

THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

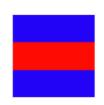
The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census BAGO REGION, TOUNGOO DISTRICT Toungoo Township Report



Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Bago Region, Toungoo District

Toungoo Township Report

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Office No. 48

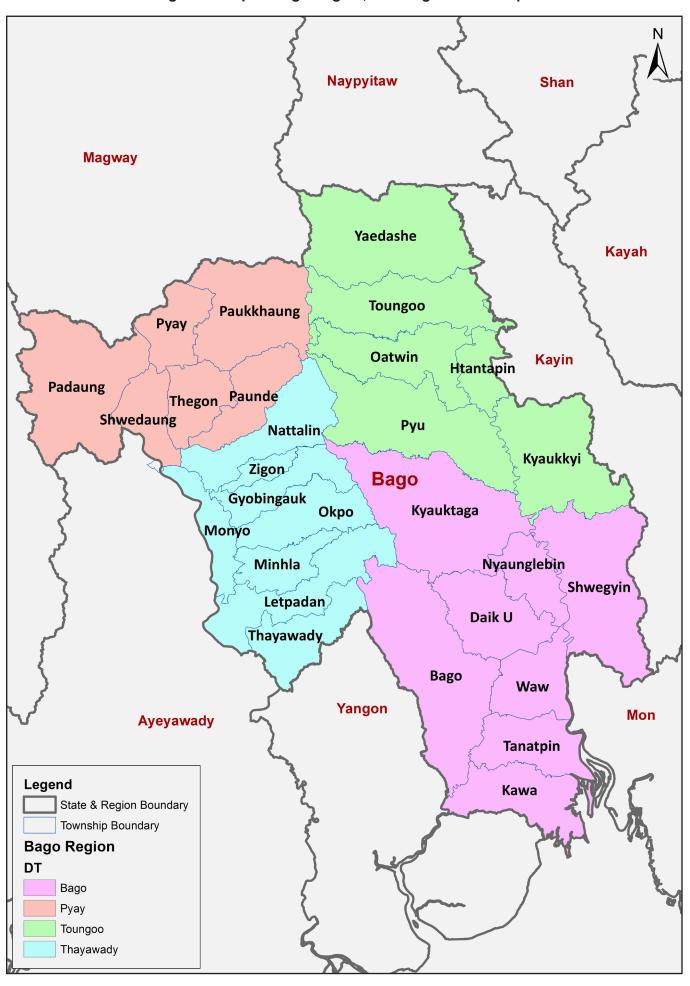
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October 2017

Figure 1: Map of Bago Region, showing the townships



Toungoo Township Figures at a Glance ¹

Total Population	262,056 ²		
Population males	125,142 (47.8%)		
Population females	136,914 (52.2%)		
Percentage of urban population	41.4%		
Area (Km²)	1,717.6 ³		
Population density (per Km²)	152.6 persons		
Median age	27.2 years		
Number of wards	27		
Number of village tracts	37		
Number of private households	57,460		
Percentage of female headed households	25.9%		
Mean household size	4.3 persons ⁴		
Percentage of population by age group			
Children (0 – 14 years)	27.8%		
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	66.1%		
Elderly population (65+ years)	6.1%		
Dependency ratios			
Total dependency ratio	51.2		
Child dependency ratio	42.0		
Old dependency ratio	9.2		
Ageing index	21.8		
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	91		
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	93.7%		
Male	96.3%		
Female	91.5%		
People with disability	Number	Per cent	
Any form of disability	10,579	4.0	
Walking	4,427	1.7	
Seeing	4,955	1.9	
Hearing	3,072	1.2	
Remembering	3,335	1.3	
	3,000		

Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)	Number Per cent		ent		
Citizenship Scrutiny	154,321		71.7		
Associate Scrutiny	302	302			
Naturalised Scrutiny	1,848		0.9		
National Registration	3,735		1.7		
Religious	1,553		0.7	0.7	
Temporary Registration	1,280		0.6		
Foreign Registration	84		<0.1		
Foreign Passport	71		<0.1		
None	51,936		24.1		
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64)	Both sexes	Ma	le	Female	
Labour force participation rate	59.7%	80.	0%	41.4%	
Unemployment rate	4.0%	3.9	%	4.3%	
Employment to population ratio	57.3%	76.	9%	39.6%	
		•			
Ownership of housing unit (Tenure)	Number		Per c	ent	
Owner	47,396 82.5				
Renter	3,114	3,114 5.4			
Provided free (individually)	1,602 2.8				
Government quarters	4,425 7.7				
Private company quarters	617 1.1				
Other	306 0.5				
Material for housing	Wall	Floo	r	Roof	
Dhani/Theke/In leaf	2.3%			33.7%	
Bamboo	56.3%	17.99	6	0.2%	
Earth	0.1%	1.3%			
Wood	21.4%	63.79	6	0.1%	
Corrugated sheet	0.2%			64.3%	
Tile/Brick/Concrete	19.2%	16.19	6	1.5%	
Other	0.6%	1.0%		0.2%	
Main source of energy for cooking	Number		Per c	ent	
Electricity	8,464		14.7		
LPG	96		0.2		
Kerosene	100		0.2		
Biogas	113		0.2		
Firewood	30,737		53.5		
Charcoal	16,934		29.5		
Coal	515		0.9		
Other	501		0.9		

Main source of energy for lighting Electricity Kerosene Candle Battery	Number 29,613 4,004	Per cent 51.5
Kerosene Candle	· ·	51.5
Candle	4.004	
	-,	7.0
Battery	13,489	23.5
Duttory	5,984	10.4
Generator (private)	568	1.0
Water mill (private)	*	<0.1
Solar system/energy	2,940	5.1
Other	846	1.5
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	1,206	2.1
Tube well, borehole	30,323	52.8
Protected well/spring	11,482	19.9
Bottled/purifier water	4,996	8.7
Total Improved Water Sources	48,007	83.5
Unprotected well/spring	6,207	10.8
Pool/pond/lake	95	0.2
River/stream/canal	1,355	2.4
Waterfall/rainwater	22	<0.1
Other	1,774	3.1
Total Unimproved Water Sources	9,453	16.5
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	2,183	3.8
Tube well, borehole	33,628	58.5
Protected well/spring	11,773	20.5
Unprotected well/spring	6,345	11.0
Pool/pond/lake	180	0.3
River/stream/canal	1,500	2.6
Waterfall/rainwater	22	<0.1
Bottled/purifier water	75	0.1
Other	1,754	3.1

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	765	1.3
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	43,939	76.5
Total Improved Sanitation	44,704	77.8
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	5,210	9.1
Bucket (Surface latrine)	1,226	2.1
Other	280	0.5
None	6,040	10.5
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	17,163	29.9
Television	33,383	58.1
Landline phone	2,548	4.4
Mobile phone	25,414	44.2
Computer	1,948	3.4
Internet at home	4,697	8.2
Households with none of the items	14,446	25.1
Households with all of the items	262	0.5
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	1,436	2.5
Motorcycle/Moped	26,762	46.6
Bicycle	29,406	51.2
4-Wheel tractor	838	1.5
Canoe/Boat	344	0.6
Motor boat	116	0.2
Cart (bullock)	10,495	18.3

Note: ¹ Population figures for Toungoo Township are as of 29th March 2014.

² Includes both household population and institution population.

³ Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

⁴ Calculated based on conventional household population

^{*} Less than 20.

Contents

Introd	duction	3
Cens	sus information on Toungoo Township	5
(A)	Demographic Characteristics	7
(B)	Religion	13
(C)	Education	14
(D)	Economic Characteristics	18
(E)	Identity Cards	24
(F)	Disability	25
(G)	Housing Conditions and Household Amenities	28
	Type of housing unit	28
	Type of toilet	29
	Source of drinking water	31
	Source of lighting	33
	Type of cooking fuel	35
	Communication and related amenities	37
	Transportation items	39
(H)	Fertility and Mortality	40
	Fertility	40
	Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality	42
Defin	nitions and Concepts	44
List o	of Contributors	48

Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://www.d

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Toungoo Township in Bago Region. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.



