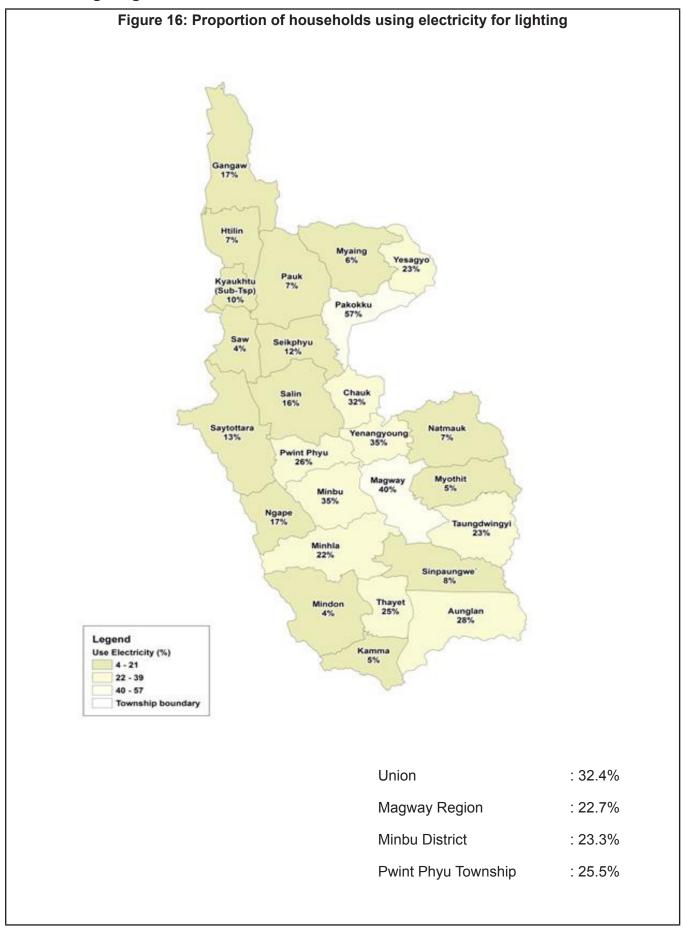


Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

Source of lighting		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		25.5	91.7	23.0
Kerosene		0.1	-	0.1
Candle		43.7	7.2	45.0
Battery		14.7	1.0	15.2
Generator (p	Generator (private)		-	11.2
Water mill (p	rivate)	0.1	_	0.1
Solar system	/energy	3.4	-	3.5
Other		1.8	0.1	1.9
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
i Otai	Number	39,764	1,454	38,310

- In Pwint Phyu Township, 25.5 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting. This proportion belongs to the group (22-39) in electricity usage compared to other townships in Magway Region. The percentage of households that use electricity in Magway Region is 22.7 per cent.
- The use of candles for lighting is the highest in the township with 43.7 per cent.
- In rural areas, 45.0 per cent of the households mainly use candles for lighting.

