

THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

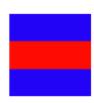
BAGO REGION, TAUNGOO DISTRICT

Yaedashe Township Report



Department of Population Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Bago Region, Taungoo District

Yaedashe Township Report

Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

Office No.48

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October 2017





Yaedashe Township Figures at a Glance ¹

Total Population	213,593 ²				
Population males	103,298 (48.	4%)			
Population females	110,295 (51.	110,295 (51.6%)			
Percentage of urban population	11.4%				
Area (Km²)	2,618.7 ³				
Population density (per Km²)	81.6 persons	S			
Median age	26.4 years				
Number of wards	8				
Number of village tracts	51				
Number of private households	50,527				
Percentage of female headed households	23.3%				
Mean household size	4.1 persons	4			
Percentage of population by age group					
Children (0 – 14 years)	30.4%				
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	64.3%	64.3%			
Elderly population (65+ years)	5.3%	5.3%			
Dependency ratios					
Total dependency ratio	55.5	55.5			
Child dependency ratio	47.3	47.3			
Old dependency ratio	8.2	8.2			
Ageing index	17.3	17.3			
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	94				
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	93.0%				
Male	96.9%				
Female	89.7%				
People with disability	Number	Per cent			
Any form of disability	7,864	3.7			
Walking	3,068	1.4			
Seeing	3,736	1.7			
Hearing	2,340	1.1			
Remembering	2,613	1.2			

Citizenship Scrutiny 108,758 63.8 Associate Scrutiny 96 0.1 Naturalised Scrutiny 427 0.3 National Registration 1,758 1.0 Religious 960 0.6 Temporary Registration 829 0.5 Foreign Registration * <0.1 None 57,642 3.8 Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes 86.1% 46.8% Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes 83.0% 3.7% Employment trate 65.6% 86.1% 46.8% Unemployment to population rate 65.6% 86.1% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per c=rt Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Rof Dhan//Theke//n leaf </th <th>Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)</th> <th>Number</th> <th></th> <th>Per ce</th> <th>ont</th>	Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)	Number		Per ce	ont	
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Naturalised Scrutiny 427 0.3 National Registration 1,758 1.0 Religious 960 0.6 Temporary Registration 829 0.5 Foreign Registration * <0.1						
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Religious 960 0.6 Temporary Registration 829 0.5 Foreign Registration * <0.1	-				_	
Temporary Registration 829 0.5 Foreign Registration * <0.1						
Foreign Registration * <0.1 Foreign Passport 73 <0.1	-					
Foreign Passport 73 <0.1 None 57,642 33.8 Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes Male Female Labour force participation rate 65.6% 86.1% 46.8% Unemployment rate 3.2% 3.0% 3.7% Employment to population ratio 63.5% 83.5% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% €3.5% 0.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% 36.0% Mod 0.3% 0.8% 0.5% Other 0.3%						
None 57,642 33.8 Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes Male Female Labour force participation rate 65.6% 86.1% 46.8% Unemployment rate 3.2% 3.0% 3.7% Employment to population ratio 63.5% 83.5% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% 63.1% 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% 36.0% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG <td< td=""><td></td><td>73</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		73				
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64) Both sexes Male Female Labour force participation rate 65.6% 86.1% 46.8% Unemployment rate 3.2% 3.0% 3.7% Employment to population ratio 63.5% 83.5% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% ≤5.9% 0.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% 56.0% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1	· ·	-		_		
Labour force participation rate 65.6% 86.1% 46.8% Unemployment rate 3.2% 3.0% 3.7% Employment to population ratio 63.5% 83.5% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% ≤5.9% 0.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% S6.0% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG						
Unemployment rate 3.2% 3.0% 3.7% Employment to population ratio 63.5% 83.5% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% ≤5.9% 0.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% 0.4% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1	Labour Force (aged 15 – 64)	Both sexes	Ma	ale	Female	
Employment to population ratio 63.5% 83.5% 45.1% Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% € 63.1% 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% 0.1% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 1.1% LPG * <0.1	Labour force participation rate	65.6%	86	6.1%	46.8%	
Ownership of housing unit (Tenure) Number Per cent Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% € 63.1% 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% 1.0% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% 0.3% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% LPG * <0.1	Unemployment rate	3.2%	3.	0%	3.7%	
Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% 63.1% 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% 1.1% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% 0.3% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1	Employment to population ratio	63.5%	83	8.5%	45.1%	
Owner 45,224 89.5 Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% 63.1% 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% 10.1% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% 0.3% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1						
Renter 1,118 2.2 Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% $$ 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% 9.6% 8.8% 0.1% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% 0.3% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% 0.1% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5.327 10.5 LPG * <0.1 30 0.2 30 30 0.1	Ownership of housing unit (Tenure)	Number		Per c	ent	
Provided free (individually) 1,334 2.6 Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% - 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% - Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% - Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% LPG * <0.1	Owner	45,224		89.5		
Government quarters 2,438 4.8 Private company quarters 235 0.5 Other 178 0.4 Material for housing Wall Floor Roof Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% - 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 1.1% Yood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Use the end of the	Renter	1,118		2.2		
Private company quarters2350.5Other1780.4Material for housingWallFloorRoofDhani/Theke/In leaf0.8%Floor63.1%Bamboo71.9%25.9%0.1%Earth0.1%1.1%1.1%Wood17.2%63.5%0.1%Corrugated sheet0.1%1.1%36.0%Tile/Brick/Concrete9.6%8.8%0.5%Other0.3%0.6%0.3%0.3%Main source of energy for cookingNumberPer centElectricity5,32710.510.5LPG*<0.1	Provided free (individually)	1,334		2.6		
Other1780.4Material for housingWallFloorRoofDhani/Theke/In leaf0.8%-63.1%Bamboo71.9%25.9%0.1%Earth0.1%1.1%-Wood17.2%63.5%0.1%Corrugated sheet0.1%36.0%Tile/Brick/Concrete9.6%8.8%0.5%Other0.3%0.6%0.3%Main source of energy for cookingNumberPer centElectricity5,32710.51.5%LPG*<0.1	Government quarters	2,438		4.8		
Material for housingWallFloorRoofDhani/Theke/In leaf0.8%63.1%Bamboo71.9%25.9%0.1%Earth0.1%1.1%Wood17.2%63.5%0.1%Corrugated sheet0.1%36.0%Tile/Brick/Concrete9.6%8.8%0.5%Other0.3%0.6%0.3%Main source of energy for cookingNumberPer centElectricity5,32710.5LPG*<0.1	Private company quarters	235 0		0.5	0.5	
Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% - 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% 36.0% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1	Other	178		0.4		
Dhani/Theke/In leaf 0.8% - 63.1% Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% 36.0% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1						
Bamboo 71.9% 25.9% 0.1% Earth 0.1% 1.1% 1.0% Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 0.1% 36.0% 36.0% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% 0.5% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity $5,327$ 10.5 LPG $*$ <0.1 Kerosene 83 0.2 Biogas 30 0.1	Material for housing	Wall	Floo	r	Roof	
Earth 0.1% 1.1% Image: matrix independent indepen	Dhani/Theke/In leaf	0.8%			63.1%	
Wood 17.2% 63.5% 0.1% Corrugated sheet 0.1% 36.0% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 8.8% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity $5,327$ 10.5 LPG * <0.1 Kerosene 83 0.2 Biogas 30 0.1	Bamboo	71.9%	25.99	%	0.1%	
Corrugated sheet 0.1% $$ 36.0% Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity $5,327$ 10.5 LPG $*$ <0.1 Kerosene 83 0.2 Biogas 0.1 $$	Earth	0.1%	1.1%	,		
Tile/Brick/Concrete 9.6% 8.8% 0.5% Other 0.3% 0.6% 0.3% Main source of energy for cooking Number Per cent Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1 Kerosene 83 0.2 Biogas 30 0.1	Wood	17.2%	63.59	%	0.1%	
Other0.3%0.6%0.3%Main source of energy for cookingNumberPer centElectricity5,32710.5LPG*<0.1	Corrugated sheet	0.1%			36.0%	
Main source of energy for cookingNumberPer centElectricity5,32710.5LPG*<0.1	Tile/Brick/Concrete	9.6%	8.8%)	0.5%	
Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1	Other	0.3%	0.6%	•	0.3%	
Electricity 5,327 10.5 LPG * <0.1						
LPG * <0.1 Kerosene 83 0.2 Biogas 30 0.1	Main source of energy for cooking	Number		Per c	ent	
Kerosene830.2Biogas300.1	Electricity	5,327		10.5		
Biogas 30 0.1	LPG	*		<0.1	_	
	Kerosene	83 0.2				
	Biogas	30		0.1		
Firewood 39,979 79.1	Firewood	39,979		79.1		
Charcoal 4,655 9.2	Charcoal	4,655		9.2		
Coal 83 0.2	Coal	83		0.2		
Other 355 0.7	Other	355		0.7		