(A) Demographic Characteristics

Total population	262,056 *			
Males	125,142			
Females	136,914			
Sex ratio	91 males per 100 females			
Percentage of urban population	41.4%			
Area (Km²)	1,717.6 **			
Population density (persons per Km²)	152.6 persons			
Number of wards	27			
Number of village tracts	37			
	Total	Urban	Rural	
Population in conventional households	247,505	99,410	148,095	
Number of conventional households	57,460 21,900 35,560			
Mean household size	4.3 persons ***			

- In Toungoo Township, there are more females than males with 91 males per 100 females.
- The majority of the people in the Township live in rural areas with (41.4%) living in urban areas.
- The population density of Toungoo Township is 153 persons per square kilometre.
- There are 4.3 persons living in each household in Toungoo Township. This is slightly less than the Union average.

Note: * Includes both household population and institution population.

^{**} Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

^{***} Calculated based on conventional household population

Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward and village tract; Toungoo Township (Toungoo District, Bago Region)

0	Manal O Cilla va Tura of	No. of		Population	
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females
	Total	57,460	262,056	125,142	136,914
	Ward	21,900	108,589	50,614	57,975
1	Htee Hlaing(W)	711	3,436	1,618	1,818
2	Rakhine Su /Nay Pu Kone(W)	2,591	11,586	5,276	6,310
3	Yoe Da Yar Tan(W)	533	2,549	1,115	1,434
4	Kyet Ti(W)	298	1,277	542	735
5	Pan Be Dan (South)(W)	208	1,025	431	594
6	Pan Be Dan (North)(W)	483	2,939	1,648	1,291
7	Shan Tan Kway Zay(W)	186	1,354	510	844
8	Oke Kyut Tan (South)(W)	336	1,695	769	926
9	Oke Kyut Tan (West)(W)	779	3,874	1,828	2,046
10	Oke Kyut Tan (East)(W)	517	2,326	1,087	1,239
11	Kan Taw(W)	1,305	6,500	3,078	3,422
12	Zaung Chan (South)(W)	516	2,503	1,137	1,366
13	Man(W)	582	3,065	1,439	1,626
14	Zay Tan(W)	545	3,130	1,499	1,631
15	Lan Ma Kye(W)	232	1,104	479	625
16	Zay(W)	319	1,538	656	882
17	Taung Kway Zay(W)	424	1,917	874	1,043
18	Ngwe Hlan Oe Kone(W)	1,567	8,337	3,731	4,606
19	Tat Myay(W)	1,741	8,622	3,896	4,726
20	Myo Gyi(W)	1,352	6,774	3,172	3,602
21	Zay Yar Khin U(W)	804	3,967	1,827	2,140
22	Min Gyi Nyo(W)	1,589	7,432	3,394	4,038
23	Chin Thayt U(W)	1,017	4,549	2,051	2,498
24	Nat Shin Naung(W)	1,260	5,238	2,481	2,757
25	Ta Pin Shwe Htee(W)	1,319	6,229	3,243	2,986
26	Min Gyi Swe(W)	458	3,389	1,664	1,725
27	Tha Wun Nge(W)	228	2,234	1,169	1,065

Table 1: (Continued)

C	Movel Office of Two of	No. of		Population	
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females
	Village Tract	35,560	153,467	74,528	78,939
1	Nga Hpei Inn(VT)	1,020	3,923	1,795	2,128
2	Doe Inn(VT)	938	3,991	1,905	2,086
3	Pa De(VT)	697	2,696	1,288	1,408
4	Kayin Chaung(VT)	873	3,772	1,850	1,922
5	Ah Shey Sin(VT)	800	3,395	1,584	1,811
6	Ah Nauk Sin(VT)	598	2,545	1,199	1,346
7	Tha Hpan Pin(VT)	944	3,911	1,859	2,052
8	Moe Kaung(VT)	1,368	6,647	3,153	3,494
9	Zee Daing(VT)	1,099	4,991	2,309	2,682
10	Kan Ni(VT)	902	3,988	1,927	2,061
11	Kun Pin(VT)	866	3,871	1,922	1,949
12	Kyauk Taing(VT)	962	4,333	2,147	2,186
13	Doe Thaung(VT)	2,524	11,114	5,648	5,466
14	Shan Su Gyi(VT)	658	2,992	1,398	1,594
15	Kin Seik(VT)	1,530	6,449	3,050	3,399
16	Shwe Lay Inn(VT)	795	3,390	1,592	1,798
17	Shauk Pin Chaung(VT)	290	1,312	645	667
18	Le Bu(VT)	707	2,802	1,297	1,505
19	Sin Seik(VT)	1,615	6,909	3,225	3,684
20	Hpa Yar Hnit Su(VT)	341	1,246	575	671
21	Bo Ka Taw(VT)	724	2,885	1,329	1,556
22	Htan Kone(VT)	226	802	379	423
23	Su Tat(VT)	470	1,735	836	899
24	Chaung Hpyu(VT)	327	1,340	611	729
25	Pe Chet Kone(VT)	360	1,524	749	775
26	Myauk Yae Kyi(VT)	924	4,150	2,051	2,099
27	Nay Pu Kone(VT)	830	3,482	1,676	1,806
28	Kyun Kone(VT)	1,424	6,233	3,100	3,133
29	Ma Hin(VT)	1,952	7,919	3,953	3,966
30	In Daing(VT)	841	3,606	1,739	1,867

Table 1: (Continued)

Sr	Ward/Village Tract	No. of Conventional		Population	
31	vvaru/village Tract	households	Total	Males	Females
31	Kan Yoe(VT)	922	4,283	1,960	2,323
32	Wet Khauk Sein(VT)	810	3,667	1,834	1,833
33	Sa Par Kywei(VT)	1,017	4,436	2,219	2,217
34	Zee Kone(VT)	1,084	5,049	2,492	2,557
35	Ka Nyin Myaung(VT)	848	3,486	1,737	1,749
36	Na Gar Mauk(VT)	1,158	4,547	2,372	2,175
37	Seik Hpu (South)(VT)	2,116	10,046	5,123	4,923

Figure 2: Population by broad age groups,

Toungoo Township

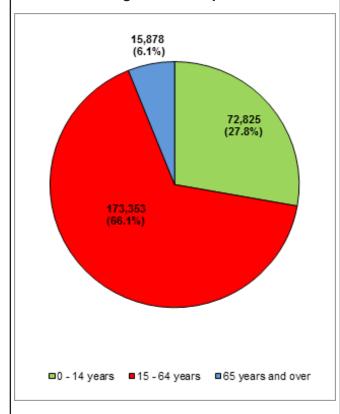
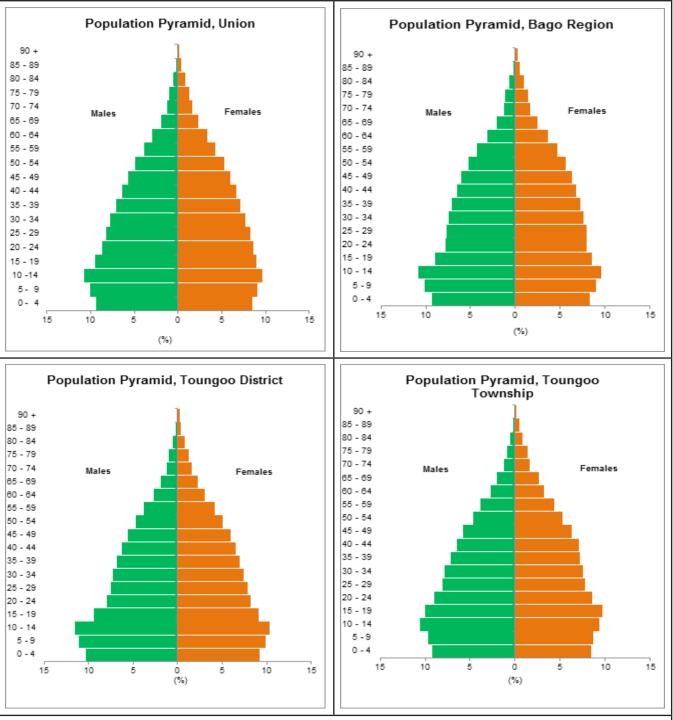


Table 2: Population by 5-year age groups,
Toungoo Township

Age groups	Total	Males	Females
Total	262,056	125,142	136,914
0 - 4	23,060	11,550	11,510
5 - 9	23,866	12,086	11,780
10 - 14	25,899	13,189	12,710
15 - 19	25,750	12,578	13,172
20 - 24	22,957	11,211	11,746
25 - 29	20,740	10,109	10,631
30 - 34	20,117	9,772	10,345
35 - 39	18,744	8,981	9,763
40 - 44	17,801	8,151	9,650
45 - 49	15,699	7,193	8,506
50 - 54	12,957	5,793	7,164
55 - 59	10,822	4,842	5,980
60 - 64	7,766	3,348	4,418
65 - 69	6,109	2,564	3,545
70 - 74	3,773	1,564	2,209
75 - 79	2,978	1,141	1,837
80 - 84	1,803	674	1,129
85 - 89	862	283	579
90 +	353	113	240