Type of cooking fuel

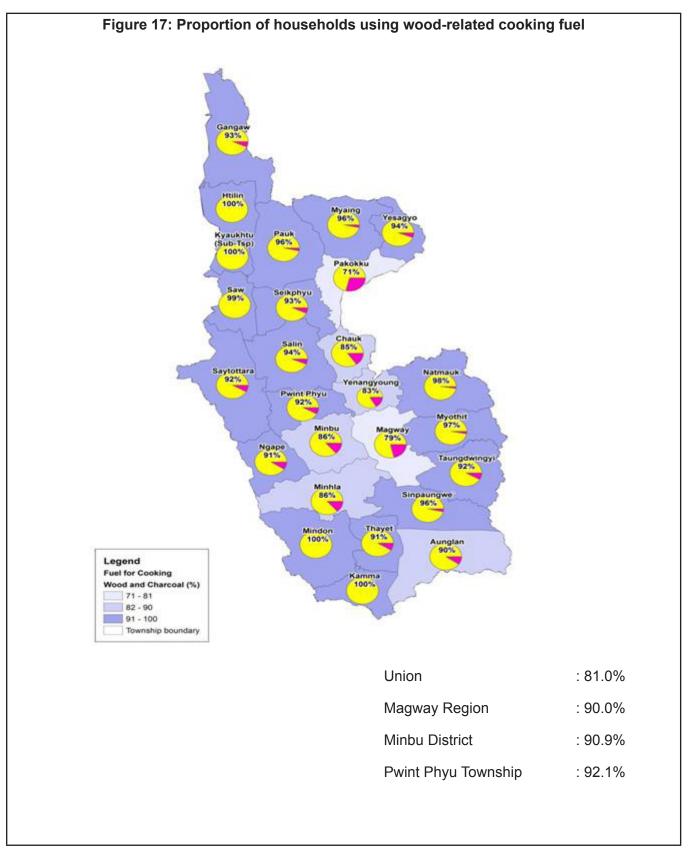


Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

Type of cooking fuel		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		6.1	37.6	4.9
LPG		*	0.1	*
Kerosene		*	-	*
BioGas		*	-	*
Firewood		86.0	39.6	87.7
Charcoal		6.1	22.1	5.5
Coal		0.2	0.3	0.2
Other		1.6	0.3	1.7
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	39,764	1,454	38,310

- In Pwint Phyu Township, households mainly use wood-related fuels for cooking with 86.0 per cent using firewood and 6.1 per cent using charcoal.
- Only 6.1 per cent of households use electricity for cooking.
- Some 87.7 per cent of households in rural areas use firewood and 5.5 per cent use charcoal.

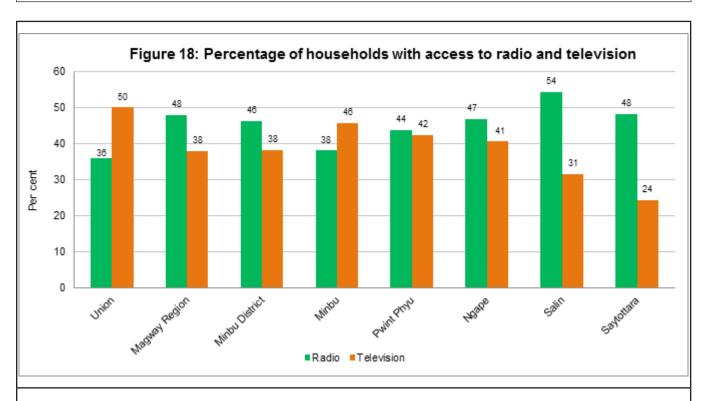
Note: \* Less than 0.1 per cent.

#### Communication and related amenities

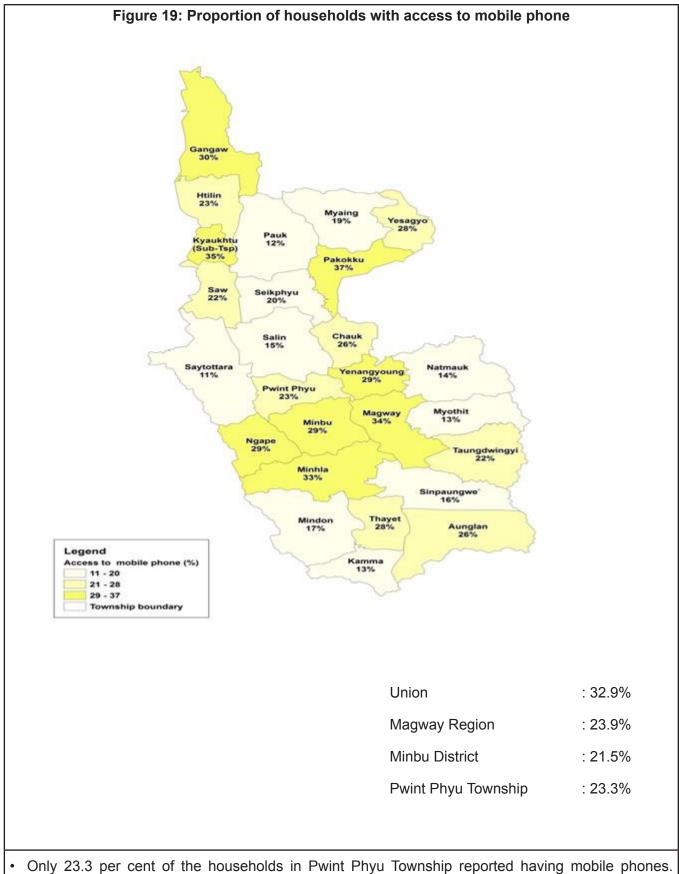
Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban/rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	39,764	43.6	42.2	2.9	23.3	0.8	3.9	32.1	0.2
Urban	1,454	33.8	78.1	11.3	58.3	6.6	24.8	13.2	1.9
Rural	38,310	44.0	40.9	2.6	22.0	0.6	3.1	32.8	0.1