Main source of energy for lighting	Number	Per cent
Electricity	15,516	30.7
Kerosene	4,133	8.2
Candle	17,552	34.7
Battery	4,860	9.6
Generator (private)	3,279	6.5
Water mill (private)	79	0.2
Solar system/energy	4,129	8.2
Other	979	1.9
		I
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	567	1.1
Tube well, borehole	22,212	44.0
Protected well/spring	13,435	26.6
Bottled/purifier water	920	1.8
Total Improved Water Sources	37,134	73.5
Unprotected well/spring	5,922	11.7
Pool/pond/lake	200	0.4
River/stream/canal	4,006	7.9
Waterfall/rainwater	127	0.3
Other	3,138	6.2
Total Unimproved Water Sources	13,393	26.5
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	1,089	2.2
Tube well, borehole	22,335	44.2
Protected well/spring	13,518	26.8
Unprotected well/spring	6,033	11.9
Pool/pond/lake	197	0.4
River/stream/canal	4,078	8.1
Waterfall/rainwater	129	0.3
Bottled/purifier water	*	<0.1
Other	3,133	6.2

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	629	1.2
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	32,767	64.9
Total Improved Sanitation	33,396	66.1
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	2,509	5.0
Bucket (Surface latrine)	1,731	3.4
Other	907	1.8
None	11,984	23.7
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	16,350	32.4
Television	23,670	46.8
Landline phone	1,400	2.8
Mobile phone	14,665	29.0
Computer	556	1.1
Internet at home	2,298	4.5
Households with none of the items	16,252	32.2
Households with all of the items	64	0.1
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	690	1.4
Motorcycle/Moped	17,629	34.9
Bicycle	15,957	31.6
4-Wheel tractor	465	0.9
Canoe/Boat	320	0.6
Motor boat	100	0.2
Cart (bullock)	13,420	26.6

Note: ¹ Population figures for Yaedashe Township are as of 29th March 2014.

² Includes both household population and institution population.

³ Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

⁴ Calculated based on conventional household population

* Less than 20.

Contents

Introdu	uction	3
Censu	is information on Yaedashe Township	5
(A)	Demographic Characteristics	7
(B)	Religion	12
(C)	Education	13
(D)	Economic Characteristics	17
(E)	Identity Cards	23
(F)	Disability	24
(G)	Housing Conditions and Household Amenities 27	
	Type of housing unit	27
	Type of toilet	28
	Source of drinking water	30
	Source of lighting	32
	Type of cooking fuel	34
	Communication and related amenities	36
	Transportation items	38
(H)	Fertility and Mortality	39
	Fertility	39
	Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality	41
Definit	ions and Concepts	43
List of	Contributors	47

Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://www.dop.gov.mm/ and http://

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Yaedashe Township in Bago Region. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.

Census information on Yaedashe Township

Total population	213,593 *				
Males	103,298				
Females	110,295				
Sex ratio	94 males per 10	00 females			
Percentage of urban population	11.4%				
Area (Km²)	2,618.7 **				
Population density (persons per Km ²)	81.6 persons				
Number of wards	8				
Number of village tracts	51				
	Total	Urban	Rural		
Population in conventional households	207,291	23,692	183,599		
Number of conventional households	50,527	5,955	44,572		
Mean household size	4.1 persons ***				

• In Yaedashe Township, there are more females than males with 94 males per 100 females.

• The majority of the people in the Township live in rural areas with only (11.4%) living in urban areas.

• The population density of Yaedashe Township is 82 persons per square kilometre.

• There are 4.1 persons living in each household in Yaedashe Township. This is slightly less than the Union average (4.4 persons).

Note: * Includes both household population and institution population.

** Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

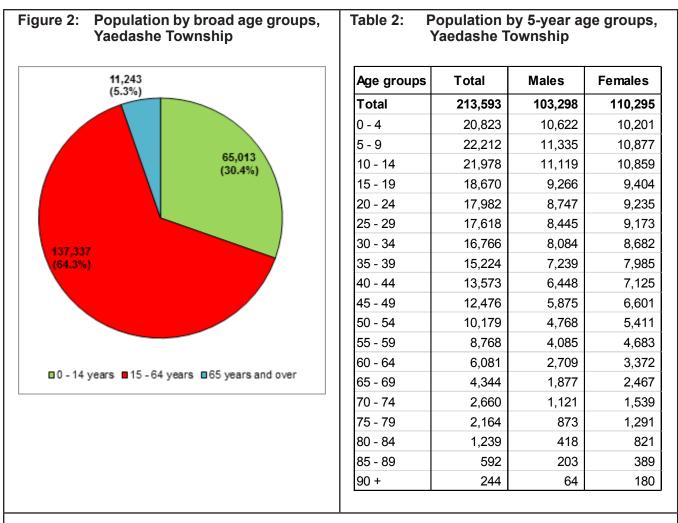
*** Calculated based on conventional household population

Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward and village tract;Yaedashe Township (Toungoo District, Bago Region)

C	Word Officers Treat	No. of	Population				
Sr	Ward/Village Tract	Conventional households	Total	Males	Females		
	Total	50,527	213,593	103,298	110,295		
	Ward	5,955	24,420	11,364	13,056		
1	Ywar Ma(W)	610	2,492	1,143	1,349		
2	Zay(W)	266	1,189	550	639		
3	Bo Te(W)	477	1,941	900	1,041		
4	Pay Kone(W)	695	2,750	1,239	1,511		
5	Shwe Kyet Yet (South)(W)	558	2,371	1,119	1,252		
6	Shwe Kyet Yet (North)(W)	485	1,914	863	1,051		
7	North Paing ward(W)	1,745	7,286	3,483	3,803		
8	South Paing ward(W)	1,119	4,477	2,067	2,410		
	Village Tract	44,572	189,173	91,934	97,239		
1	Khin Tan Gyi(VT)	627	2,428	1,156	1,272		
2	Boe Taw Kone(VT)	898	3,742	1,778	1,964		
3	Kyan Tha Nwe(VT)	1,410	5,945	2,978	2,967		
4	Pauk Chaung(VT)	516	2,160	1,035	1,125		
5	Pi Tauk Khin(VT)	665	2,456	1,174	1,282		
6	Pi Tu(VT)	402	1,698	812	886		
7	War Yon Taw(VT)	483	2,043	995	1,048		
8	Tha Pyay Tan(VT)	501	1,780	840	940		
9	Ke Lin Seik(VT)	465	2,047	999	1,048		
10	Kywe Yaing Pyin(VT)	846	3,578	1,771	1,807		
11	Sin Gway(VT)	632	2,767	1,327	1,440		
12	Za Loke Gyi(VT)	412	1,574	723	851		
13	Nyaung Pin Thar(VT)	696	2,685	1,274	1,411		
14	In Daing(VT)	988	3,815	1,785	2,030		
15	Doe Tan(VT)	1,062	4,261	2,019	2,242		
16	Mi Chaung Aing(VT)	798	3,148	1,504	1,644		
17	Kwin Gyi(VT)	556	2,218	1,064	1,154		
18	Kone Gyi(VT)	747	2,929	1,363	1,566		
19	Thaing Wa(VT)	1,365	5,443	2,733	2,710		
20	Gon Min Kwin(VT)	989	4,329	2,219	2,110		
21	Swar Min Lan(VT)	1,348	5,344	2,637	2,707		
22	Ngar Gyi Kwayt(VT)	963	4,117	1,915	2,202		
23	Shwe Ka Zaung(VT)	990	3,715	1,754	1,961		

No. of Population Sr Ward/Village Tract Conventional Total Males Females households 24 Kun Ohn(VT) 382 704 785 1,489 25 Si Paing(VT) 733 2,911 1,394 1,517 26 Kyeik Pa Tee(VT) 302 1,199 568 631 27 Swar Ywar Ma(VT) 587 2,276 1,107 1,169 28 Pi Tauk Kone(VT) 882 3,359 1,634 1,725 29 1,566 Na Kyat(VT) 379 797 769 1,271 30 Sa Kway (Ma Yoe Khon)(VT) 5,714 2,878 2,836 31 618 Yin Ngan(VT) 2,554 1,288 1,266 32 180 860 438 422 (Saing) Hpa Yar Kone(VT) 33 Thit Poke Pin(VT) 787 3,839 1,939 1,900 3,068 1,500 34 San Taw Po(VT) 643 1,568 35 Lone Yan(VT) 538 2,502 1,268 1,234 749 3,529 1,767 1,762 36 Oke Hpo(VT) 37 Chaung Ma Gyi(VT) 275 1,304 668 636 38 Myo Hla(VT) 2,160 9,380 4,417 4,963 39 Ngwe Taung(VT) 1,335 5,604 2,706 2,898 40 Nat Taung(VT) 732 3,569 1,791 1,778 41 Kyar Inn Kone(VT) 1,043 4,456 2,149 2,307 42 Ket Ku(VT) 820 3,651 1,727 1,924 43 Thar Ga Ya(VT) 3,120 13,417 6,450 6,967 44 Wea Daunt(VT) 503 2,084 1,007 1,077 45 669 2,784 Daunt Inn Kone(VT) 1,392 1,392 2,424 46 Sat Thay(VT) 589 1,225 1,199 Daung Nan Kya(VT) 47 397 1,801 900 901 48 Yae Ni(VT) 2,747 12,882 6,278 6,604 1,015 4,343 49 Zay Ya Thein(VT) 2,072 2,271 Ye Kone(VT) 1,738 7,688 3,730 3,958 50 51 Hpa Yar Kone (Myo Hla)(VT) 1,019 4,698 2,230 2,468