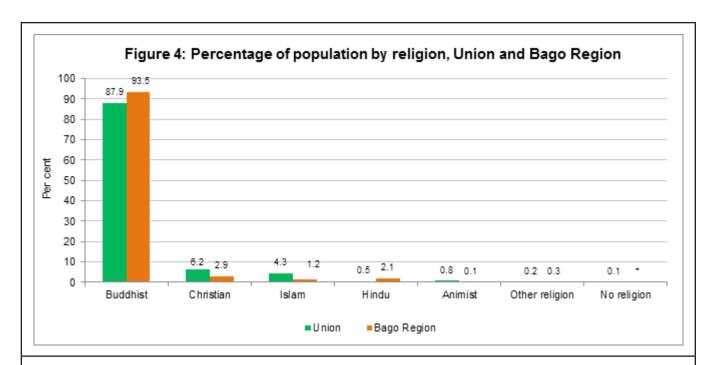
- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Toungoo Township is 66.1 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Bago Region, Toungoo District and Toungoo Township)



- The birth rate has been declining in Toungoo Township since the last 10 years.
- The population has declined from age group 15-19 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is not much differences in percentage of working age group 15-64 population in Toungoo Township.
- Starting from age group 15-19, there are less males than females in all age groups.

(B) Religion



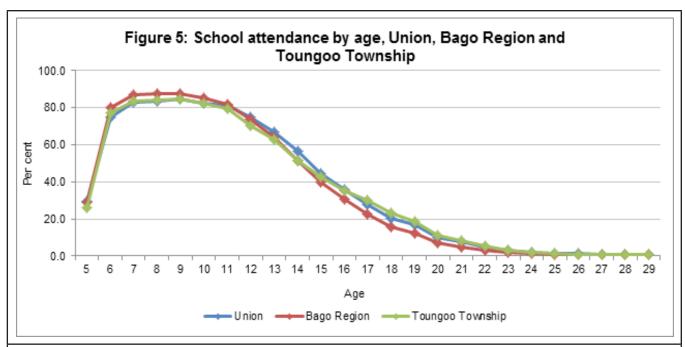
- At the Union level, the composition of the population by religion is: 87.9% Buddhist, 6.2% Christian, 4.3% Islam, 0.5% Hindu, 0.8% Animist, 0.2% Other religion and 0.1% No religion.
- In Bago Region, it is 93.5% Buddhist, 2.9% Christian, 1.2% Islam, 2.1% Hindu, 0.1% Animist, 0.3% Other religion and less than 0.1% for No religion.

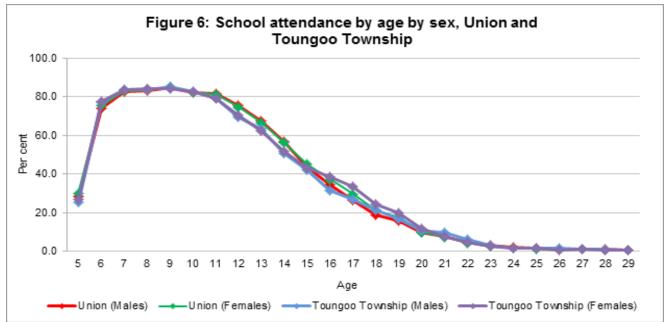
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(C) Education

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age

	То	tal population	on	Cur	Currently attending				
Age	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females			
5	4,476	2,257	2,219	1,173	574	599			
6	4,790	2,466	2,324	3,703	1,896	1,807			
7	4,974	2,545	2,429	4,162	2,132	2,030			
8	4,563	2,242	2,321	3,835	1,882	1,953			
9	4,719	2,360	2,359	3,997	2,010	1,987			
10	4,780	2,393	2,387	3,942	1,971	1,971			
11	4,670	2,315	2,355	3,703	1,835	1,868			
12	5,115	2,590	2,525	3,584	1,804	1,780			
13	5,288	2,635	2,653	3,322	1,669	1,653			
14	5,167	2,570	2,597	2,652	1,303	1,349			
15	4,495	2,244	2,251	1,916	942	974			
16	4,452	2,193	2,259	1,559	688	871			
17	4,523	2,171	2,352	1,372	580	792			
18	4,931	2,332	2,599	1,133	497	636			
19	3,950	1,792	2,158	734	300	434			
20	4,642	2,235	2,407	515	234	281			
21	3,762	1,667	2,095	318	158	160			
22	3,993	1,854	2,139	217	113	104			
23	3,881	1,704	2,177	107	51	56			
24	3,850	1,785	2,065	66	30	36			
25	4,193	1,963	2,230	66	30	36			
26	3,608	1,685	1,923	37	25	12			
27	3,663	1,717	1,946	38	19	19			
28	4,087	1,883	2,204	28	18	10			
29	3,581	1,652	1,929	28	14	14			





- School attendance in Toungoo Township drops after age 10 for both males and females.
- · Compared to the Union, the school attendance of males in Toungoo Township is lower after age 11.

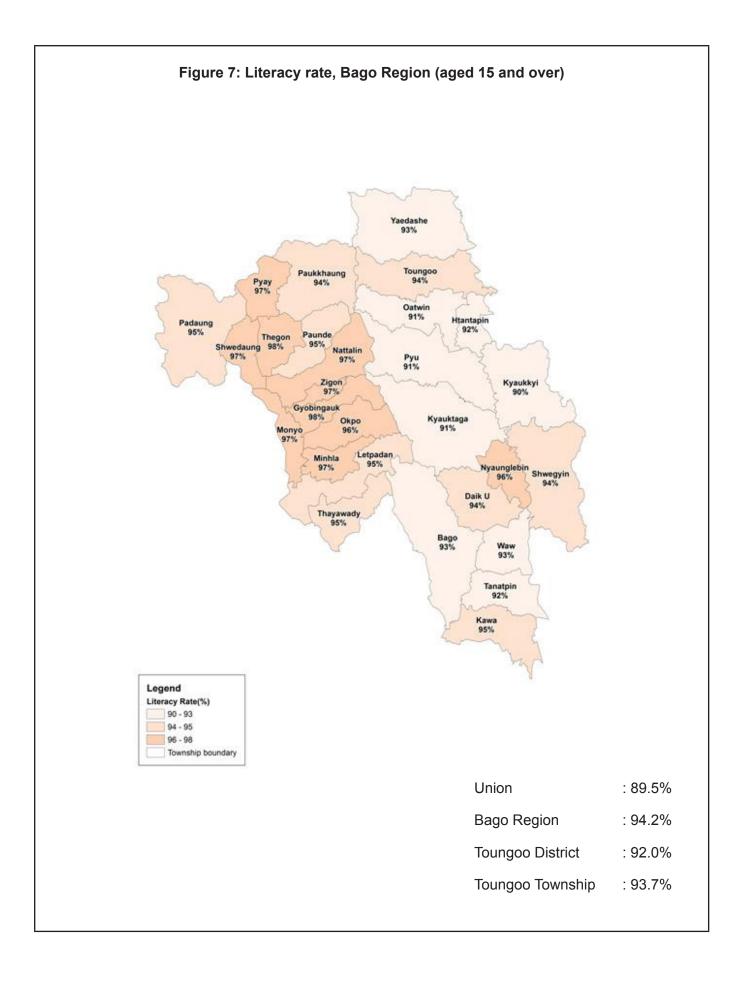


Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 – 24), Toungoo Township

Sex	Total Population (15 - 24)	Literacy Rate (15 - 24)		
Total	42,479	96.9		
Males	19,977	97.2		
Females	22,502	96.7		

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Toungoo Township is 93.7 per cent. It is lower than the literacy rate of Bago Region (94.2%) but higher than that of the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 91.5 per cent and for the males it is 96.3 per cent.
- The literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 96.9 per cent with 96.7 per cent for females and 97.2 per cent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