 Some 43.6 per cent of the households in Pwint Phyu Township have access to radio and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities. Some 78.1 per cent of households in urban areas have access to television and the proportion for rural areas was 44.0 per cent have access to radio.



In Pwint Phyu Township, some 42.2 per cent of households have access to television.



Only 23.3 per cent of the households in Pwint Phyu Township reported having mobile phones.
 Compared to other townships in Magway Region, it belongs to the percentage group (21-28).

#### **Transportation items**

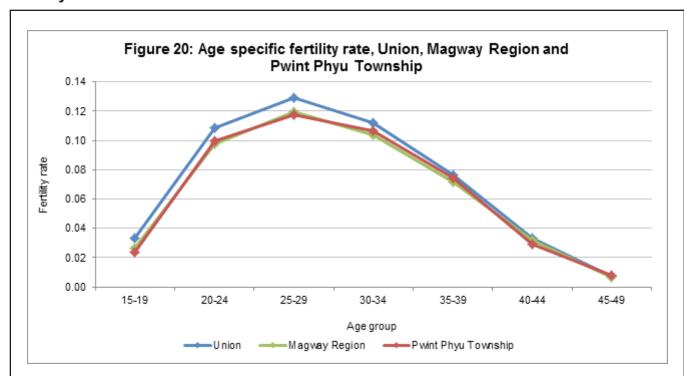
Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

Region/District/ Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
MagwayRegion	919,777	12,624	356,960	282,648	7,989	12,307	4,196	380,264
Urban	131,251	5,925	72,163	62,913	1,499	660	349	4,968
Rural	788,526	6,699	284,797	219,735	6,490	11,647	3,847	375,296
Minbu District	162,423	1,848	63,731	69,164	2,813	2,187	765	61,182
Urban	15,934	680	8,780	8,490	288	61	54	1,153
Rural	146,489	1,168	54,951	60,674	2,525	2,126	711	60,029
Pwint Phyu Township	39,764	443	16,032	22,422	1,058	496	185	13,768
Urban	1,454	69	850	1,008	38	6	3	37
Rural	38,310	374	15,182	21,414	1,020	490	182	13,731