Table 1: (Continued)



- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Yaedashe Township is 64.3 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

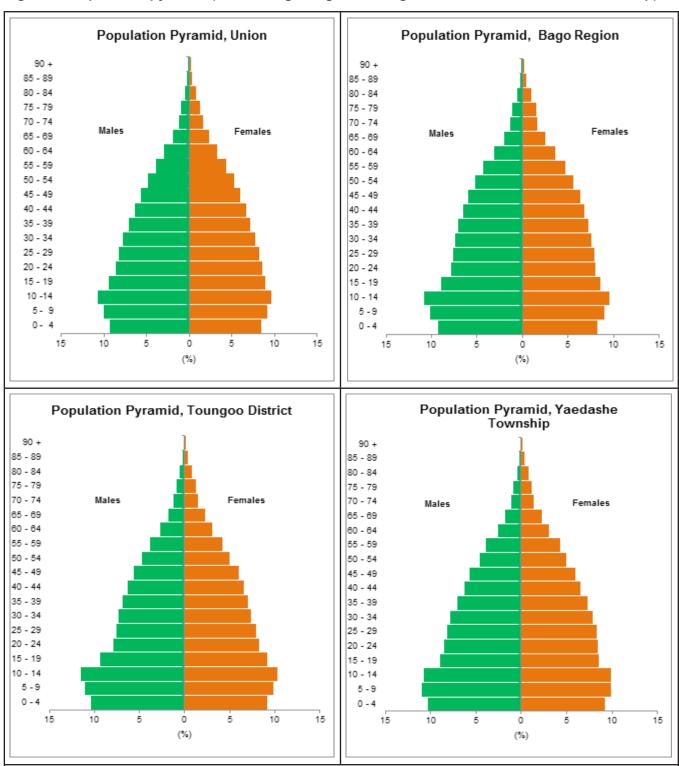
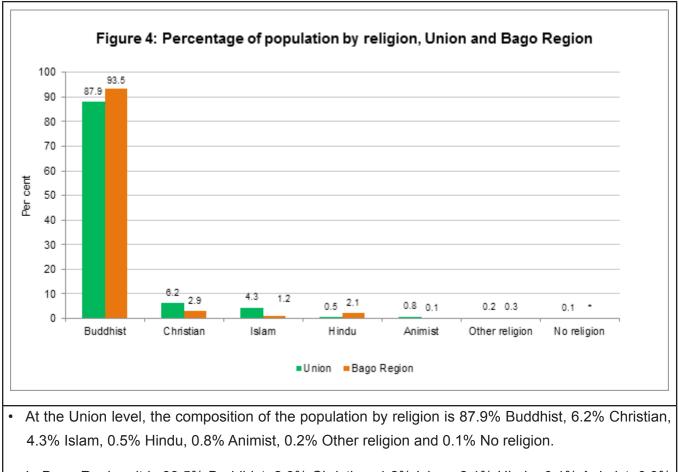


Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Bago Region, Toungoo District and Yaedashe Township)

- The birth rate has been declining in Yaedashe Township since the last 5 years.
- The population has markedly declined from age group 15-19 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is a smaller percentage of working age group 15-64 population in Yaedashe Township.
- Starting from age group 15-19, there are less males than females in all age groups.



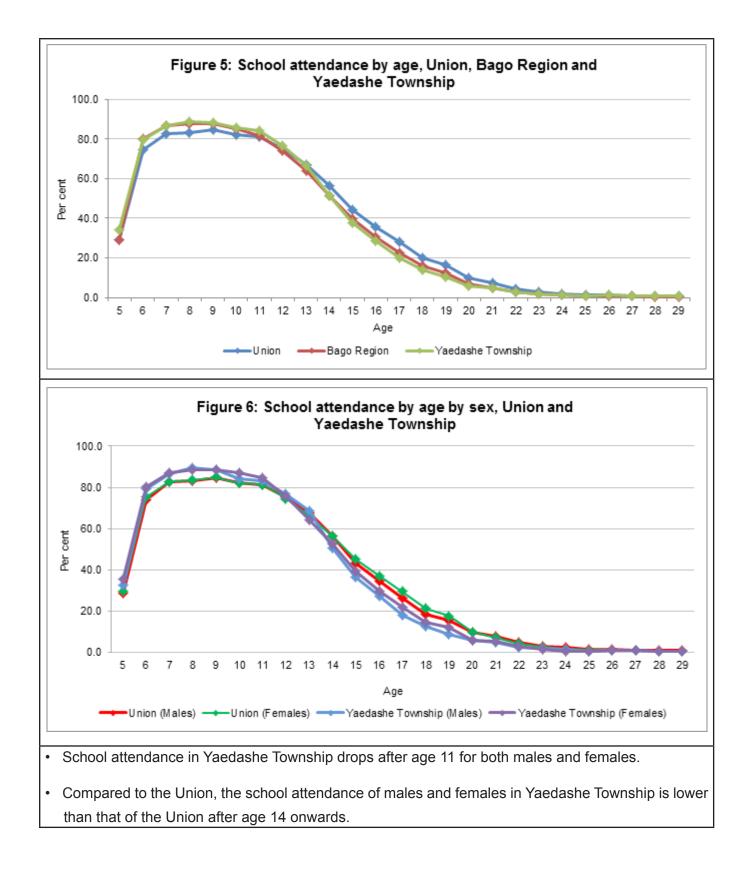
 In Bago Region, it is 93.5% Buddhist, 2.9% Christian, 1.2% Islam, 2.1% Hindu, 0.1% Animist, 0.3% Other religion and less than 0.1% for No religion.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(C) Education

A	То	tal populati	on	Currently attending					
Age	Total	Total Males		Total Males Females Total		Total	Males	Females	
5	4,649	2,416	2,233	1,582	787	795			
6	4,546	2,336	2,210	3,625	1,847	1,778			
7	4,394	2,249	2,145	3,820	1,947	1,873			
8	4,155	2,035	2,120	3,697	1,821	1,876			
9	4,256	2,122	2,134	3,762	1,876	1,886			
10	4,354	2,142	2,212	3,729	1,805	1,924			
11	4,047	2,002	2,045	3,403	1,669	1,734			
12	4,451	2,204	2,247	3,402	1,693	1,709			
13	4,367	2,181	2,186	2,905	1,498	1,407			
14	4,109	2,011	2,098	2,118	1,019	1,099			
15	3,974	1,937	2,037	1,507	705	802			
16	3,474	1,698	1,776	989	463	526			
17	3,589	1,751	1,838	715	315	400			
18	3,704	1,752	1,952	516	226	290			
19	3,195	1,566	1,629	335	139	196			
20	3,781	1,793	1,988	222	107	115			
21	3,038	1,399	1,639	153	67	86			
22	3,356	1,530	1,826	96	38	58			
23	3,328	1,561	1,767	59	32	27			
24	3,124	1,487	1,637	35	22	13			
25	3,787	1,777	2,010	32	15	17			
26	3,063	1,390	1,673	33	18	15			
27	3,204	1,523	1,681	29	13	16			
28	3,637	1,694	1,943	23	9	14			
29	3,153	1,488	1,665	20	10	10			

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age



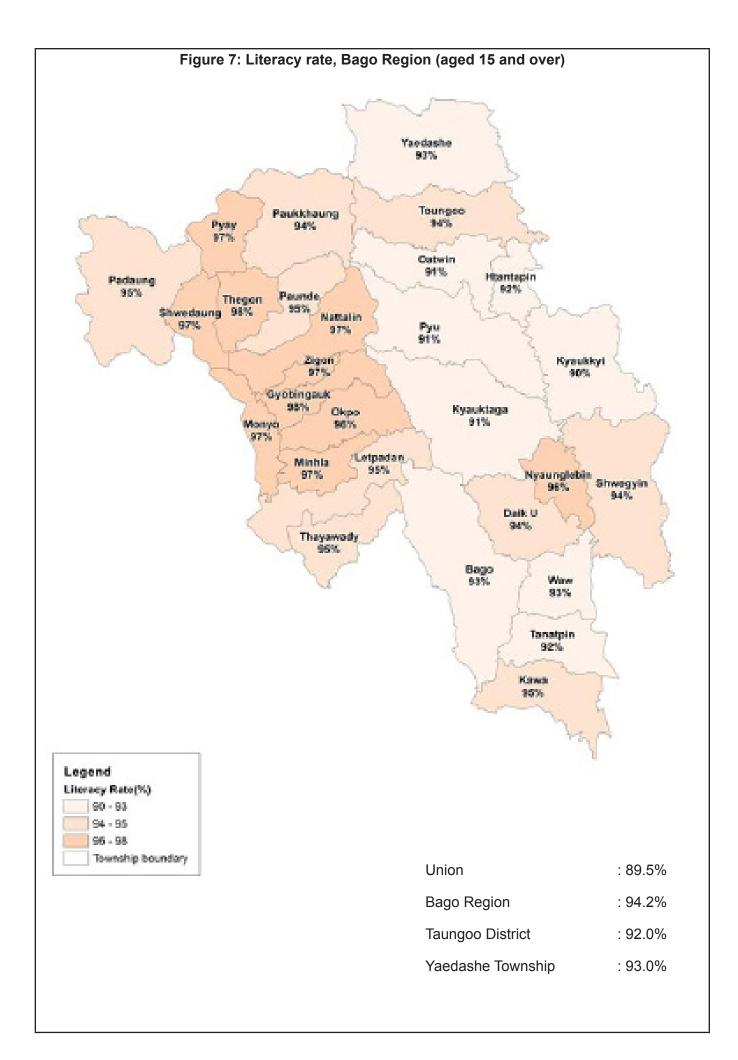


Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 – 24), Yaedashe Township

Sex	Total Population (15 - 24)	Literacy Rate (15 - 24)		
Total	34,563	96.5		
Males	16,474	97.5		
Females	18,089	95.7		