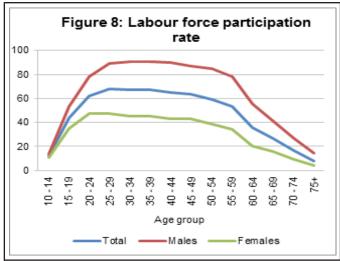
	Total	Nama	None	None	None	% Never	Primary	school	Middle school	High school (grade	Diploma	University/	Post- graduate	Vocational	Other
	lotai	None	attended	(grade 1 - 4)	(grade 5)	(grade 6 - 9)	10 - 11)	Dipiona	College	and above	training	Other			
Total	140,524	15,910	11.3	28,738	29,745	29,775	19,669	445	14,889	760	204	389			
Urban	61,657	3,532	5.7	7,556	8,557	16,295	13,557	290	11,107	511	146	106			
Rural	78,867	12,378	15.7	21,182	21,188	13,480	6,112	155	3,782	249	58	283			
Males	64,528	5,814	9.0	10,860	13,375	16,326	10,640	337	6,562	241	135	238			
Females	75,996	10,096	13.3	17,878	16,370	13,449	9,029	108	8,327	519	69	151			

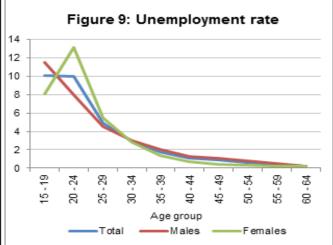
- Some 11.3 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- Of the rural population aged 25 and over, 15.7 per cent have never been to school.
- There are 9.0 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 13.3 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 21.2 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and 10.6 per cent has completed university/college education.

(D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate by sex and age group

Ago groupo	Labour Fo	rce Particip	ation Rate	Unemployment Rate				
Age groups	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females		
10 - 14	12.2	13.6	10.7	13.5	14.9	11.7		
15 - 19	43.8	53.0	35.1	10.1	11.5	8.1		
20 - 24	62.4	78.0	47.5	10.0	8.0	13.1		
25 - 29	68.0	89.3	47.7	4.9	4.5	5.5		
30 - 34	67.3	90.9	45.0	2.9	3.0	2.8		
35 - 39	66.9	90.4	45.2	1.8	2.0	1.4		
40 - 44	64.7	90.0	43.3	1.1	1.3	0.7		
45 - 49	63.3	87.0	43.2	0.9	1.1	0.4		
50 - 54	59.3	85.1	38.3	0.6	0.8	0.3		
55 - 59	53.6	77.9	34.0	0.4	0.5	0.2		
60 - 64	35.5	55.5	20.3	0.2	0.2	0.2		
65 - 69	26.8	41.7	16.0	0.2	0.2	0.2		
70 - 74	16.5	26.7	9.3	_	_	-		
75 +	7.7	14.2	4.0	0.6	0.3	1.3		
15 - 24	52.6	64.8	40.9	10.0	9.5	10.8		
15 - 64	59.7	80.0	41.4	4.0	3.9	4.3		





- Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Toungoo Township is 59.7 per cent.
- The labour force participation rate of females is 41.4 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 80.0 per cent.
- In Toungoo Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is 12.2 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Toungoo Township is 4.0 per cent. For males and females, it is (3.9%) and (4.3%) respectively.
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 10.8 per cent.

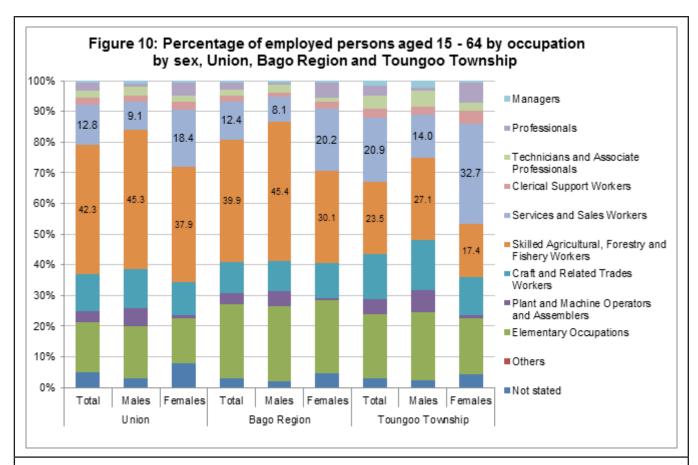
Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

Sex		Usual activity status										
	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	III, disabled	Other					
Total	105,810	0.7	31.1	43.8	12.6	1.5	10.3					
Males	32,333	1.5	50.3	5.6	17.9	2.7	22.1					
Females	73,477	0.3	22.6	60.7	10.3	1.0	5.2					

• Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 50.3 per cent of males are full time students while 60.7 per cent of females are household workers.

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex

Occumention	Em	ployed pers	ons	Per cent			
Occupation	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	93,398	58,705	34,693	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Managers	1,540	1,313	227	1.6	2.2	0.7	
Professionals	2,869	601	2,268	3.1	1.0	6.5	
Technicians and Associate Professionals	4,044	3,131	913	4.3	5.3	2.6	
Clerical Support Workers	2,828	1,418	1,410	3.0	2.4	4.1	
Services and Sales Workers	19,537	8,201	11,336	20.9	14.0	32.7	
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	21,941	15,914	6,027	23.5	27.1	17.4	
Craft and Related Trades Workers	13,720	9,430	4,290	14.7	16.1	12.4	
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	4,687	4,305	382	5.0	7.3	1.1	
Elementary Occupations	19,312	12,939	6,373	20.7	22.0	18.4	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Not stated	2,920	1,453	1,467	3.1	2.5	4.2	

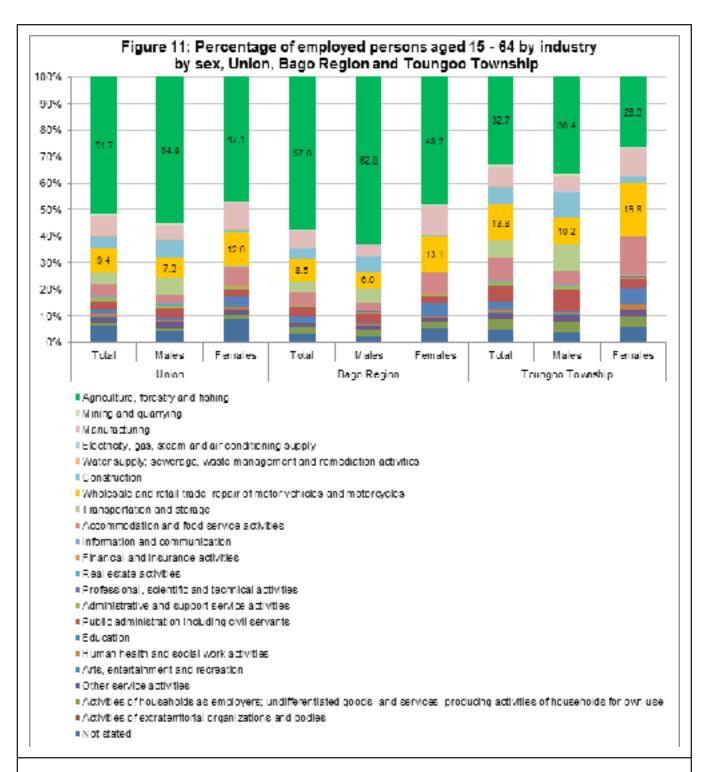


- In Toungoo Township, 23.5 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and is the highest proportion, followed by services and sales workers with 20.9 per cent.
- Analysis by sex shows that 27.1 per cent of males are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and 32.7 per cent of females are services and sales workers.
- In Bago Region, 39.9 per cent are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and 12.4 per cent are services and sales workers.