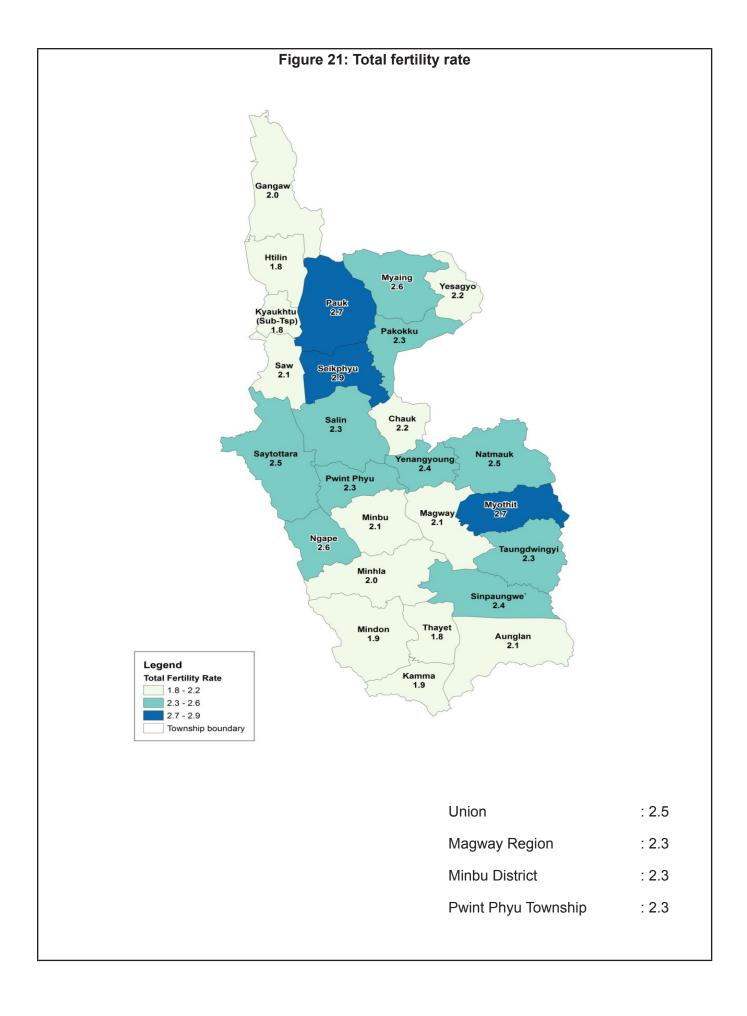
- In Pwint Phyu Township, 56.4 per cent of the households have bicycle as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 40.3 per cent of households having motorcycle/ moped.
- Analysis by urban/rural residence shows that the majority of the households mainly use bicycles as a means of transport.

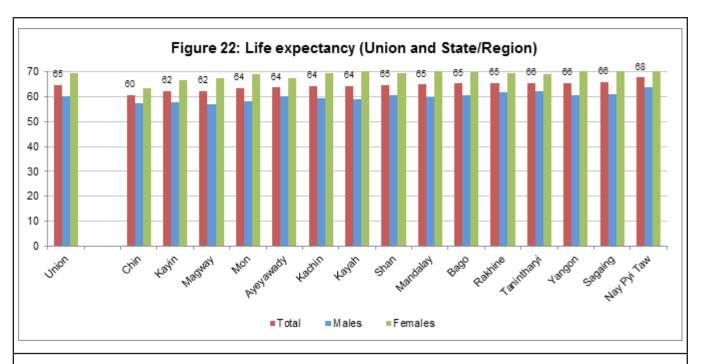
# (H) Fertility and Mortality

#### **Fertility**



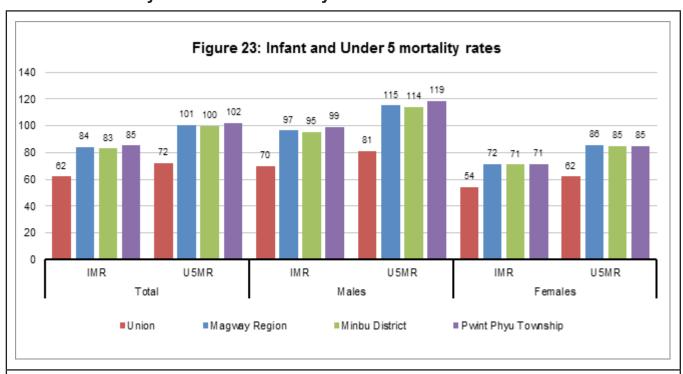
- Age specific fertility rate is the highest at age group 25-29.
- For women aged 15-49, the total fertility rate is 2.3 children per woman and is slightly lower than the total fertility rate of 2.5 at the National level.