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Yaedashe Township is 93.0 per cent. It is lower than the literacy rate of Bago Region (94.2%) but higher than the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 89.7 per cent and for the males it is 96.9 per cent.
- The literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 96.5 per cent with 95.7 per cent for females and 97.5 percent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

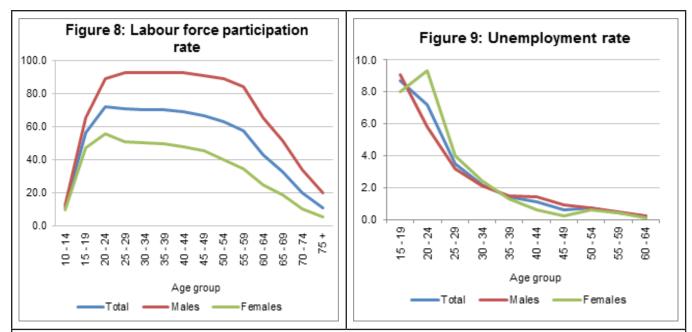
Total	Nana	None	% Never	Primary	school	Middle school (grade	High school (grade	Diploma	University/	Post- graduate	Vocational	Other
	Total None at	attended	(grade 1 - 4)	(grade 5)	6 - 9)	(grade 10 - 11)	Dipiona	College	and above	training	Other	
Total	111,928	17,794	15.9	29,319	24,289	21,235	10,541	353	7,435	201	204	557
Urban	14,478	1,042	7.2	2,368	2,038	3,678	2,773	60	2,312	72	34	101
Rural	97,450	16,752	17.2	26,951	22,251	17,557	7,768	293	5,123	129	170	456
Males	52,209	6,591	12.6	11,408	11,725	12,738	5,848	246	3,152	88	142	271
Females	59,719	11,203	18.8	17,911	12,564	8,497	4,693	107	4,283	113	62	286

- Some 15.9 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- Of the rural population aged 25 and over, 17.2 per cent have never been to school.
- There are 12.6 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 18.8 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 21.7 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and only 6.6 per cent has completed university/college education.

(D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate bysex and age group

A	Labour Fo	rce Particip	ation Rate	Unemployment Rate			
Age groups	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
10 - 14	11.1	12.6	9.6	10.1	11.8	7.9	
15 - 19	56.1	65.4	47.0	8.7	9.1	8.0	
20 - 24	71.7	88.8	55.4	7.2	5.8	9.3	
25 - 29	70.8	92.3	51.1	3.5	3.2	4.0	
30 - 34	70.4	92.4	50.0	2.2	2.1	2.4	
35 - 39	69.9	92.3	49.6	1.4	1.5	1.3	
40 - 44	69.0	92.3	48.0	1.1	1.4	0.6	
45 - 49	66.6	90.6	45.2	0.6	0.9	0.2	
50 - 54	63.1	89.2	40.1	0.7	0.7	0.6	
55 - 59	57.7	84.1	34.7	0.4	0.5	0.4	
60 - 64	42.9	65.6	24.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	
65 - 69	33.0	51.5	19.0	0.1	0.2	-	
70 - 74	20.2	33.7	10.3	0.2	0.3	-	
75 +	11.0	20.2	5.7	1.1	0.3	2.6	
15 - 24	63.8	76.8	51.2	7.9	7.2	8.7	
15 - 64	65.6	86.1	46.8	3.2	3.0	3.7	



• Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Yaedashe Township is 65.6 per cent.

- The labour force participation rate of females is 46.8 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 86.1 per cent.
- In Yaedashe Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is 11.1 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Yaedashe Township is 3.2 per cent. For males and females, it is 3.0 per cent and 3.7 per cent respectively.
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 8.7 per cent.

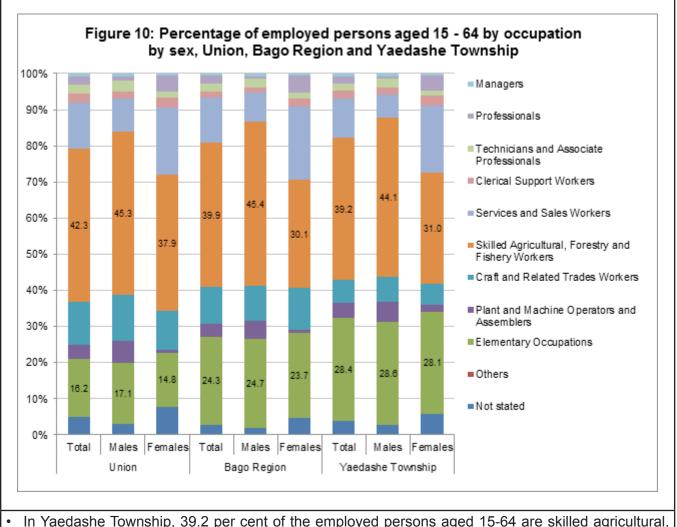
Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

	Usual activity status										
Sex	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	III, disabled	Other				
Total	75,617	0.7	29.1	45.3	11.2	1.9	11.8				
Males	21,771	1.3	49.6	3.8	15.6	3.3	26.3				
Females	53,846	0.4	20.8	62.1	9.4	1.3	5.9				

• Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 49.6 per cent of males are full time students while 62.1 per cent of females are household workers.

Occupation	Emp	oloyed pers	sons	Per cent			
Occupation	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	83,657	52,305	31,352	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Managers	656	465	191	0.8	0.9	0.6	
Professionals	1,562	284	1,278	1.9	0.5	4.1	
Technicians and Associate Professionals	1,753	1,268	485	2.1	2.4	1.5	
Clerical Support Workers	1,781	964	817	2.1	1.8	2.6	
Services and Sales Workers	9,131	3,331	5,800	10.9	6.4	18.5	
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	32,762	23,048	9,714	39.2	44.1	31.0	
Craft and Related Trades Workers	5,511	3,705	1,806	6.6	7.1	5.8	
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	3,445	2,853	592	4.1	5.5	1.9	
Elementary Occupations	23,766	14,956	8,810	28.4	28.6	28.1	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Not stated	3,290	1,431	1,859	3.9	2.7	5.9	

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 – 64 by occupation by sex

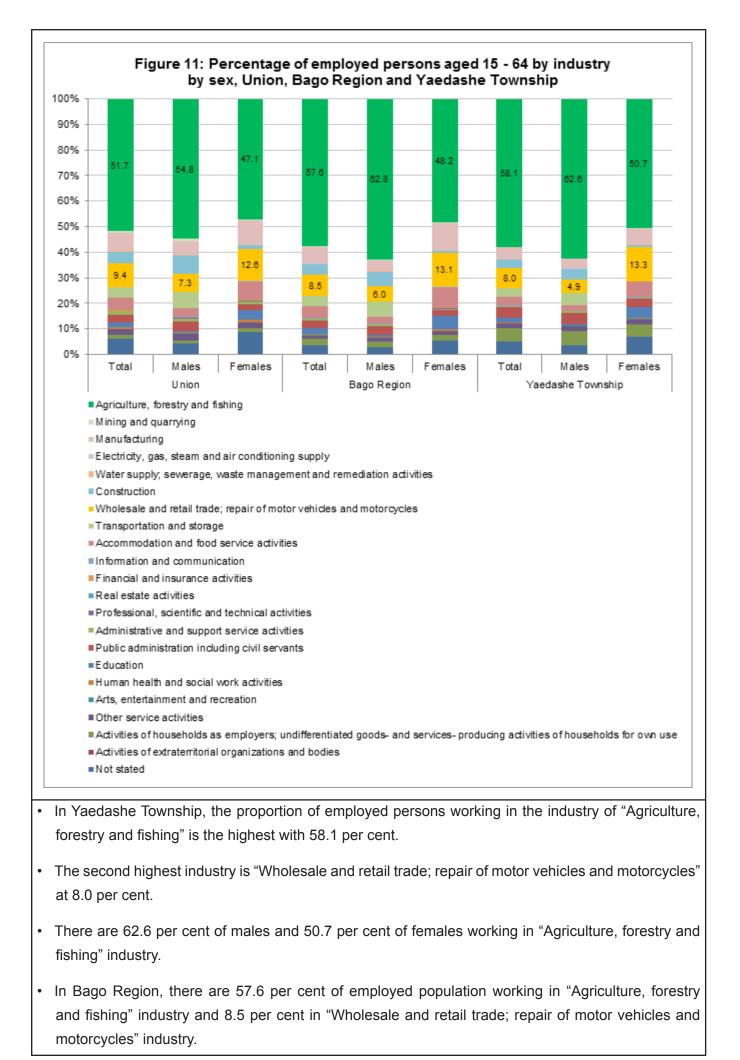


- In Yaedashe Township, 39.2 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and is the highest proportion, followed by 28.4 per cent in elementary occupations.
- Analysis by sex shows that 44.1 per cent of males and 31.0 per cent of females are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers.
- In Bago Region, 39.9 per cent are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and 24.3 per cent are in elementary occupations.