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

Laborer	Emp	oloyed pers	ons		Per cent	
Industry	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
Total	93,398	58,705	34,693	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	30,497	21,386	9,111	32.7	36.4	26.3
Mining and quarrying	1042	704	338	1.1	1.2	1.0
Manufacturing	6,767	3,198	3,569	7.2	5.4	10.3
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	168	153	15	0.2	0.3	*
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	136	122	14	0.1	0.2	*
Construction	6,312	5,492	820	6.8	9.4	2.4
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	12,848	5,989	6,859	13.8	10.2	19.8
Transportation and storage	5,944	5,808	136	6.4	9.9	0.4
Accommodation and food service activities	7,873	2984	4,889	8.4	5.1	14.1
Information and communication	192	132	60	0.2	0.2	0.2
Financial and insurance activities	320	132	188	0.3	0.2	0.5
Real estate activities	14	9	5	*	*	*
Professional, scientific and technical activities	182	105	77	0.2	0.2	0.2
Administrative and support service activities	1058	710	348	1.1	1.2	1.0
Public administration including civil servants	6,000	4851	1149	6.4	8.3	3.3
Education	2,366	265	2,101	2.5	0.5	6.1
Human health and social work activities	886	303	583	0.9	0.5	1.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation	294	208	86	0.3	0.4	0.2
Other service activities	2,412	1,485	927	2.6	2.5	2.7
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services- producing activities of households for own use	3,866	2409	1457	4.1	4.1	4.2
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	3	3	-	*	*	-
Not stated	4,218	2,257	1,961	4.5	3.8	5.7

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

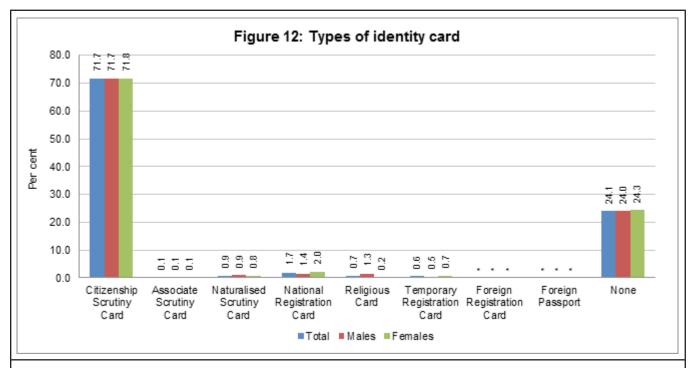


- In Toungoo Township, the proportion of employed persons working in the industry of "Agriculture, forestry and fishing" is the highest with 32.7 per cent.
- The second highest industry is "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles" at 13.8 per cent.
- There are 36.4 per cent of males and 26.3 per cent of females working in "Agriculture, forestry and fishing" industry.
- In Bago Region, there are 57.6 per cent of employed population working in "Agriculture, forestry and fishing" industry and 8.5 per cent working in "Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles" industry.

(E) Identity Cards

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	154,321	302	1,848	3,735	1,553	1,280	84	71	51,936
Urban	70,087	244	1,470	2,261	918	484	70	26	17,231
Rural	84,234	58	378	1,474	635	796	14	45	34,705
Males	72,758	151	902	1,414	1,366	498	39	39	24,339
Females	81,563	151	946	2,321	187	782	45	32	27,597



- In Toungoo Township, 71.7 per cent of the population aged 10 and over have Citizenship Scrutiny Card while 24.1 per cent have none.
- Analysis by sex shows that 24.0 per cent of males and 24.3 per cent of females do not have any type
 of card.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(F) Disability

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

Age groups		Total Po	pulation		Type of disability				
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering	
Total	262,056	251,477	10,579	4.0	4,955	3,072	4,427	3,335	
0 - 4	23,060	22,788	272	1.2	49	66	228	191	
5 - 9	23,866	23,605	261	1.1	39	76	101	159	
10 - 14	25,899	25,582	317	1.2	53	92	86	192	
15 - 19	25,750	25,478	272	1.1	58	78	83	139	
20 - 24	22,957	22,698	259	1.1	54	70	86	123	
25 - 29	20,740	20,428	312	1.5	81	85	94	115	
30 - 34	20,117	19,798	319	1.6	80	73	108	115	
35 - 39	18,744	18,338	406	2.2	142	97	114	125	
40 - 44	17,801	17,181	620	3.5	292	121	197	178	
45 - 49	15,699	14,936	763	4.9	385	148	246	181	
50 - 54	12,957	12,082	875	6.8	461	169	300	198	
55 - 59	10,822	9,889	933	8.6	506	204	335	217	
60 - 64	7,766	6,848	918	11.8	491	229	364	196	
65 - 69	6,109	5,115	994	16.3	547	292	440	258	
70 - 74	3,773	2,927	846	22.4	492	281	377	212	
75 - 79	2,978	2,047	931	31.3	522	367	469	277	
80 - 84	1,803	1,101	702	38.9	401	319	412	232	
85 - 89	862	473	389	45.1	210	197	256	148	
90 +	353	163	190	53.8	92	108	131	79	

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups		Total Po	pulation			Type of	disability	
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Males	125,142	120,404	4,738	3.8	2,010	1,319	2,026	1,494
0 - 4	11,550	11,409	141	1.2	28	35	120	105
5 - 9	12,086	11,926	160	1.3	28	40	53	95
10 - 14	13,189	13,016	173	1.3	25	46	53	107
15 - 19	12,578	12,448	130	1.0	25	35	39	76
20 - 24	11,211	11,062	149	1.3	31	37	49	78
25 - 29	10,109	9,940	169	1.7	43	43	55	60
30 - 34	9,772	9,613	159	1.6	38	28	58	57
35 - 39	8,981	8,767	214	2.4	71	39	75	69
40 - 44	8,151	7,864	287	3.5	119	48	115	75
45 - 49	7,193	6,822	371	5.2	164	62	149	82
50 - 54	5,793	5,377	416	7.2	191	74	174	94
55 - 59	4,842	4,405	437	9.0	226	85	178	88
60 - 64	3,348	2,931	417	12.5	212	109	169	90
65 - 69	2,564	2,165	399	15.6	215	122	182	100
70 - 74	1,564	1,238	326	20.8	175	128	159	81
75 - 79	1,141	767	374	32.8	201	164	177	108
80 - 84	674	431	243	36.1	131	113	119	67
85 - 89	283	171	112	39.6	60	65	62	37
90 +	113	52	61	54.0	27	46	40	25

Table 11: (Continued)

		Total Po	pulation		Type of disability			
Age groups	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Females	136,914	131,073	5,841	4.3	2,945	1,753	2,401	1,841
0 - 4	11,510	11,379	131	1.1	21	31	108	86
5 - 9	11,780	11,679	101	0.9	11	36	48	64
10 - 14	12,710	12,566	144	1.1	28	46	33	85
15 - 19	13,172	13,030	142	1.1	33	43	44	63
20 - 24	11,746	11,636	110	0.9	23	33	37	45
25 - 29	10,631	10,488	143	1.3	38	42	39	55
30 - 34	10,345	10,185	160	1.5	42	45	50	58
35 - 39	9,763	9,571	192	2.0	71	58	39	56
40 - 44	9,650	9,317	333	3.5	173	73	82	103
45 - 49	8,506	8,114	392	4.6	221	86	97	99
50 - 54	7,164	6,705	459	6.4	270	95	126	104
55 - 59	5,980	5,484	496	8.3	280	119	157	129
60 - 64	4,418	3,917	501	11.3	279	120	195	106
65 - 69	3,545	2,950	595	16.8	332	170	258	158
70 - 74	2,209	1,689	520	23.5	317	153	218	131
75 - 79	1,837	1,280	557	30.3	321	203	292	169
80 - 84	1,129	670	459	40.7	270	206	293	165
85 - 89	579	302	277	47.8	150	132	194	111
90 +	240	111	129	53.8	65	62	91	54

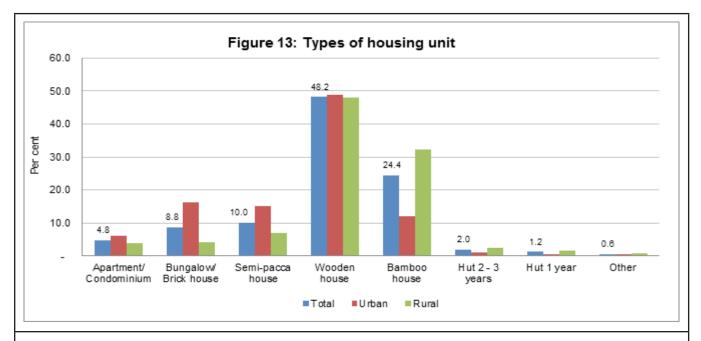
- Four in every 100 persons in Toungoo Township have, at least, one form of disability.
- Slightly more females than males have disability.
- The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 60.
- Difficulty with seeing is the most form of disability in the Township and followed by walking.