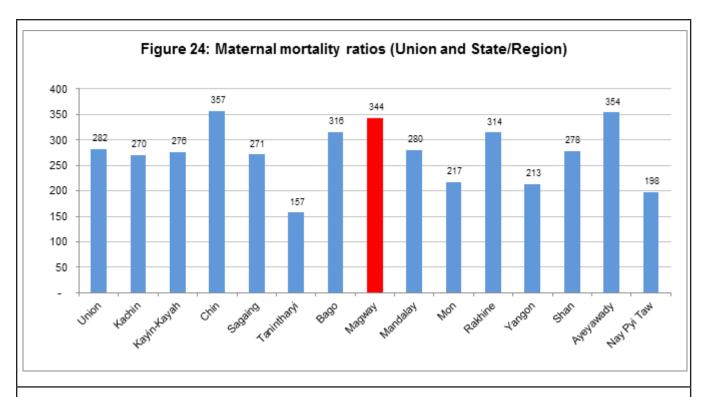


- The expectation of life at birth in Magway Region is 62.3 years and is lower than that of National level at 64.7 years.
- The female life expectancy at 67.5 years is higher than that of the males at 57.1 years.

#### **Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality**



- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Minbu District are higher than the Union average. The Infant
  mortality in Minbu District is 83 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5 mortality is
  100 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Pwint Phyu Township are higher than those in Magway Region and Minbu District. The Infant mortality in Pwint Phyu is 85 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 102 per 1,000 live births.



- In Magway Region, there are 344 women dying while during pregnancy/delivery or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy for every 100,000 live births.
- The maternal mortality ratio in Magway Region is higher than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

#### **Definitions and Concepts**

**Population**: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

**Census Night:** The night between the 29<sup>th</sup> and the 30<sup>th</sup> March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

**Rural area**: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

**Urban area**: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

**Population Density**: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

**Mean Household Size:** The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

**Sex ratio:** The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

**Dependency ratio**: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

**Child Dependency Ratio:** is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

**Old Dependency Ratio:** is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

**Ageing Index:** The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

**Median Age:** The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

**Education:** Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

- (a) Literacy: The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.
- (b) School attendance: The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were:

  (a) Currently attending; (b) Attended previously; (c) Never attended.

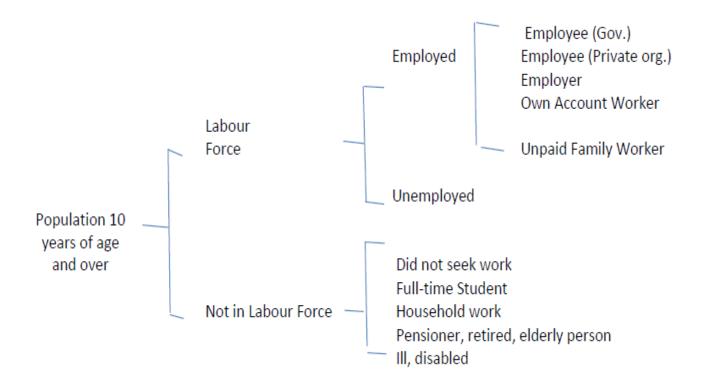
(c) Educational Attainment: The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

**Disability:** Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) Walking difficulty (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) Seeing difficulty (low vision, blind);
- (c) Hearing difficulty (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) Mental/Intellectual difficulty (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

**Identity card:** An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

**Labour Force Status:** According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



**Labour Force:** The Labour force is a general term covering "employed" and "unemployed" persons in the population.

**Employed:** "Employed" persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit, such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons

working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

**Unemployed**: "Unemployed" persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

**Not in labour force**: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

**Employment Status:** All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) Employee (Government): those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- (b) Employee (Private organisation): those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) Employer: persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) Own account worker: self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain and did not have any employees.
- (e) **Unpaid family worker**: persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

**Labour force participation rate:** The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)

**Unemployment rate**: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

**Employment to population ratio**: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

**Occupation**: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

**Live Birth:** A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

**Total fertility rate (TFR):** The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

Total fertility rate (TFR) = 
$$5 \sum$$
 Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)

**Age specific fertility rate (ASFR):** The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

# **List of Contributors**

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# The Townships Reports can be downloaded at:

www.dop.gov.mm

or

http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census