la duratoria	Emp	oloyed pers	sons	Per cent			
Industry	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
Total	83,657	52,305	31,352	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	48,639	32,731	15,908	58.1	62.6	50.7	
Mining and quarrying	50	44	6	0.1	0.1	*	
Manufacturing	3,953	1,937	2,016	4.7	3.7	6.4	
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	47	45	2	0.1	0.1	*	
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	55	49	6	0.1	0.1	*	
Construction	2,545	2,276	269	3.0	4.4	0.9	
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	6,732	2,560	4,172	8.0	4.9	13.3	
Transportation and storage	2,775	2,710	65	3.3	5.2	0.2	
Accommodation and food service activities	2,890	1,012	1,878	3.5	1.9	6.0	
Information and communication	72	50	22	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Financial and insurance activities	45	15	30	0.1	*	0.1	
Real estate activities	2	1	1	*	*	*	
Professional, scientific and technical activities	72	47	25	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Administrative and support service activities	450	280	170	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Public administration including civil servants	3,351	2,368	983	4.0	4.5	3.1	
Education	1,534	222	1,312	1.8	0.4	4.2	
Human health and social work activities	230	82	148	0.3	0.2	0.5	
Arts, entertainment and recreation	76	57	19	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Other service activities	1,638	1,044	594	2.0	2.0	1.9	
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services- producing activities of households for own use	4,461	2,840	1,621	5.3	5.4	5.2	
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	1	1	-	*	*	-	
Not stated	4,039	1,934	2,105	4.8	3.7	6.7	

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

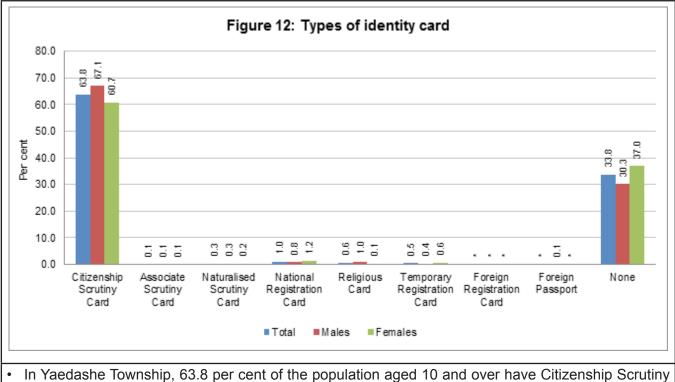


(E) Identity Cards

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	108,758	96	427	1,758	960	829	*	73	57,642
Urban	15,790	41	64	171	147	99	*	15	4,212
Rural	92,968	55	363	1,587	813	730	*	58	53,430
Males	54,561	46	256	672	845	296	*	41	24,611
Females	54,197	50	171	1,086	115	533	*	32	33,031

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

Note: * Less than 20 cards.



Card while 33.8 per cent have none.

 Analysis by sex shows that 30.3 per cent of males and 37.0 per cent of females do not have any type of card.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(F) Disability

		Total P	opulation		Type of disability					
Age groups	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering		
Total	213,593	205,729	7,864	3.7	3,736	2,340	3,068	2,613		
0 - 4	20,823	20,571	252	1.2	24	26	212	179		
5 - 9	22,212	21,944	268	1.2	24	74	102	171		
10 - 14	21,978	21,702	276	1.3	43	73	73	166		
15 - 19	18,670	18,472	198	1.1	37	58	60	100		
20 - 24	17,982	17,751	231	1.3	41	64	85	105		
25 - 29	17,618	17,380	238	1.4	41	67	84	80		
30 - 34	16,766	16,487	279	1.7	56	78	113	82		
35 - 39	15,224	14,923	301	2.0	86	84	95	85		
40 - 44	13,573	13,171	402	3.0	190	87	110	96		
45 - 49	12,476	11,913	563	4.5	324	86	149	112		
50 - 54	10,179	9,540	639	6.3	348	120	200	159		
55 - 59	8,768	8,022	746	8.5	392	172	248	158		
60 - 64	6,081	5,383	698	11.5	404	186	235	177		
65 - 69	4,344	3,641	703	16.2	425	219	266	193		
70 - 74	2,660	2,075	585	22.0	367	199	237	181		
75 - 79	2,164	1,533	631	29.2	393	290	298	215		
80 - 84	1,239	765	474	38.3	302	241	254	179		
85 - 89	592	333	259	43.8	157	140	153	107		
90 +	244	123	121	49.6	82	76	94	68		

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

Table 11: (Continued)

	Total Population					Type of disability					
Age groups	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering			
Males	103,298	99,586	3,712	3.6	1,606	1,027	1,465	1,223			
0 - 4	10,622	10,477	145	1.4	17	15	123	104			
5 - 9	11,335	11,171	164	1.4	14	39	53	108			
10 - 14	11,119	10,954	165	1.5	28	46	42	95			
15 - 19	9,266	9,152	114	1.2	23	29	31	56			
20 - 24	8,747	8,628	119	1.4	22	32	45	51			
25 - 29	8,445	8,314	131	1.6	20	31	51	44			
30 - 34	8,084	7,935	149	1.8	23	36	62	48			
35 - 39	7,239	7,079	160	2.2	39	36	62	52			
40 - 44	6,448	6,246	202	3.1	93	42	61	38			
45 - 49	5,875	5,594	281	4.8	157	34	85	61			
50 - 54	4,768	4,443	325	6.8	168	57	116	71			
55 - 59	4,085	3,727	358	8.8	185	80	134	61			
60 - 64	2,709	2,437	272	10.0	148	78	93	71			
65 - 69	1,877	1,553	324	17.3	186	96	118	92			
70 - 74	1,121	859	262	23.4	164	98	104	81			
75 - 79	873	615	258	29.6	145	114	122	86			
80 - 84	418	251	167	40.0	98	93	94	52			
85 - 89	203	118	85	41.9	53	51	42	28			
90 +	64	33	31	48.4	23	20	27	24			

		Total P	opulation		Type of disability					
Age groups	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering		
Females	110,295	106,143	4,152	3.8	2,130	1,313	1,603	1,390		
0 - 4	10,201	10,094	107	1.0	7	11	89	75		
5 - 9	10,877	10,773	104	1.0	10	35	49	63		
10 - 14	10,859	10,748	111	1.0	15	27	31	71		
15 - 19	9,404	9,320	84	0.9	14	29	29	44		
20 - 24	9,235	9,123	112	1.2	19	32	40	54		
25 - 29	9,173	9,066	107	1.2	21	36	33	36		
30 - 34	8,682	8,552	130	1.5	33	42	51	34		
35 - 39	7,985	7,844	141	1.8	47	48	33	33		
40 - 44	7,125	6,925	200	2.8	97	45	49	58		
45 - 49	6,601	6,319	282	4.3	167	52	64	51		
50 - 54	5,411	5,097	314	5.8	180	63	84	88		
55 - 59	4,683	4,295	388	8.3	207	92	114	97		
60 - 64	3,372	2,946	426	12.6	256	108	142	106		
65 - 69	2,467	2,088	379	15.4	239	123	148	101		
70 - 74	1,539	1,216	323	21.0	203	101	133	100		
75 - 79	1,291	918	373	28.9	248	176	176	129		
80 - 84	821	514	307	37.4	204	148	160	127		
85 - 89	389	215	174	44.7	104	89	111	79		
90 +	180	90	90	50.0	59	56	67	44		

Table 11: (Continued)

• Four in every 100 persons in Yaedashe Township have, at least, one form of disability.

• Slightly more females than males have disability.

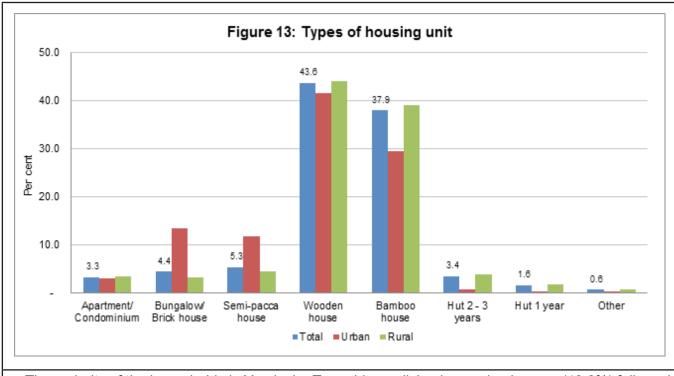
• The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 65.