(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

Type of housing unit

Table 12: Conventional households by type of housing unit by urban/rural

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	Bungalow/ Brick house	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	57,460	4.8	8.8	10.0	48.2	24.4	2.0	1.2	0.6
Urban	21,900	6.2	16.2	15.1	48.7	11.9	1.1	0.4	0.4
Rural	35,560	3.9	4.2	6.9	47.9	32.1	2.5	1.8	0.7



- The majority of the households in Toungoo Township are living in wooden houses (48.2%) followed by households in bamboo houses (24.4%).
- Some 48.7 per cent of urban households and 47.9 per cent of rural households live in wooden houses.

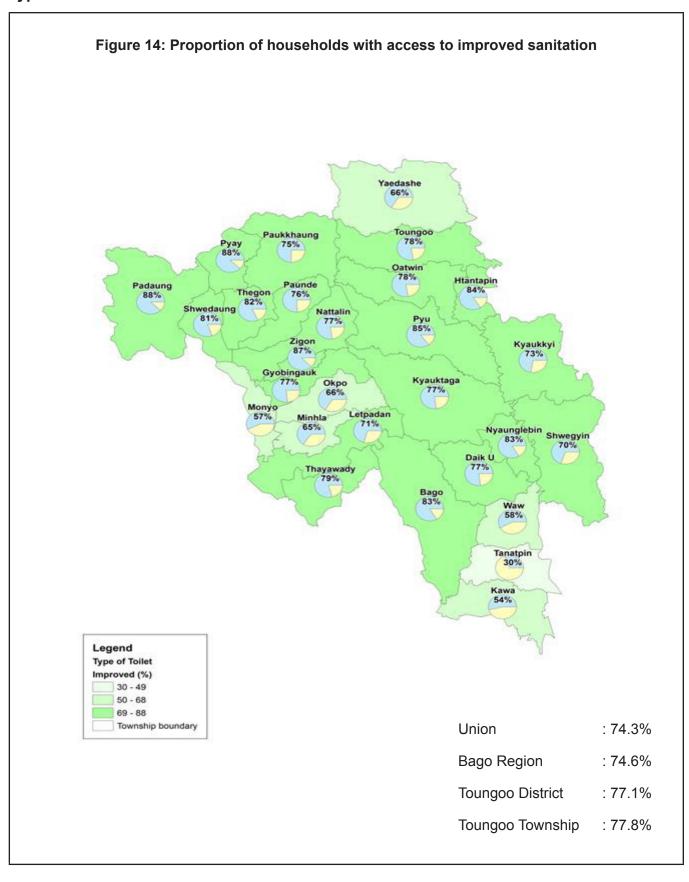


Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

Туре	of toilet	Total	Urban	Rural
Flush		1.3	2.6	0.5
Water seal (Imp	roved pit latrine)	76.5	86.4	70.4
Improved sanita	tion	77.8	89.0	70.9
Pit (Traditional p	Traditional pit latrine)		8.8	9.2
Bucket (Surface	latrine)	2.1	0.2	3.4
Other		0.5	0.2	0.7
None		10.5	1.9	15.8
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	Number	57,460	21,900	35,560

- Some 77.8 per cent of the households in Toungoo Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (1.3%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (76.5%)).
- Compared to other townships in Bago Region, this proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Toungoo is high.
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Bago Region is 74.6 per cent while
 it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- Some 10.5 per cent of the households in the township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Bago Region, it is 10.7 per cent.
- In the rural areas of Toungoo Township, 15.8 per cent of the households have no toilet facilities.

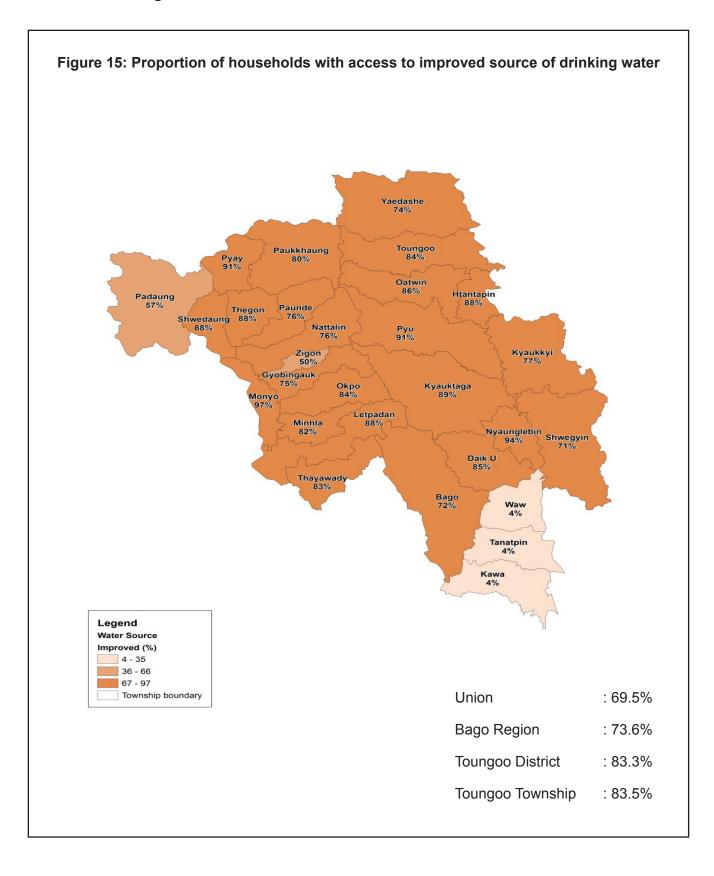


Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

Source of d	rinking water	Total	Urban	Rural
Tap water/ Piped	d	2.1	3.0	1.5
Tube well, boreh	ole	52.8	64.3	45.7
Protected well/ S	Spring	19.9	9.4	26.5
Bottled water/ W	ater purifier	8.7	16.6	3.8
Total improved	drinking water	83.5	93.3	77.5
Unprotected wel	I/Spring	10.8	5.3	14.3
Pool/Pond/ Lake		0.2	*	0.2
River/stream/ ca	anal	2.4	*	3.8
Waterfall/ Rain v	vater	*	-	0.1
Other		3.1	1.4	4.1
Total unimprove	ed drinking water	16.5	6.7	22.5
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	57,460	21,900	35,560

- In Toungoo Township, 83.5 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).
- Compared to other townships in Bago Region, this proportion of households use improved sources
 of drinking water is high and it is also higher than the Union average (69.5%).
- Some 52.8 per cent of the households use water from tube well, borehole and 19.9 per cent use water from protected well/spring.
- Some 16.5 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.
- In rural areas, 22.5 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources for drinking water.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Source of lighting

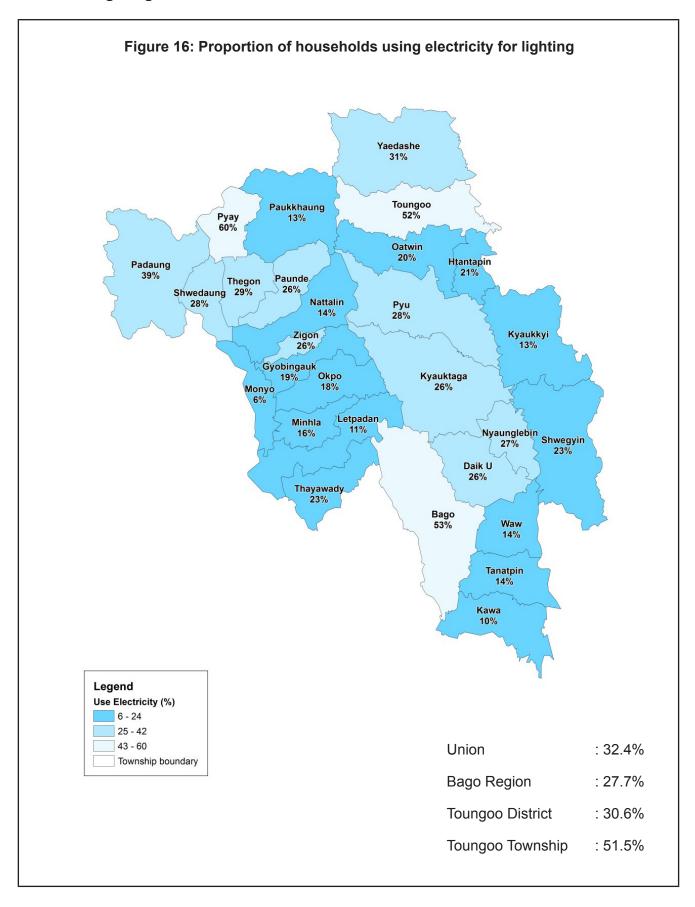


Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

Source o	of lighting	Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		51.5	85.4	30.7
Kerosene		7.0	0.2	11.1
Candle		23.5	6.9	33.7
Battery		10.4	6.6	12.8
Generator (pri	vate)	1.0	0.2	1.5
Water mill (pri	vate)	*	-	*
Solar system/	energy	5.1	0.3	8.1
Other		1.5	0.4	2.1
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
liotai	Number	57,460	21,900	35,560

