



USAID CSP ANALYTICS DATABASE

COMMUNITY STRENGTHENING PROJECT

The USAID CSP Analytic Database (<https://www.cspanalytics.com/>) visualizes data made publicly available by the Armed Conflict Location & Event Data (ACLED) Project, a US-based non-profit that aggregates conflict events on a weekly basis from local and international news sources.

The public conflict event dashboard allows users to analyze and filter events in a variety of ways, including by type, date, key actor, and location, all across Myanmar, down to the Township level. Read about [ACLED's Data Methodology](#) to learn more about the dataset. ACLED currently codes six types of events, both violent and non-violent, that may occur during conflict. These include:

1. **Battles.** Violent interactions between two organized armed groups.
2. **Explosions/remote violence.** Once-sided violence events in which the tool for engaging in conflict creates asymmetry by taking away the ability of the target to respond.
3. **Violence against civilians.** Violent events where an organized armed group deliberately inflicts violence upon unarmed noncombatants.
4. **Protests.** A public demonstration against a political entity, government institution, policy, or group in which the participants are not violent.
5. **Riots:** Violent events where demonstrators or mobs engage in disruptive acts or disorganized acts of violence against property or people.
6. **Strategic Development:** Accounts for often non-violent activity by conflict and other agents within the context of the war/dispute. Recruitment, looting, and arrests are included.

The information available on this platform is designed to help inform understanding, analysis, and decision making for local and international actors working across Myanmar.