• Difficulty with seeing is the most commonly mentioned form of disability in the Township followed by walking.

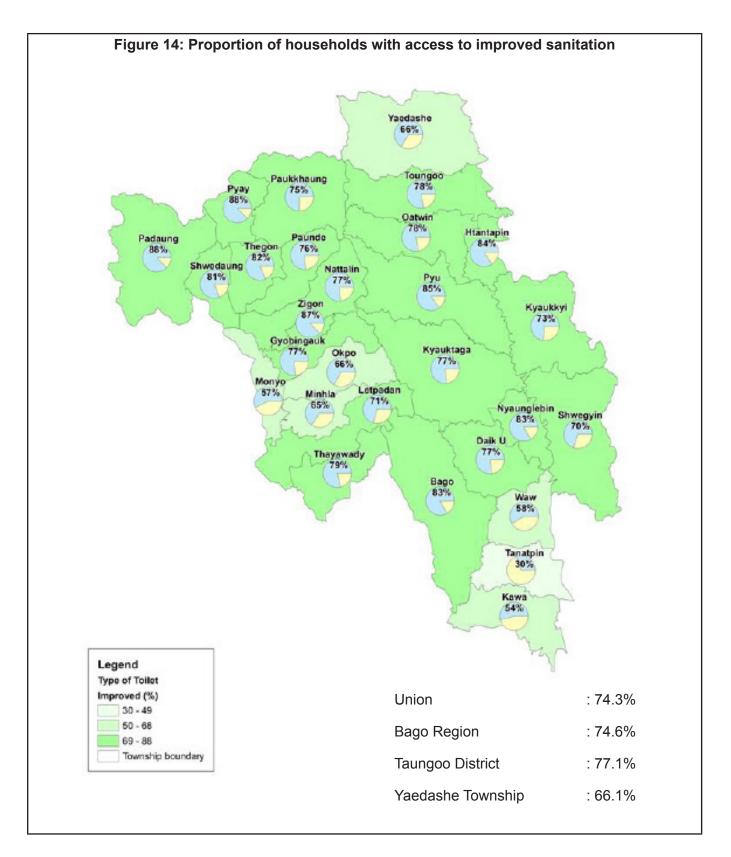
(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

Type of housing unit

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	-	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	50,527	3.3	4.4	5.3	43.6	37.9	3.4	1.6	0.6
Urban	5,955	3.1	13.3	11.7	41.4	29.3	0.6	0.2	0.3
Rural	44,572	3.3	3.2	4.5	43.9	39.0	3.8	1.7	0.6



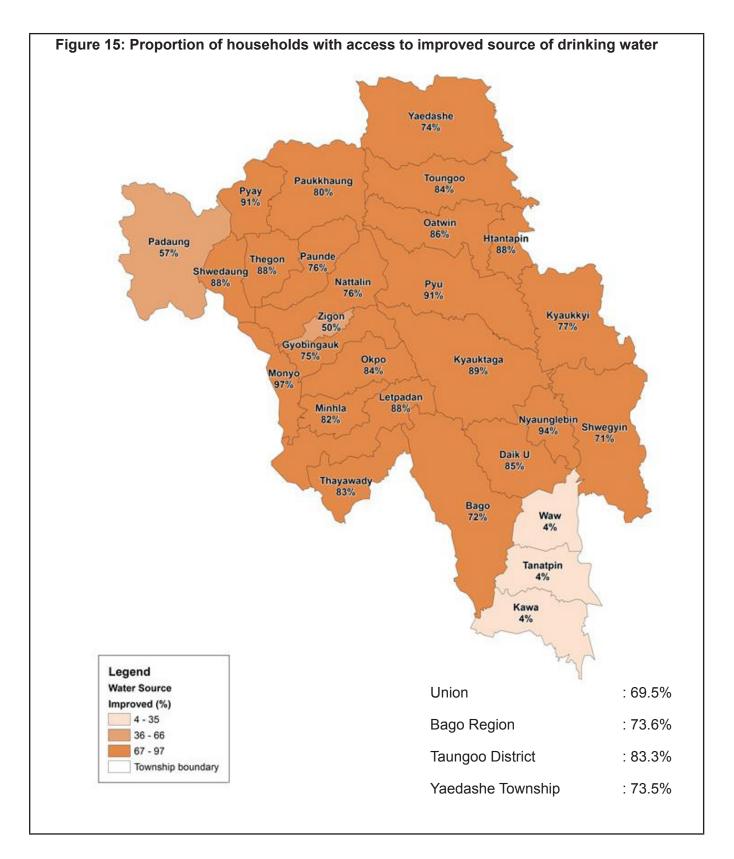
- The majority of the households in Yaedashe Township are living in wooden houses (43.6%) followed by households in bamboo houses (37.9%).
- Some 41.4 per cent of urban households and 43.9 per cent of rural households live in wooden houses.



			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
Туре с	of toilet	Total	Urban	Rural
Flush		1.2	2.0	1.1
Water seal (Imp	roved pit latrine)	64.9	81.4	62.6
Improved sanita	ition	66.1	83.4	63.7
Pit (Traditional p	it latrine)	5.0	11.4	4.1
Bucket (Surface	e latrine)	3.4	0.3	3.8
Other		1.8	0.8	1.9
None		23.7	4.0	26.3
Per cent		100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	Number	50,527	5,955	44,572

Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

- Some 66.1 per cent of the households in Yaedashe Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (1.2%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (64.9%)).
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Bago Region is 74.6 per cent while it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- Some 23.7 per cent of the households in the township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Bago Region is 10.7 per cent.
- In the rural areas of Yaedashe Township, 26.3 per cent of the households have no toilet facilities.



Source of drink	Total	Urban	Rural	
Tap water/ Piped	1.1	1.8	1.0	
Tube well, borehole		44.0	45.9	43.7
Protected well/ Sprir	ng	26.6	27.7	26.4
Bottled water/ Water	r purifier	1.8	2.8	1.7
Total improved drin	73.5	78.2	72.8	
Unprotected well/Sp	11.7	9.2	12.1	
Pool/Pond/ Lake	0.4	0.2	0.4	
River/stream/ canal		7.9	-	9.0
Waterfall/ Rain wate	er	0.3	-	0.3
Other	6.2	12.4	5.4	
Total unimproved d	26.5	21.8	27.2	
Pe	r cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	mber	50,527	5,955	44,572

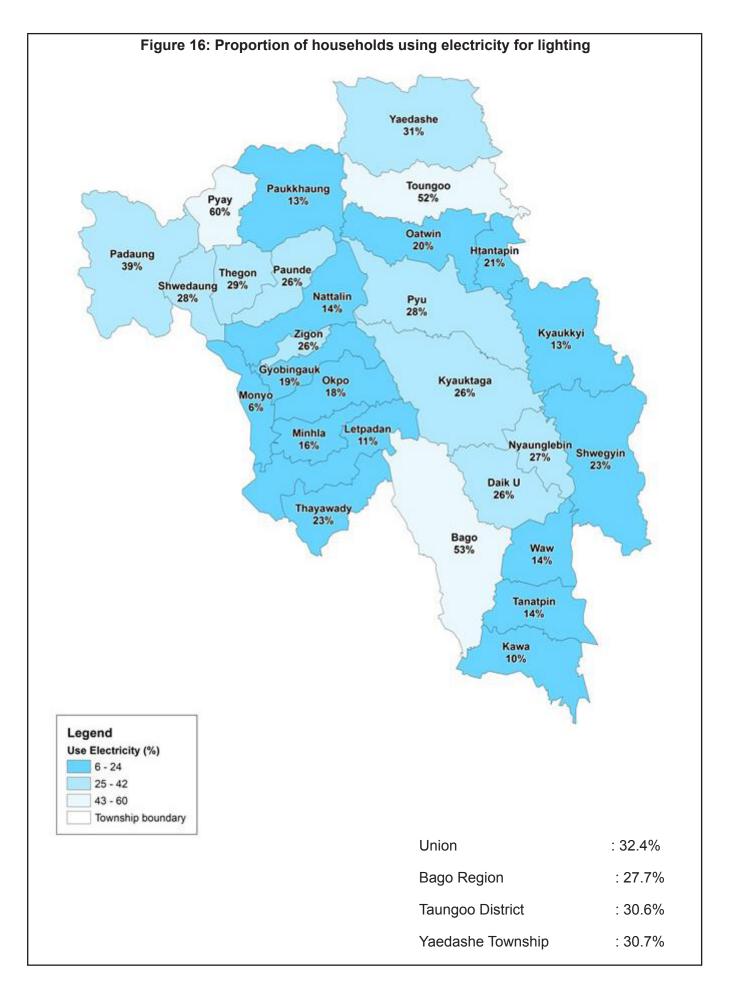
Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

• In Yaedashe Township, 73.5 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).

• Compared to other townships in Bago Region, this proportion of households use improved sources of drinking water is high and it is also higher than the Union average (69.5%).