- In Toungoo Township, 51.5 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting and it is the highest source of light. Compare to other townships in Bago Region, this proportion is high. The percentage of households that use electricity in Bago Region is 27.7 per cent.
- In rural areas, 33.7 per cent of the households mainly use candle for lighting.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

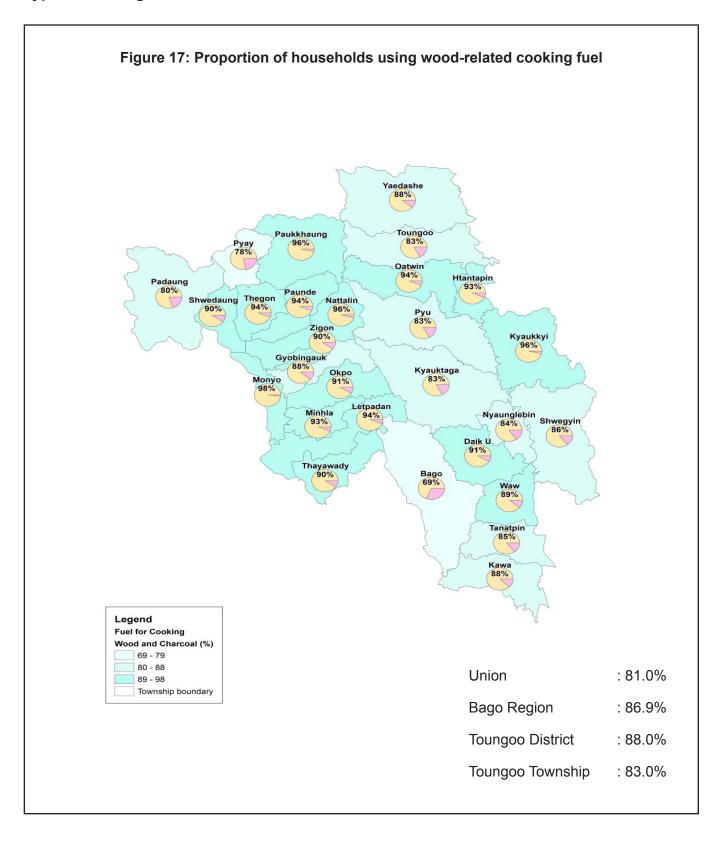


Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

Type of co	ooking fuel	Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		14.7	24.9	8.5
LPG		0.2	0.4	*
Kerosene		0.2	*	0.3
BioGas		0.2	0.4	0.1
Firewood		53.5	16.0	76.6
Charcoal		29.5	55.3	13.5
Coal		0.9	2.0	0.2
Other		0.9	1.0	0.8
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
lotai	Number	57,460	21,900	35,560

- In Toungoo Township, households mainly use wood-related fuels for cooking with 53.5 per cent using firewood and 29.5 per cent using charcoal.
- Some 14.7 per cent of households use electricity for cooking.
- Some 76.6 per cent of households in rural areas mainly use firewood and 13.5 per cent use charcoal.

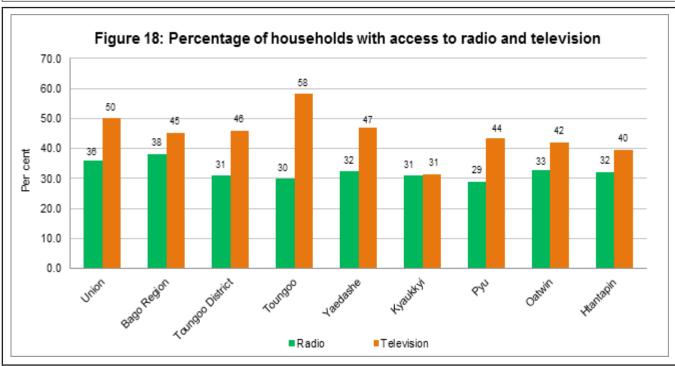
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Communication and related amenities

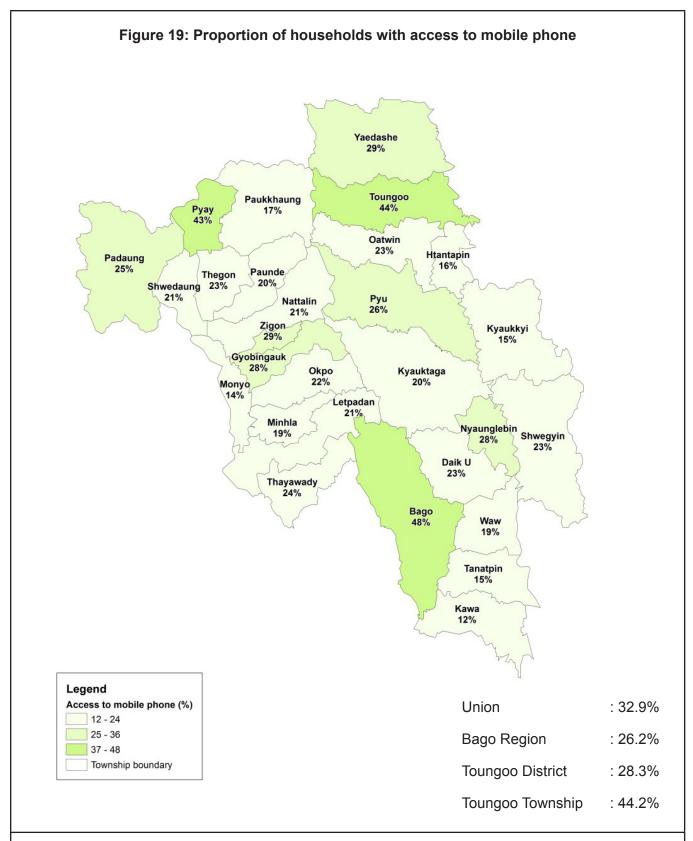
Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban/rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	57,460	29.9	58.1	4.4	44.2	3.4	8.2	25.1	0.5
Urban	21,900	27.8	78.2	8.6	61.1	6.5	14.7	13.4	1.1
Rural	35,560	31.1	45.7	1.9	33.8	1.5	4.2	32.4	0.1

• In Toungoo Township, 58.1 per cent of the households have access to television and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities. Some 78.2 per cent of households in urban areas have access to television, while the proportion for rural areas was 45.7 per cent.



• In Toungoo Township, 58.1 per cent of the households have televisions and about one in three of the households (29.9%) reported having a radio.



• Some 44.2 per cent of the households in Toungoo Township reported having mobile phones. Compared to other townships in Bago Region, it is high.

Transportation items

Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

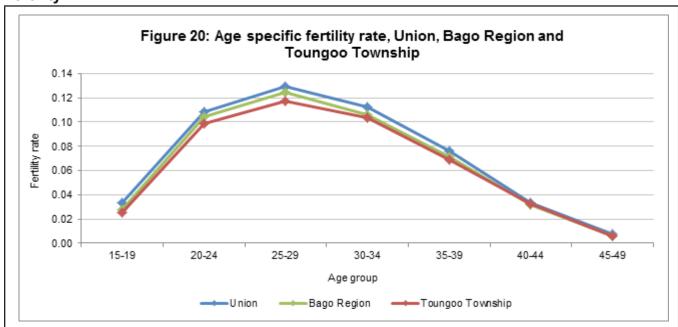
Region/District/ Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
Bago Region	1,142,974	13,643	392,159	570,569	21,269	43,982	14,137	315,083
Urban	239,014	8,471	102,697	150,556	3,549	1,817	622	9,721
Rural	903,960	5,172	289,462	420,013	17,720	42,165	13,515	305,362
Toungoo District	249,452	3,311	93,028	116,317	3,925	3,031	780	73,116
Urban	49,525	1,930	23,716	32,216	727	135	48	3,089
Rural	199,927	1,381	69,312	84,101	3,198	2,896	732	70,027
Toungoo Township	57,460	1,436	26,762	29,406	838	344	116	10,495
Urban	21,900	1,127	12,440	14,846	244	43	7	253
Rural	35,560	309	14,322	14,560	594	301	109	10,242

[•] In Toungoo Township, 51.2 per cent of the households have bicycle as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 46.6 per cent having motorcycle/moped.