- Some 44.0 per cent of the households use water from tube well, borehole and 26.6 per cent use water from protected well/spring.
- Some 26.5 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.
- In rural areas, 27.2 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources for drinking water.

Source of lighting

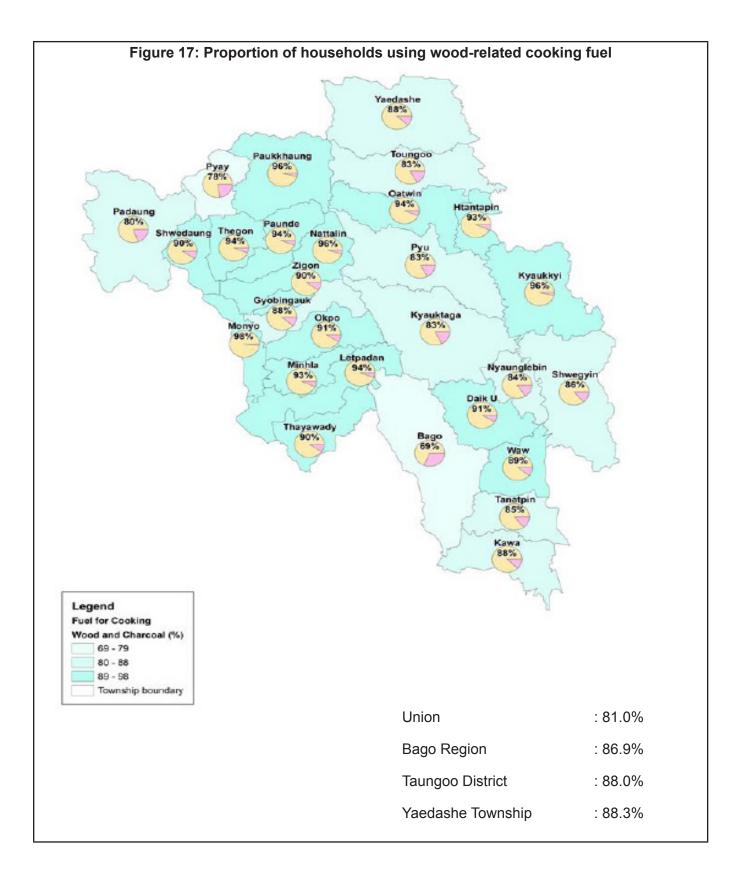


Source of lighting		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		30.7	80.5	24.1
Kerosene		8.2	0.6	9.2
Candle		34.7	13.7	37.6
Battery		9.6	1.6	10.7
Generator (private)		6.5	0.6	7.3
Water mill	(private)	0.2	*	0.2
Solar system/energy		8.2	1.0	9.1
Other		1.9	2.1	1.9
Per cent		100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	Number	50,527	5,955	44,572

Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

- In Yaedashe Township, 30.7 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting. The percentage of households that use electricity in Bago Region is 27.7 per cent.
- The use of candle for lighting is the highest in the township with 34.7 per cent.
- In rural areas, 37.6 per cent of the households mainly use candle for lighting.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.



Type of cooking fuel		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		10.5	30.3	7.9
LPG		*	0.1	*
Kerosene		0.2	*	0.2
BioGas		0.1	0.1	0.1
Firewood		79.1	45.3	83.6
Charcoal		9.2	22.4	7.5
Coal		0.2	0.3	0.1
Other		0.7	1.4	0.6
Per cent Total		100.0	100.0	100.0
i otai	Number	50,527	5,955	44,572

Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

- In Yaedashe Township, households mainly use wood-related fuels for cooking with 79.1 per cent using firewood and 9.2 per cent using charcoal.
- Only 10.5 per cent of households use electricity for cooking.
- Some 83.6 per cent of households in rural areas use firewood and 7.5 per cent use charcoal.

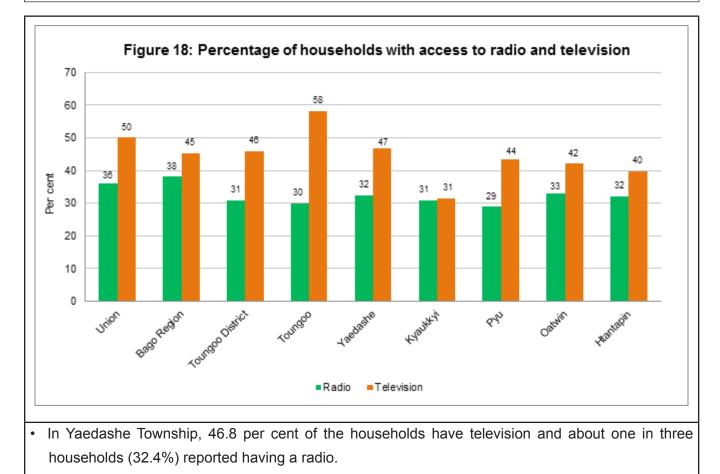
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

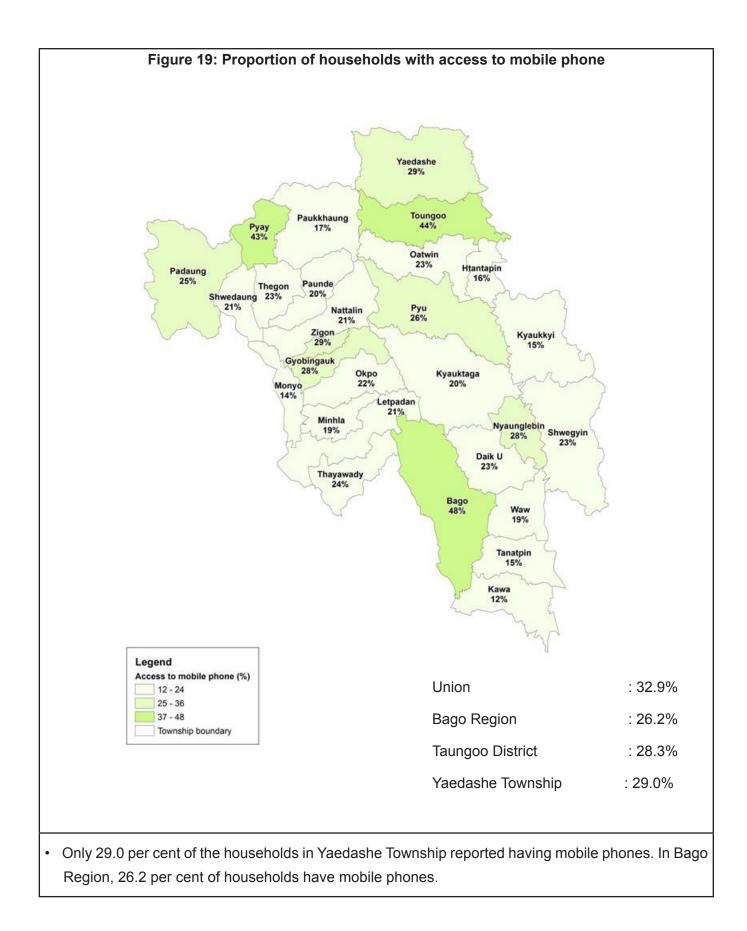
Communication and related amenities

Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban/rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	50,527	32.4	46.8	2.8	29.0	1.1	4.5	32.2	0.1
Urban	5,955	22.3	73.8	8.8	50.9	3.6	11.4	17.6	0.6
Rural	44,572	33.7	43.2	2.0	26.1	0.8	3.6	34.1	0.1

In Yaedashe Township, 46.8 per cent of the households have access to television and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities. Some 73.8 per cent of households in urban areas have access to television, while the proportion for rural areas was 43.2 per cent.





Transportation items

Region/District/Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
Bago Region	1,142,974	13,643	392,159	570,569	21,269	43,982	14,137	315,083
Urban	239,014	8,471	102,697	150,556	3,549	1,817	622	9,721
Rural	903,960	5,172	289,462	420,013	17,720	42,165	13,515	305,362
Toungoo District	249,452	3,311	93,028	116,317	3,925	3,031	780	73,116
Urban	49,525	1,930	23,716	32,216	727	135	48	3,089
Rural	199,927	1,381	69,312	84,101	3,198	2,896	732	70,027
Yaedashe Township	50,527	690	17,629	15,957	465	320	100	13,420
Urban	5,955	244	2,697	3,402	92	-	4	468
Rural	44,572	446	14,932	12,555	373	320	96	12,952

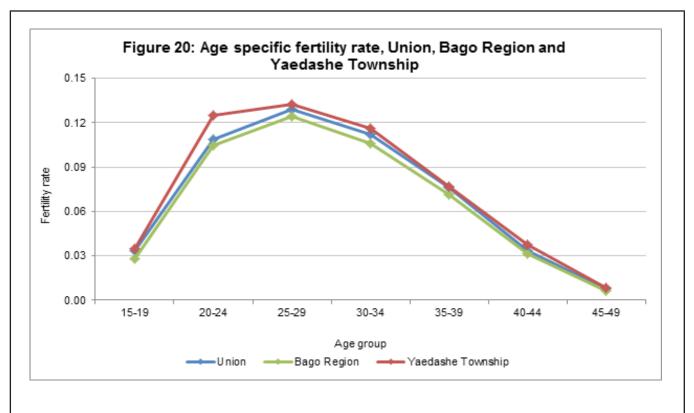
Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

• In Yaedashe Township, 34.9 per cent of the households have motorcycle/moped as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 31.6 per cent of households having bicycle.

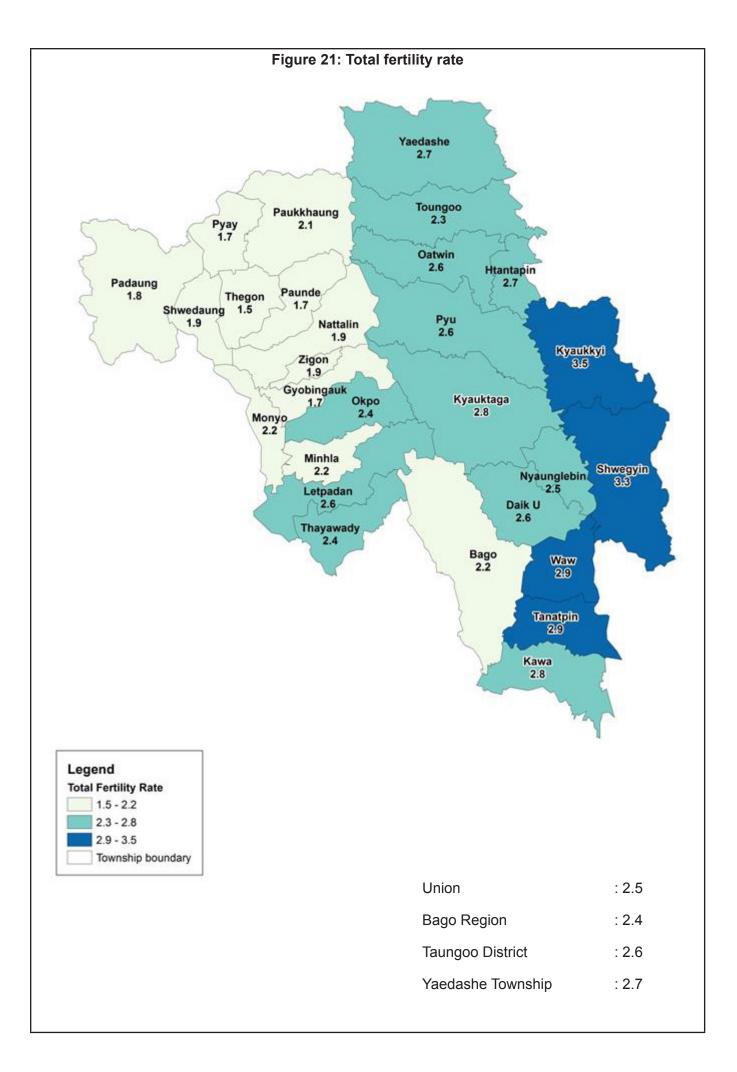
• Analysis by urban/rural residence, the majority of the urban households have bicycle as a means of transport and rural households mainly use motorcycle/moped.

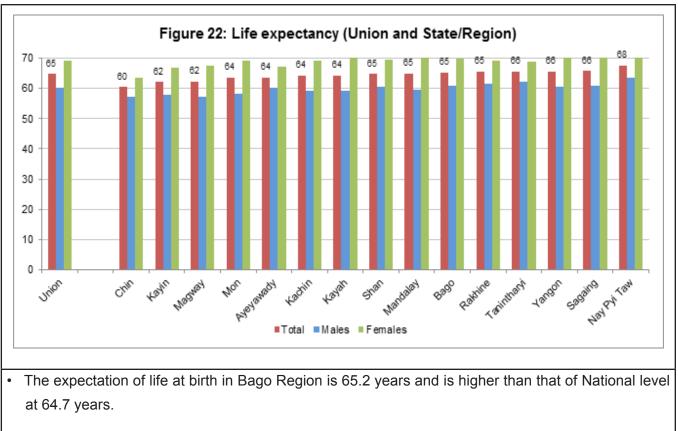
(H) Fertility and Mortality

Fertility

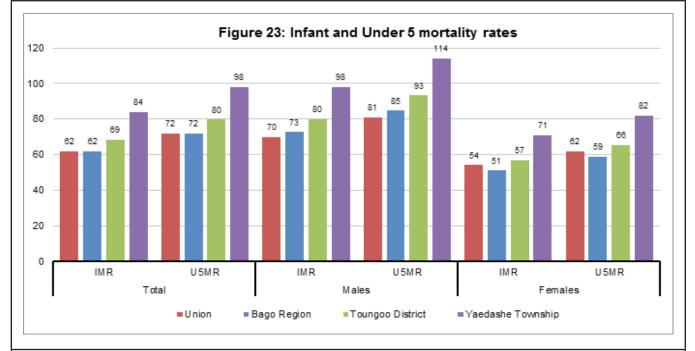


- Age specific fertility rate is the highest at age group 25-29.
- For women aged 15-49, the total fertility rate is 2.7 children per woman and is slightly higher than the total fertility rate of 2.5 at the National level.



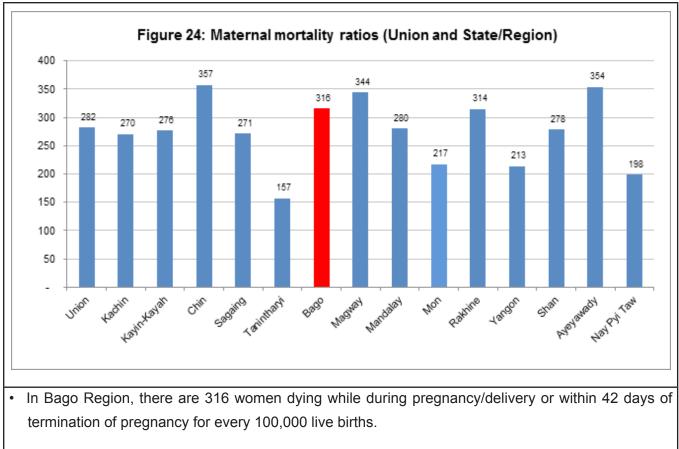


• The female life expectancy at 69.8 years is higher than that of the males at 60.7 years.



Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality

- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Toungoo District are higher than the Union average. The Infant mortality in Toungoo District is 69 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5 mortality is 80 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Yaedashe Township are higher than those in Bago Region and Toungoo District. The Infant mortality in Yaedashe is 84 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 98 per 1,000 live births.



- The maternal mortality ratio in Bago Region is higher than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

Definitions and Concepts

Population: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

Census Night: The night between the 29th and the 30th March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

Rural area: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

Urban area: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

Population Density: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

Mean Household Size: The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

Sex ratio: The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

Dependency ratio: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

Child Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

Old Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

Ageing Index: The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

Median Age: The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

Education: Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

(a) Literacy: The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.

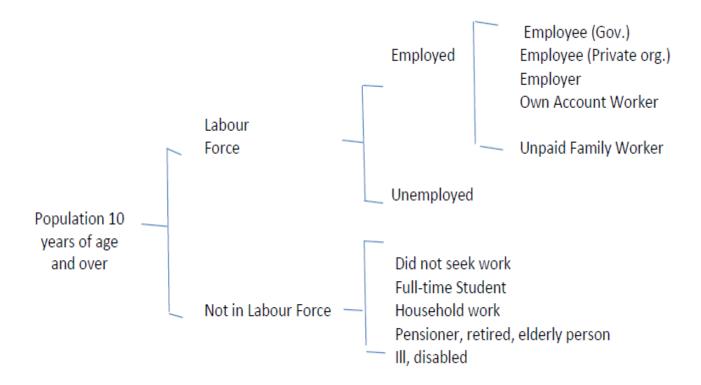
(b) School attendance: The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were: (a) Currently attending; (b) Attended previously; (c) Never attended. (c) Educational Attainment: The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

Disability: Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) Walking difficulty (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) Seeing difficulty (low vision, blind);
- (c) Hearing difficulty (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) **Mental/Intellectual difficulty** (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

Identity card: An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person's personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

Labour Force Status: According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



Labour Force: The Labour force is a general term covering "employed" and "unemployed" persons in the population.

Employed: "Employed" persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit, such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons

working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

Unemployed: "Unemployed" persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

Not in labour force: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

Employment Status: All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) **Employee (Government)**: those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- (b) Employee (Private organisation): those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) **Employer:** persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) **Own account worker:** self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain **and did not have any employees**.
- (e) Unpaid family worker: persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

Labour force participation rate: The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

Labour force
participation rate=Labour force
(Employed + Unemployed)x100Total Population

Unemployment rate: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

Unemployed Unemployment rate = Labour force (Employed + Unemployed) **Employment to population ratio**: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

Employment to	_	Employed	v	100
population ratio	_	Total Population	^	100

Occupation: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

Live Birth: A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

Total fertility rate (TFR): The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

Total fertility rate (TFR) = $5 \sum$ Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR): The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

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The Townships Reports

can be downloaded at :

www.dop.gov.mm

or

http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census