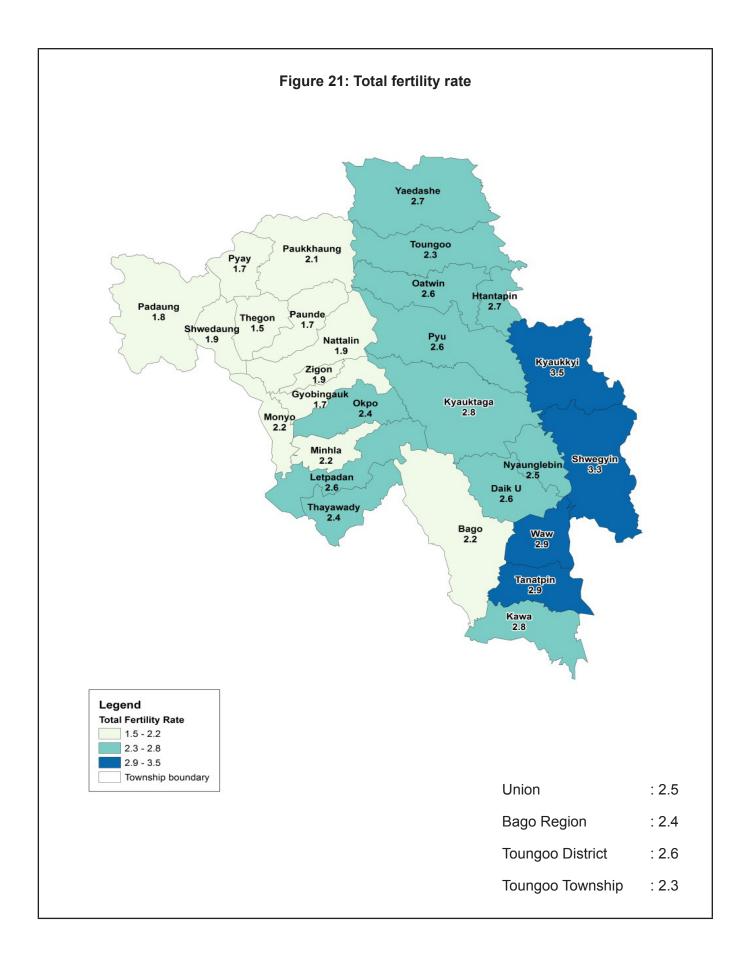
Analysis by urban/rural residence, the majority of the households mainly use bicycle as a means of transport.

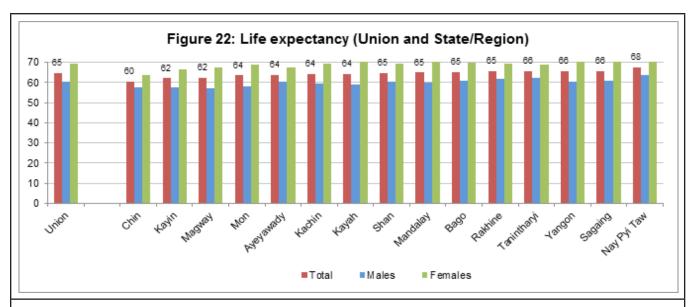
(H) Fertility and Mortality

Fertility



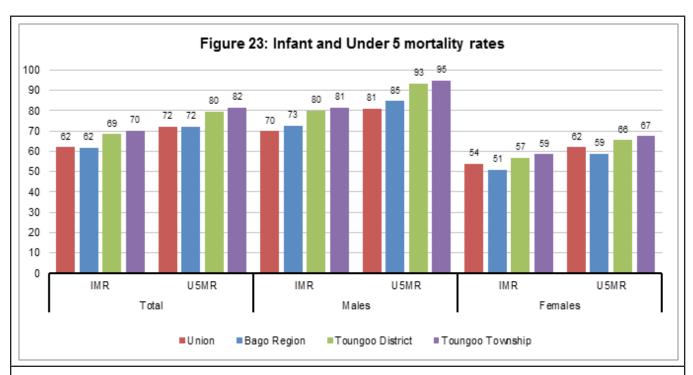
- Age specific fertility rate is the highest at age group 25-29.
- For women aged 15-49, the total fertility rate is 2.3 children per woman and is slightly less than the total fertility rate of 2.5 at the National level.



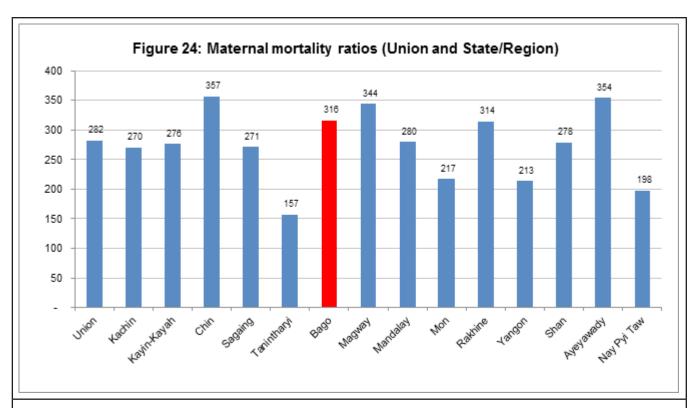


- The expectation of life at birth in Bago Region is 65.2 years and is higher than that of National level at 64.7 years.
- The female life expectancy at 69.8 years is higher than that of the males at 60.7 years.

Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality



- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Toungoo District are higher than the Union average. The
 Infant mortality in Toungoo District is 69 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5
 mortality is 80 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Toungoo Township are higher than those in Bago Region and Toungoo District. The Infant mortality in Toungoo is 70 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 82 per 1,000 live births.



- In Bago Region, there are 316 women dying while during pregnancy/delivery or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy for every 100,000 live births.
- The maternal mortality ratio in Bago Region is higher than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

Definitions and Concepts

Population: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

Census Night: The night between the 29th and the 30th March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

Rural area: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

Urban area: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

Population Density: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

Mean Household Size: The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

Sex ratio: The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

Dependency ratio: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

Child Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

Old Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

Ageing Index: The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

Median Age: The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

Education: Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

- (a) Literacy: The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.
- (b) School attendance: The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were:

 (a) Currently attending; (b) Attended previously; (c) Never attended.

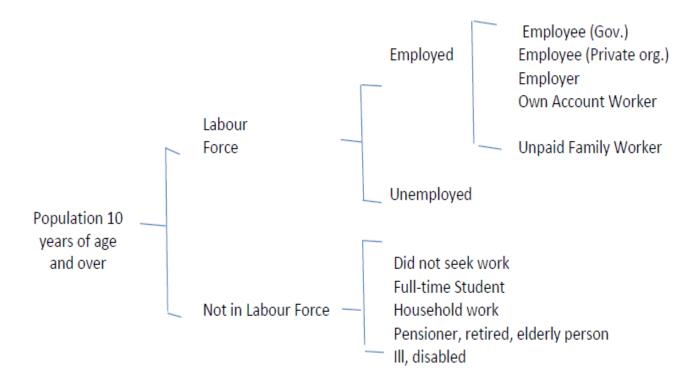
(c) Educational Attainment: The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

Disability: Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) Walking difficulty (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) Seeing difficulty (low vision, blind);
- (c) Hearing difficulty (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) **Mental/Intellectual difficulty** (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

Identity card: An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person's personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

Labour Force Status: According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



Labour Force: The Labour force is a general term covering "employed" and "unemployed" persons in the population.

Employed: "Employed" persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit,

such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

Unemployed: "Unemployed" persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

Not in labour force: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

Employment Status: All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) **Employee (Government)**: those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- (b) Employee (Private organisation): those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) Employer: persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) Own account worker: self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain and did not have any employees.
- **(e) Unpaid family worker**: persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

Labour force participation rate: The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

Unemployment rate: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

Employment to population ratio: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

Occupation: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

Live Birth: A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

Total fertility rate (TFR): The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

Total fertility rate (TFR) =
$$5 \sum$$
 Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR): The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

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The Townships Reports can be downloaded at:

www.dop.gov.mm or

http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census

